

# Greenhouse Gas Emissions Assessment Hume SoCal Camp Expansion Project County of San Bernardino, California

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## APPENDIX

### Appendix A: Greenhouse Gas Emissions Modeling Data

**LIST OF ABBREVIATED TERMS**

AB	Assembly Bill
CARB	California Air Resource Board
CCR	California Code of Regulations
CalEEMod	California Emissions Estimator Model
CEQA	California Environmental Quality Act
CALGreen Code	California Green Building Standards Code
CPUC	California Public Utilities Commission
CO <sub>2</sub>	carbon dioxide
CO <sub>2</sub> e	carbon dioxide equivalent
CFC	Chlorofluorocarbon
CPP	Clean Power Plan
cy	cubic yard
FCAA	Federal Clean Air Act
FR	Federal Register
GHG	greenhouse gas
HCFC	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon
HFC	Hydrofluorocarbon
LCFS	Low Carbon Fuel Standard
CH <sub>4</sub>	Methane
MMTCO <sub>2</sub> e	million metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent
MTCO <sub>2</sub> e	metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent
NHTSA	National Highway Traffic Safety Administration
NF <sub>3</sub>	nitrogen trifluoride
N <sub>2</sub> O	nitrous oxide
PFC	Perfluorocarbon
RTP/SCS	Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy
SB	Senate Bill
SCAB	South Coast Air Basin
SCAQMD	South Coast Air Quality Management District
SCAG	Southern California Association of Government
SF	square foot
SF <sub>6</sub>	sulfur hexafluoride
TAC	toxic air contaminants
U.S. EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

# 1 INTRODUCTION

This report documents the results of a Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions Assessment completed for the Hume SoCal Camp Expansion Project (“Project” or “Proposed Project”). The purpose of this GHG Emissions Assessment is to evaluate the potential construction and operational emissions associated with the Project and determine the level of impact the Project would have on the environment.

## 1.1 Project Location and Setting

The Project site is approximately 251 acres located in an unincorporated mountain region of San Bernardino County, along Green Valley Lake Road and approximately 0.4 miles northwest of State Route 18 (SR-18); refer to **Exhibit 1: Regional Location Map**. Surrounding the Project site is the Green Valley Lake Community to the north, the Running Springs to the southwest, and the City of Big Bear to the east, as shown in **Exhibit 2: Local Vicinity Map**.

A portion of the Project site is currently developed with improvements related to the existing Hume SoCal campground facilities. The remaining surrounding areas are vacant and contain forest land. The Project land use designation is Rural Living (RL) per the San Bernardino County General Plan (Countywide Plan). The RL land use area primarily allows for the development of residential development. Typical uses within RL land use areas also include public and quasi-public facilities such as parks, religious facilities and schools. The Project area is also located within the Hilltop Community Plan which allows for larger-scale master planned developments which can include a combination of residential, commercial, and/ or manufacturing activities that maximizes the utilization of natural and human-generated resources in rural areas.

## 1.2 Project Description

The Project involves the expansion of campground uses for the existing Southern California Hume Lake Christian Camp (Hume SoCal) campground to accommodate up to an additional 3,000 occupants. This would be accomplished through the use of existing campground structures as well as the development of additional campground and recreational facilities and uses within a 251-acre area of the Green Valley Lake community, refer to **Exhibit 3: Conceptual Site Plan**. New campground structures proposed for the Project would be developed in five phases.

Each phase of the Project would include the development of expanded infrastructure, additional amenities, support structures, and buildings necessary to accommodate expanded camper capacity as well as paved parking areas and paved access roadways.

Phase 1 of the Project would involve the development of facilities to be used as a Junior High Camp. Proposed residential structures within the Phase 1 area include an expanded welcome center, private administration and guest speaker residences, staff housing, and student dormitories. Phase 1 also includes the development of a gymnasium, bus parking, a snack shop, a chapel, converting an existing chapel to a small meeting space, an expansion to the existing dining hall, a maintenance building, an amphitheater, and restrooms. Outdoor recreation facilities include grass quads. Existing and proposed facilities within Phase 1 would accommodate up to 784 occupants.

Phase 2 of the Project would involve the development of facilities to be used as a High School Camp. Proposed residential structures within the Phase 2 area include staff housing buildings and student dormitories. Phase 2 also includes the development of a large dining hall, gymnasium, a chapel, amphitheater, and restrooms. Outdoor recreation facilities include grass quads, a swimming pool, and a recreation pond. Existing and proposed facilities within Phase 2 would accommodate up to 1,000 occupants.

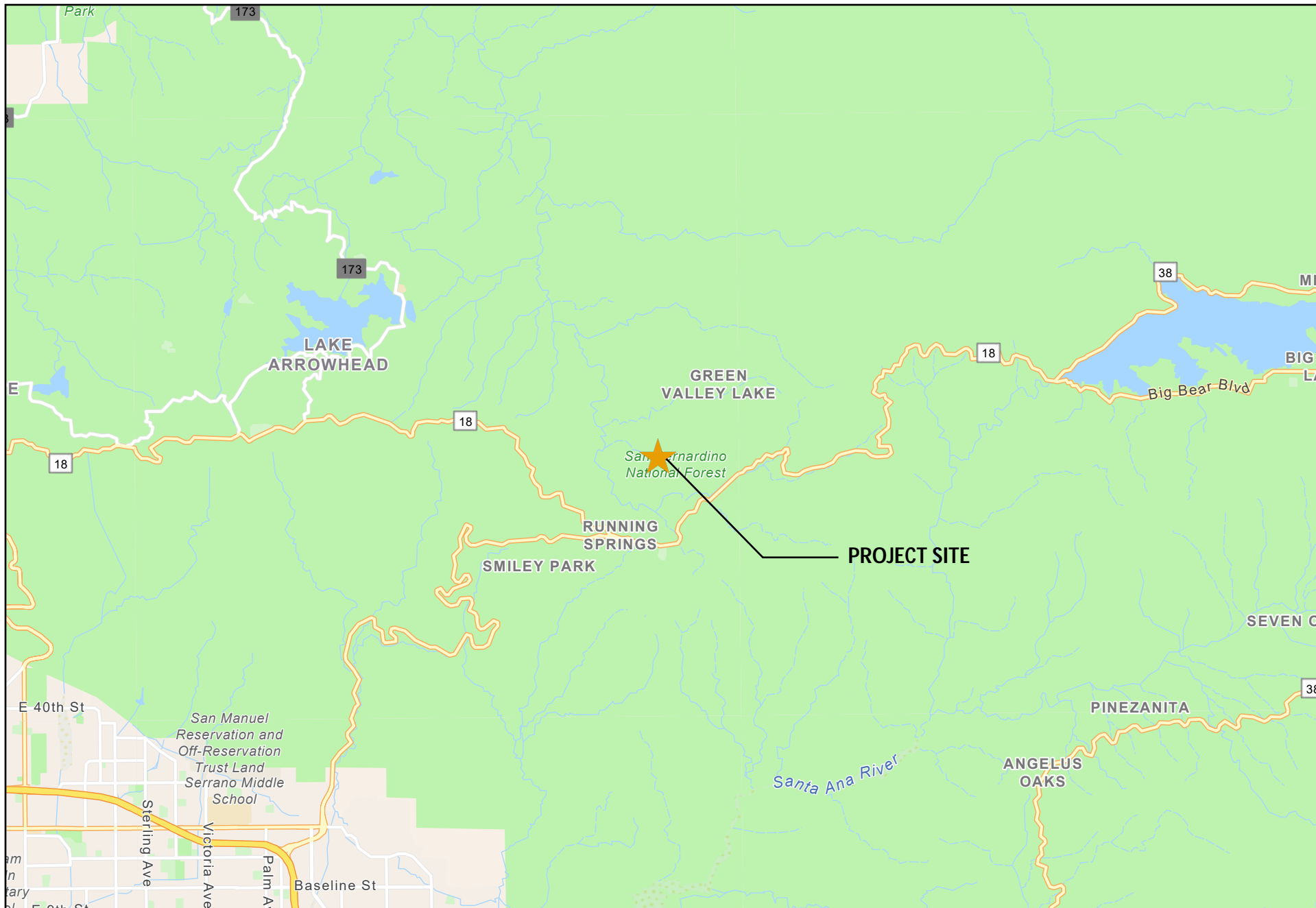
Phase 3 of the Project proposes the development of an Adult Lodge. Phase 3 would include the development of one adult lodge with included access road. Existing and proposed facilities within Phase 3 would accommodate up to 140 occupants.

Phase 4 of the Project would include the development of an Elementary Age Camp and associated facilities. Proposed residential structures within Phase 4 include student yurt tents. Phase 4 also includes the development of restroom facilities with showers and an amphitheater. Outdoor recreation facilities include grass quads, a dining canopy, a swimming pool, and a recreation pond. Existing and proposed facilities within Phase 4 would accommodate up to 500 occupants.

Phase 5 of the Project proposes the creation of a tent-based youth camp, Wildwood Camp. Residential structures proposed for this phase consist of yurt tents. Phase 5 also includes the development of restroom facilities with showers and an amphitheater. Outdoor recreation facilities include grass quads, a dining canopy, a swimming pool, and a recreation pond. Existing and proposed facilities within Phase 5 would accommodate up to 130 occupants.

### **Project Phasing and Construction**

Although the Project is anticipated to be constructed in five phases, to analyze a worst-case scenario, construction modeling assumed all five phases of the Project would be constructed simultaneously and completed within two years, beginning in June 2025 and finishing in June 2027.



## Exhibit 1: Regional Location Map

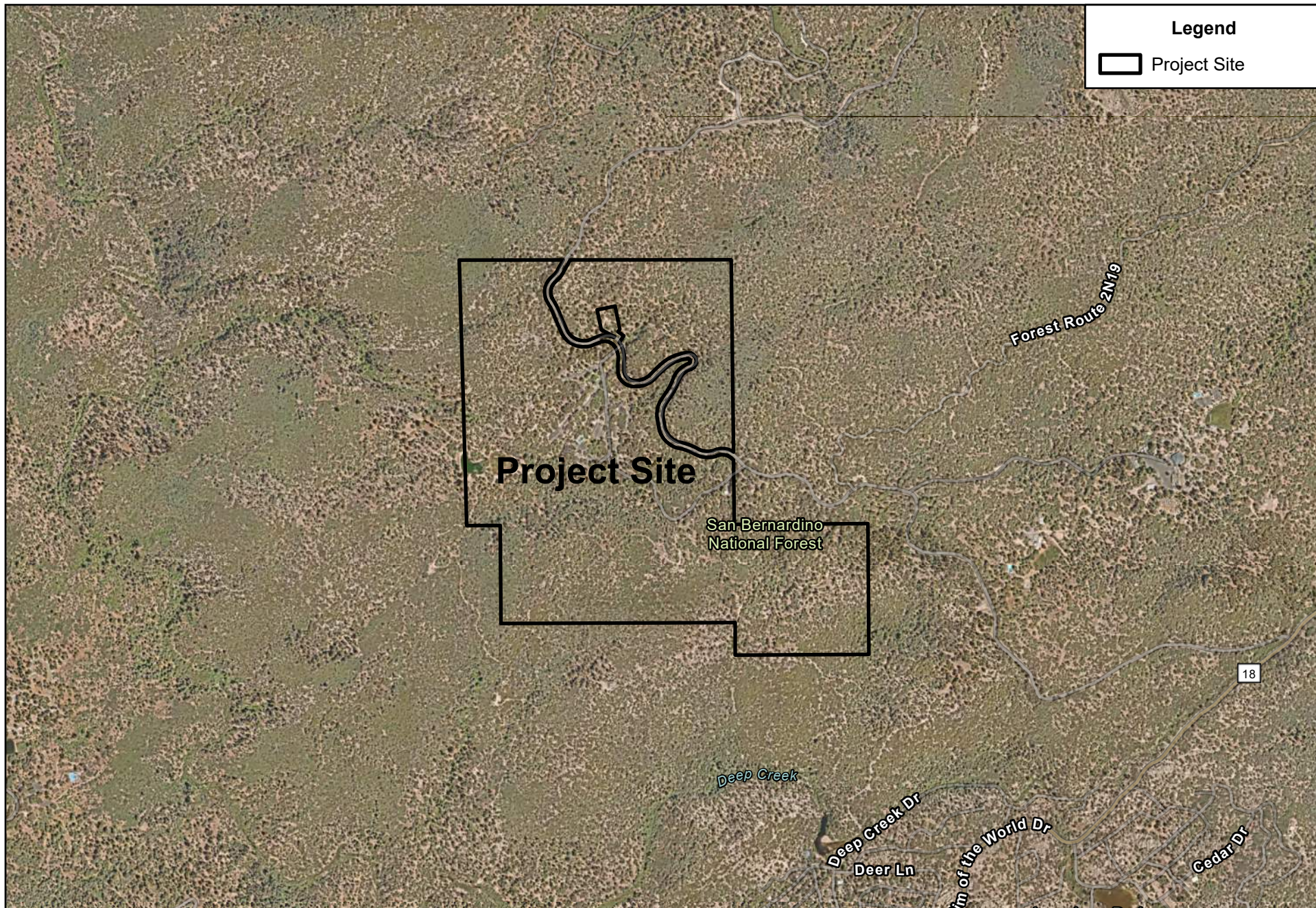
Hume SoCal Campground Expansion Project  
San Bernardino County



Not to scale

Kimley»Horn





Source: Nearmap, 2023.

## Exhibit 2: Local Vicinity Map

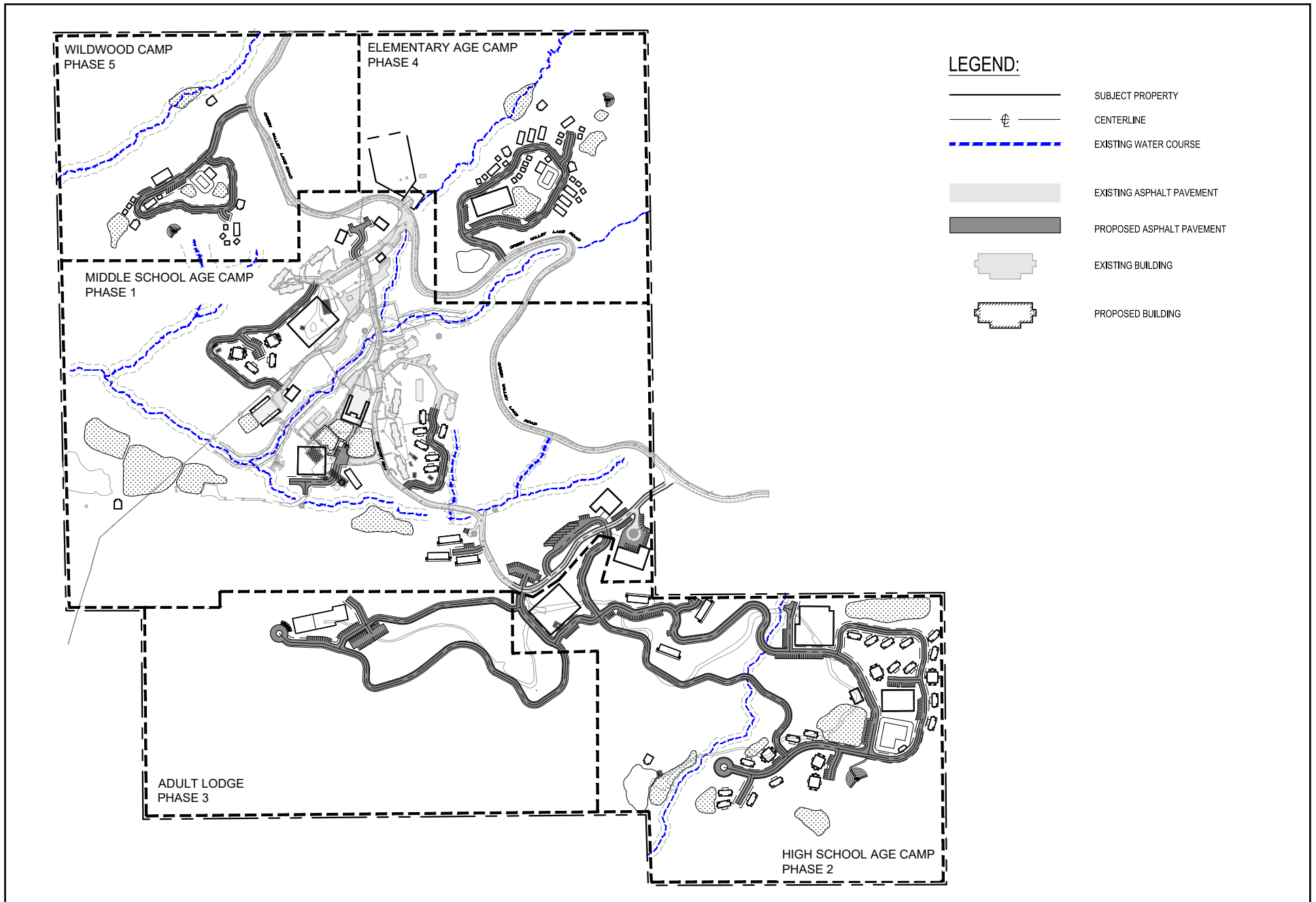
Hume SoCal Campground Expansion Project  
San Bernardino County



Not to scale

Kimley»Horn





Source: Kimley-Horn, 2025.

### Exhibit 3: Conceptual Site Plan

Hume SoCal Campground Expansion Project  
San Bernardino County



Not to scale

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## 2 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

### 2.1 Greenhouse Gases and Climate Change

Certain gases in the earth's atmosphere classified as GHGs, play a critical role in determining the earth's surface temperature. Solar radiation enters the earth's atmosphere from space. A portion of the radiation is absorbed by the earth's surface and a smaller portion of this radiation is reflected back toward space. This absorbed radiation is then emitted from the earth as low-frequency infrared radiation. The frequencies at which bodies emit radiation are proportional to temperature. Because the earth has a much lower temperature than the sun, it emits lower-frequency radiation. Most solar radiation passes through GHGs; however, infrared radiation is absorbed by these gases. As a result, radiation that otherwise would have escaped back into space is instead "trapped," resulting in a warming of the atmosphere. This phenomenon, known as the greenhouse effect, is responsible for maintaining a habitable climate on earth.

The atmospheric impact of GHG is based on the global warming potential (GWP) of that gas. GWP is a measure of the heat trapping ability of one unit of a gas over 100 years relative to one unit of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). The GWP of CO<sub>2</sub> is one while the GWP of N<sub>2</sub>O for example is 273. This number is calculated by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), based on the intensity of infrared absorption by each GHG and how long emissions remain in the atmosphere.<sup>1</sup> The primary GHGs contributing to the greenhouse effect are CO<sub>2</sub>, methane (CH<sub>4</sub>), and nitrous oxide (N<sub>2</sub>O). Fluorinated gases also make up a small fraction of the GHGs that contribute to climate change. Examples of fluorinated gases include chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), sulfur hexafluoride (SF<sub>6</sub>), and nitrogen trifluoride (NF<sub>3</sub>); however, it is noted that these gases are not associated with typical land use development. Human-caused emissions of GHGs exceeding natural ambient concentrations are believed to be responsible for intensifying the greenhouse effect and leading to a trend of unnatural warming of the Earth's climate, known as global climate change or global warming.

GHGs are global pollutants, unlike criteria air pollutants and toxic air contaminants (TACs), which are pollutants of regional and local concern. Whereas pollutants with localized air quality effects have relatively short atmospheric lifetimes (about one day), GHGs have long atmospheric lifetimes (one to several thousand years). GHGs persist in the atmosphere for long enough time periods to be dispersed around the globe. Although the exact lifetime of a GHG molecule is dependent on multiple variables and cannot be pinpointed, more CO<sub>2</sub> is emitted into the atmosphere than is sequestered by ocean uptake, vegetation, or other forms of carbon sequestration. Of the total annual human-caused CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, approximately 55 percent is sequestered through ocean and land uptakes every year, averaged over the last 50 years, whereas the remaining 45 percent of human-caused CO<sub>2</sub> emissions remains stored in the atmosphere.<sup>2</sup> **Table 1: Description of Greenhouse Gases** describes the primary GHGs attributed to global climate change, including their physical properties.

<sup>1</sup> U.S. EPA, *Understanding Global Warming Potentials*. 2023. <https://www.epa.gov/ghgemissions/understanding-global-warming-potentials>

<sup>2</sup> Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, *Carbon and Other Biogeochemical Cycles*. In: *Climate Change 2013: The Physical Science Basis, Contribution of Working Group I to the Fifth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change*, 2013. [http://www.climatechange2013.org/images/report/WG1AR5\\_ALL\\_FINAL.pdf](http://www.climatechange2013.org/images/report/WG1AR5_ALL_FINAL.pdf).

**Table 1: Description of Greenhouse Gases**

Greenhouse Gas	Description
Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )	CO <sub>2</sub> is a colorless, odorless gas that is emitted naturally and through human activities. Natural sources include decomposition of dead organic matter; respiration of bacteria, plants, animals, and fungus; evaporation from oceans; and volcanic outgassing. Anthropogenic sources are from burning coal, oil, natural gas, and wood. The largest source of CO <sub>2</sub> emissions globally is the combustion of fossil fuels such as coal, oil, and gas in power plants, automobiles, and industrial facilities. The atmospheric lifetime of CO <sub>2</sub> is variable because it is readily exchanged in the atmosphere. CO <sub>2</sub> is the most widely emitted GHG and is the reference gas (Global Warming Potential of 1) for determining Global Warming Potentials for other GHGs.
Nitrous Oxide (N <sub>2</sub> O)	N <sub>2</sub> O is largely attributable to agricultural practices and soil management. Primary human-related sources of N <sub>2</sub> O include agricultural soil management, sewage treatment, combustion of fossil fuels, and adipic and nitric acid production. N <sub>2</sub> O is produced from biological sources in soil and water, particularly microbial action in wet tropical forests. The atmospheric lifetime of N <sub>2</sub> O is approximately 120 years. The Global Warming Potential of N <sub>2</sub> O is 273.
Methane (CH <sub>4</sub> )	CH <sub>4</sub> , a highly potent GHG, primarily results from off-gassing (the release of chemicals from nonmetallic substances under ambient or greater pressure conditions) and is largely associated with agricultural practices and landfills. Methane is the major component of natural gas, about 87 percent by volume. Human-related sources include fossil fuel production, animal husbandry, rice cultivation, biomass burning, and waste management. Natural sources of CH <sub>4</sub> include wetlands, gas hydrates, termites, oceans, freshwater bodies, non-wetland soils, and wildfires. The atmospheric lifetime of CH <sub>4</sub> is about 12 years and the Global Warming Potential is 25.
Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs)	HFCs are typically used as refrigerants for both stationary refrigeration and mobile air conditioning. The use of HFCs for cooling and foam blowing is increasing, as the continued phase out of CFCs and HCFCs gains momentum. The 100-year Global Warming Potential of HFCs range from 124 for HFC-152 to 14,800 for HFC-23.
Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)	PFCs have stable molecular structures and only break down by ultraviolet rays about 60 kilometers above Earth's surface. Because of this, they have long lifetimes, between 10,000 and 50,000 years. Two main sources of PFCs are primary aluminum production and semiconductor manufacturing. Global Warming Potentials range from 6,500 to 9,200.
Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs)	CFCs are gases formed synthetically by replacing all hydrogen atoms in methane or ethane with chlorine and/or fluorine atoms. They are nontoxic, nonflammable, insoluble, and chemically unreactive in the troposphere (the level of air at the earth's surface). CFCs were synthesized in 1928 for use as refrigerants, aerosol propellants, and cleaning solvents. The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer prohibited their production in 1987. Global Warming Potentials for CFCs range from 3,800 to 14,400.
Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF <sub>6</sub> )	SF <sub>6</sub> is an inorganic, odorless, colorless, and nontoxic, nonflammable gas. It has a lifetime of 3,200 years. This gas is manmade and used for insulation in electric power transmission equipment, in the magnesium industry, in semiconductor manufacturing, and as a tracer gas. The Global Warming Potential of SF <sub>6</sub> is 23,900.
Hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs)	HCFCs are solvents, similar in use and chemical composition to CFCs. The main uses of HCFCs are for refrigerant products and air conditioning systems. As part of the Montreal Protocol, HCFCs are subject to a consumption cap and gradual phase out. The United States is scheduled to achieve a 100 percent reduction to the cap by 2030. The 100-year Global Warming Potentials of HCFCs range from 90 for HCFC-123 to 1,800 for HCFC-142b.
Nitrogen Trifluoride (NF <sub>3</sub> )	NF <sub>3</sub> was added to Health and Safety Code section 38505(g)(7) as a GHG of concern. This gas is used in electronics manufacture for semiconductors and liquid crystal displays. It has a high global warming potential of 17,200.
Source: Compiled from U.S. EPA, <i>Overview of Greenhouse Gases</i> , April 11, 2018 ( <a href="https://www.epa.gov/ghgemissions/overview-greenhouse-gases">https://www.epa.gov/ghgemissions/overview-greenhouse-gases</a> ); U.S. EPA, <i>Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990-2016</i> , 2018; Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, <i>Climate Change 2007: The Physical Science Basis</i> , 2007; National Research Council, <i>Advancing the Science of Climate Change</i> , 2010; U.S. EPA, <i>Methane and Nitrous Oxide Emission from Natural Sources</i> , April 2010.	

### 3 REGULATORY SETTING

#### 3.1 Federal

To date, national standards have not been established for nationwide GHG reduction targets, nor have any regulations or legislation been enacted specifically to address climate change and GHG emissions reduction at the project level. Various efforts have been promulgated at the federal level to improve fuel economy and energy efficiency to address climate change and its associated effects.

##### **Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007**

The Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (December 2007), among other key measures, requires the following, which would aid in the reduction of national GHG emissions:

- Increase the supply of alternative fuel sources by setting a mandatory Renewable Fuel Standard requiring fuel producers to use at least 36 billion gallons of biofuel in 2022.
- Set a target of 35 miles per gallon for the combined fleet of cars and light trucks by model year 2020 and direct the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) to establish a fuel economy program for medium- and heavy-duty trucks and create a separate fuel economy standard for work trucks.
- Prescribe or revise standards affecting regional efficiency for heating and cooling products and procedures for new or amended standards, energy conservation, energy efficiency labeling for consumer electronic products, residential boiler efficiency, electric motor efficiency, and home appliances.

##### **U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Endangerment Finding**

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (U.S. EPA) authority to regulate GHG emissions stems from the U.S. Supreme Court decision in *Massachusetts v. EPA* (2007). The Supreme Court ruled that GHGs meet the definition of air pollutants under the existing Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA) and must be regulated if these gases could be reasonably anticipated to endanger public health or welfare. Responding to the Court's ruling, the U.S. EPA finalized an endangerment finding in December 2009. Based on scientific evidence it found that six GHGs (CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>O, HFCs, PFCs, and SF<sub>6</sub>) constitute a threat to public health and welfare. Thus, it is the Supreme Court's interpretation of the existing FCAA and the U.S. EPA's assessment of the scientific evidence that form the basis for the U.S. EPA's regulatory actions.

##### **Federal Vehicle Standards**

In response to the U.S. Supreme Court ruling discussed above, Executive Order 13432 was issued in 2007 directing the U.S. EPA, the Department of Transportation, and the Department of Energy to establish regulations that reduce GHG emissions from motor vehicles, non-road vehicles, and non-road engines by 2008. In 2009, the NHTSA issued a final rule regulating fuel efficiency and GHG emissions from cars and light-duty trucks for model year 2011, and in 2010, the U.S. EPA and NHTSA issued a final rule regulating cars and light-duty trucks for model years 2012–2016.

In 2010, an Executive Memorandum was issued directing the Department of Transportation, Department of Energy, U.S. EPA, and NHTSA to establish additional standards regarding fuel efficiency and GHG reduction, clean fuels, and advanced vehicle infrastructure. In response to this directive, the U.S. EPA and NHTSA proposed stringent, coordinated federal GHG and fuel economy standards for model years 2017–2025 light-duty vehicles. The proposed standards projected to achieve 163 grams per mile of CO<sub>2</sub> in model year 2025, on an average industry fleet-wide basis, which is equivalent to 54.5 miles per gallon if this level were achieved solely through fuel efficiency. The final rule was adopted in 2012 for model years 2017–2021, and NHTSA intends to set standards for model years 2022–2025 in a future rulemaking. On January 12, 2017, the U.S. EPA finalized its decision to maintain the current GHG emissions standards for model years 2022–2025 cars and light trucks.

In addition to the regulations applicable to cars and light-duty trucks described above, in 2011, the U.S. EPA and NHTSA announced fuel economy and GHG standards for medium- and heavy-duty trucks for model years 2014–2018. The standards for CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and fuel consumption are tailored to three main vehicle categories: combination tractors, heavy-duty pickup trucks and vans, and vocational vehicles. According to the U.S. EPA, this regulatory program will reduce GHG emissions and fuel consumption for the affected vehicles by 6 to 23 percent over the 2010 baseline.

In August 2016, the U.S. EPA and NHTSA announced the adoption of the phase two program related to the fuel economy and GHG standards for medium- and heavy-duty trucks. The phase two program will apply to vehicles with model year 2018 through 2027 for certain trailers, and model years 2021 through 2027 for semi-trucks, large pickup trucks, vans, and all types and sizes of buses and work trucks. The final standards are expected to lower CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by approximately 1.1 billion metric tons and reduce oil consumption by up to 2 billion barrels over the lifetime of the vehicles sold under the program.<sup>3</sup>

On September 27, 2019, the U.S. EPA and the NHTSA published the “Safer Affordable Fuel-Efficient (SAFE) Vehicles Rule Part One: One National Program.” (84 Fed. Reg. 51,310 (Sept. 27, 2019).)<sup>4</sup> The SAFE Rule (Part One) revoked California’s authority to set its own GHG emissions standards and set zero-emission vehicle mandates in California. On March 31, 2020, the U.S. EPA and NHTSA finalized rulemaking for SAFE Part Two sets CO<sub>2</sub> emissions standards and corporate average fuel economy (CAFE) standards for passenger vehicles and light duty trucks, covering model years 2021-2026. The current U.S. EPA administration has repealed SAFE Rule Part One, effective January 28, 2022, and is reconsidering Part Two.

In December 2021, the U.S. EPA finalized federal GHG emissions standards for passenger cars and light trucks for Model Years 2023 through 2026. These standards are the strongest vehicle emissions standards ever established for the light-duty vehicle sector and are based on sound science and grounded in a rigorous assessment of current and future technologies. The updated standards will result in avoiding more than 3 billion tons of GHG emissions through 2050.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>3</sup> U.S. EPA and NHTSA, *Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Fuel Efficiency Standards for Medium and Heavy-Duty Engines and Vehicles – Phase 2*, 2016. Available at: <https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2016-10-25/pdf/2016-21203.pdf>. Accessed: February 2024.

<sup>4</sup> U.S. EPA and NHTSA, Federal Register, Vol. 84, No. 188, *The Safer Affordable Fuel-Efficient (SAFE) Vehicles Rule Part One: One National Program*, September 27, 2019. Available at: <https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2019-09-27/pdf/2019-20672.pdf>. Accessed: February 2024.

<sup>5</sup> U.S. EPA, *Final Rule to Revise Existing National GHG Emissions Standards for Passenger Cars and Light Trucks Through Model Year 2026*, 2021. Available at: <https://www.epa.gov/regulations-emissions-vehicles-and-engines/final-rule-revise-existing-national-ghg-emissions>. Accessed: February 2024.



## 3.2 State of California

### California Air Resources Board

The California Air Resources Board (CARB) is responsible for the coordination and oversight of State and local air pollution control programs in California. Various statewide and local initiatives to reduce California's contribution to GHG emissions have raised awareness about climate change and its potential for severe long-term adverse environmental, social, and economic effects. California is a significant emitter of CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents (CO<sub>2</sub>e) in the world and produced 369 million metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent (MMTCO<sub>2</sub>e) in 2020.<sup>6</sup> The transportation sector is the State's largest emitter of GHGs, followed by industrial operations such as manufacturing and oil and gas extraction.

The State of California legislature has enacted a series of bills that constitute the most aggressive program to reduce GHGs of any state in the nation. Some legislation, such as the landmark Assembly Bill (AB) 32, *California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006*, was specifically enacted to address GHG emissions. Other legislation, such as Title 24 building efficiency standards and Title 20 appliance energy standards, were originally adopted for other purposes such as energy and water conservation, but also provide GHG reductions. This section describes the legislation's major provisions.

### Assembly Bill 32 (California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006)

AB 32 instructs the CARB to develop and enforce regulations for the reporting and verifying statewide GHG emissions. AB 32 also directed CARB to set a GHG emissions limit based on 1990 levels, to be achieved by 2020. It set a timeline for adopting a scoping plan for achieving GHG reductions in a technologically and economically feasible manner.

### California Air Resource Board Scoping Plan

CARB adopted the Scoping Plan to achieve AB 32 goals. The Scoping Plan establishes an overall framework for the measures that would be adopted to reduce California's GHG emissions. CARB determined that achieving the 1990 emissions level would require a reduction of GHG emissions of approximately 29 percent below what would otherwise occur in 2020 in the absence of new laws and regulations (referred to as "business-as-usual"). The Scoping Plan evaluates opportunities for sector-specific reductions, integrates early actions and additional GHG reduction measures by both CARB and the State's Climate Action Team, identifies additional measures to be pursued as regulations, and outlines the adopted role of a cap-and-trade program. Additional development of these measures and adoption of the appropriate regulations occurred through the end of 2013. Key Scoping Plan elements include:

- Expanding and strengthening existing energy efficiency programs, as well as building and appliance standards.
- Achieving a statewide renewables energy mix of 33 percent by 2020.

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<sup>6</sup> California Air Resources Board, *Current California GHG Emissions Inventory Data, 2000-2020 GHG inventory (2022 Edition)*, <https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/ghg-inventory-data>, accessed December 2022.

- Developing a California cap-and-trade program that links with other programs to create a regional market system and caps sources contributing 85 percent of California's GHG emissions (adopted in 2011).
- Establishing targets for transportation-related GHG emissions for regions throughout California and pursuing policies and incentives to achieve those targets (several sustainable community strategies have been adopted).
- Adopting and implementing measures pursuant to existing State laws and policies, including California's clean car standards, heavy-duty truck measures, the Low Carbon Fuel Standard (amendments to the Pavley Standard adopted 2009; Advanced Clean Car standard adopted 2012), goods movement measures, and the Low Carbon Fuel Standard (adopted 2009).
- Creating targeted fees, including a public goods charge on water use, fees on gasses with high global warming potential, and a fee to fund the administrative costs of the State of California's long-term commitment to AB 32 implementation.
- The California Sustainable Freight Action Plan was developed in 2016 and provides a vision for California's transition to a more efficient, more economically competitive, and less polluting freight transport system. This transition of California's freight transport system is essential to supporting the State's economic development in coming decades while reducing pollution.
- CARB's Mobile Source Strategy demonstrates how the State can simultaneously meet air quality standards, achieve GHG emission reduction targets, decrease health risk from transportation emissions, and reduce petroleum consumption over the next fifteen years. The mobile Source Strategy includes increasing ZEV buses and trucks.

In 2012, CARB released revised estimates of the expected 2020 emissions reductions. The revised analysis relied on emissions projections updated in light of current economic forecasts that accounted for the economic downturn since 2008, reduction measures already approved and put in place relating to future fuel and energy demand, and other factors. This update reduced the projected 2020 emissions from 596 MMTCO<sub>2</sub>e to 545 MMTCO<sub>2</sub>e. The reduction in forecasted 2020 emissions means that the revised business-as-usual reduction necessary to achieve AB 32's goal of reaching 1990 levels by 2020 is now 21.7 percent, down from 29 percent. CARB also provided a lower 2020 inventory forecast that incorporated State-led GHG emissions reduction measures already in place. When this lower forecast is considered, the necessary reduction from business-as-usual needed to achieve the goals of AB 32 is approximately 16 percent.

CARB adopted the first major update to the Scoping Plan on May 22, 2014. The updated Scoping Plan summarizes the most recent science related to climate change, including anticipated impacts to California and the levels of GHG emissions reductions necessary to likely avoid risking irreparable damage. It identifies the actions California has already taken to reduce GHG emissions and focuses on areas where further reductions could be achieved to help meet the 2020 target established by AB 32. By 2016, California had reduced GHG emissions below 1990 levels, achieving AB 32's 2020 goal four years ahead of schedule.

In 2016, the Legislature passed Senate Bill (SB) 32, which codifies a 2030 GHG emissions reduction target of 40 percent below 1990 levels. With SB 32, the Legislature passed companion legislation, AB 197, which provides additional direction for developing the Scoping Plan. On December 14, 2017, CARB adopted a second update to the Scoping Plan.<sup>7</sup> The 2017 Scoping Plan details how the State will reduce GHG emissions to meet the 2030 target set by Executive Order B-30-15 and codified by SB 32. Other objectives listed in the 2017 Scoping Plan are to provide direct GHG emissions reductions; support climate investment in disadvantaged communities; and support other Federal actions.

Adopted December 15, 2022, CARB's *2022 Scoping Plan for Achieving Carbon Neutrality* (2022 Scoping Plan) sets a path to achieve targets for carbon neutrality and reduce anthropogenic GHG emissions by 85 percent below 1990 levels by 2045 in accordance with AB 1279. To achieve the targets of AB 1279, the 2022 Scoping Plan relies on existing and emerging fossil fuel alternatives and clean technologies, as well as carbon capture and storage. Specifically, the 2022 Scoping Plan focuses on zero-emission transportation; phasing out use of fossil gas use for heating homes and buildings; reducing chemical and refrigerants with high global warming potential (GWP); providing communities with sustainable options for walking, biking, and public transit; displacement of fossil-fuel fired electrical generation through use of renewable energy alternatives (e.g., solar arrays and wind turbines); and scaling up new options such as green hydrogen. The 2022 Scoping Plan sets one of the most aggressive approaches to reach carbon neutrality in the world. Unlike the 2017 Scoping Plan, CARB no longer includes a numeric per capita threshold and instead advocates for compliance with a local GHG reduction strategy (i.e., Climate Action Plan) consistent with CEQA Guidelines section 15183.5.

The key elements of the 2022 CARB Scoping Plan focus on transportation. Specifically, the 2022 Scoping Plan aims to rapidly move towards zero-emission transportation (i.e., electrifying cars, buses, trains, and trucks), which constitutes California's single largest source of GHGs. The regulations that impact the transportation sector are adopted and enforced by CARB on vehicle manufacturers and are outside the jurisdiction and control of local governments. The 2022 Scoping Plan accelerates development of new regulations as well as amendments to strengthen regulations and programs already in place.

Included in the 2022 Scoping Plan is a set of Local Actions (2022 Scoping Plan Appendix D) aimed at providing local jurisdictions with tools to reduce GHGs and assist the state in meeting the ambitious targets set forth in the 2022 Scoping Plan. Appendix D to the 2022 Scoping Plan includes a section on evaluating plan-level and project-level alignment with the State's Climate Goals in CEQA GHG analyses. In this section, CARB identifies several recommendations and strategies that should be considered for new development in order to determine consistency with the 2022 Scoping Plan. Notably, this section is focused on Residential and Mixed-Use Projects.<sup>8</sup> CARB specifically states that Appendix D does not address other land uses (e.g., industrial).<sup>9</sup> However, CARB plans to explore new approaches for other land use types in the future.<sup>10</sup>

### **Senate Bill 32 (California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: Emissions Limit)**

Signed into law in September 2016, SB 32 codifies the 2030 GHG reduction target in Executive Order B-30-15 (40 percent below 1990 levels by 2030). The bill authorizes CARB to adopt an interim GHG emissions level target to be achieved by 2030. CARB also must adopt rules and regulations in an open

<sup>7</sup> California Air Resources Board, *California's 2017 Climate Change Scoping Plan*, November 2017.

<sup>8</sup> California Air Resources Board, *2022 Scoping Plan for Achieving Carbon Neutrality, Appendix D: Local Actions*, Page 21, November 2022.

<sup>9</sup> California Air Resources Board, *2022 Scoping Plan for Achieving Carbon Neutrality, Appendix D: Local Actions*, Page 4, November 2022.

<sup>10</sup> California Air Resources Board, *2022 Scoping Plan for Achieving Carbon Neutrality, Appendix D: Local Actions*, Page 21, November 2022.

public process to achieve the maximum, technologically feasible, and cost-effective GHG reductions. With SB 32, the Legislature passed companion legislation, AB 197, which provides additional direction for developing the Scoping Plan.

### **SB 375 (The Sustainable Communities and Climate Protection Act of 2008)**

Signed into law on September 30, 2008, SB 375 provides a process to coordinate land use planning, regional transportation plans, and funding priorities to help California meet AB 32's GHG reduction goals. SB 375 requires metropolitan planning organizations to include sustainable community strategies in their regional transportation plans for reducing GHG emissions, aligns planning for transportation and housing, and creates specified incentives for the implementation of the strategies.

### **AB 1493 (Pavley Regulations and Fuel Efficiency Standards)**

AB 1493, enacted on July 22, 2002, required CARB to develop and adopt regulations that reduce GHGs emitted by passenger vehicles and light duty trucks. Implementation of the regulation was delayed by lawsuits filed by automakers and by the U.S. EPA's denial of an implementation waiver. The U.S. EPA subsequently granted the requested waiver in 2009, which was upheld by the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia in 2011. The regulations establish one set of emission standards for passenger vehicle and light duty truck model years 2009–2016 and a second set of emissions standards for model years 2017 to 2025. By 2025, when all rules will be fully implemented, new passenger vehicles are anticipated to emit 34 percent fewer CO<sub>2e</sub> emissions and 75 percent fewer smog-forming emissions.

### **SB 1368 (Emission Performance Standards)**

SB 1368, which is AB 32's companion bill, directs the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) to adopt a performance standard for GHG emissions for the future power purchases of California utilities. SB 1368 limits carbon emissions associated with electrical energy consumed in California by forbidding procurement arrangements for energy longer than 5 years from resources that exceed the emissions of a relatively clean, combined cycle natural gas power plant. The new law effectively prevents California's utilities from investing in, otherwise financially supporting, or purchasing power from new coal plants located in or out of the State. The CPUC adopted the regulations required by SB 1368 on August 29, 2007. The regulations implementing SB 1368 establish a standard for baseload generation owned by, or under long-term contract to publicly owned utilities, for 1,100 pounds of CO<sub>2</sub> per megawatt-hour.

### **SB 1078 and SBX1-2 (Renewable Electricity Standards)**

SB 1078 (2002) requires California to generate 20 percent of its electricity from renewable energy by 2017. SB 107 (2006) changed the due date to 2010 instead of 2017. On November 17, 2008, Governor Arnold Schwarzenegger signed Executive Order S-14-08, which established a Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) target for California requiring that all retail sellers of electricity serve 33 percent of their load with renewable energy by 2020. Executive Order S-21-09 also directed CARB to adopt a regulation by July 31, 2010, requiring the State's load serving entities to meet a 33 percent renewable energy target by 2020. CARB approved the Renewable Electricity Standard on September 23, 2010 by Resolution 10-23. SBX1-2 (2011) codified the 33 percent by 2020 goal.



**SB 350 (Clean Energy and Pollution Reduction Act of 2015)**

Signed into law on October 7, 2015, SB 350 implements Executive Order B-30-15's goals. The SB 350 objectives are to increase the procurement of electricity from renewable sources from 33 percent to 50 percent (with interim targets of 40 percent by 2024, and 45 percent by 2027) and to double the energy efficiency savings in electricity and natural gas end uses of retail customers through energy efficiency and conservation. SB 350 also reorganizes the Independent System Operator to develop more regional electricity transmission markets and improve accessibility in these markets, which will facilitate the growth of renewable energy markets in the western United States.

**AB 398 (Market-Based Compliance Mechanisms)**

Signed on July 25, 2017, AB 398 extended the duration of the Cap-and-Trade program from 2020 to 2030. AB 398 required CARB to update the Scoping Plan and for all GHG rules and regulations adopted by the State. It also designated CARB as the statewide regulatory body responsible for ensuring that California meets its statewide carbon pollution reduction targets, while retaining local air districts' responsibility and authority to curb toxic air contaminants and criteria pollutants from local sources that severely impact public health. AB 398 also decreased free carbon allowances over 40 percent by 2030 and prioritized Cap-and-Trade spending to various programs including reducing diesel emissions in impacted communities.

**SB 150 (Regional Transportation Plans)**

Signed on October 10, 2017, SB 150 aligns local and regional GHG reduction targets with State targets (i.e., 40 percent below their 1990 levels by 2030). SB 150 creates a process to include communities in discussions on how to monitor their regions' progress on meeting these goals. The bill also requires the CARB to regularly report on that progress, as well as on the successes and the challenges regions experience associated with achieving their targets. SB 150 provides for accounting of climate change efforts and GHG reductions and identify effective reduction strategies.

**SB 100 (California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program: Emissions of Greenhouse Gases)**

Signed into law in September 2018, SB 100 increased California's renewable electricity portfolio from 50 to 60 percent by 2030. SB 100 also established a further goal to have an electric grid that is entirely powered by clean energy by 2045.

**AB 1346 (Air Pollution: Small Off-Road Engines)**

Signed into Law in October 2021, AB 1346 requires CARB, to adopt cost-effective and technologically feasible regulations to prohibit engine exhaust and evaporative emissions from new small off-road engines, consistent with federal law, by July 1, 2022. The bill requires CARB to identify and, to the extent feasible, make available funding for commercial rebates or similar incentive funding as part of any updates to existing applicable funding program guidelines to local air pollution control districts and air quality management districts to implement to support the transition to zero-emission small off-road equipment operations.

**AB 1279 (The California Climate Crisis Act)**

AB 1279 establishes the policy of the state to achieve carbon neutrality as soon as possible, but no later than 2045; to maintain net negative GHG emissions thereafter; and to ensure that by 2045 statewide anthropogenic GHG emissions are reduced at least 85 percent below 1990 levels. The bill requires CARB to ensure that Scoping Plan updates identify and recommend measures to achieve carbon neutrality, and to identify and implement policies and strategies that enable CO<sub>2</sub> removal solutions and carbon capture, utilization, and storage technologies.

**SB 1020 (100 Percent Clean Electric Grid)**

Signed on September 16, 2022, SB 1020 provides additional goals for the path to the 2045 goal of 100 percent clean electricity retail sales. It creates a target of 90 percent clean electricity retail sales by 2035 and 95 percent clean electricity retail sales by 2040.

**SB 905 (Capturing and Removing Carbon Pollution)**

Signed on September 16, 2022, SB 905 establishes regulatory framework and policies that involve carbon removal, carbon capture, utilization, and sequestration. It also prohibits the injecting of concentrated carbon dioxide fluid into a Class II injection well for the purpose of enhanced oil recovery.

**AB 1757 (Nature-Based Solutions)**

Signed on September 16, 2022, AB 1757 requires state agencies to develop a range of targets for natural carbon sequestration and nature-based climate solutions that reduce GHG emissions to meet the 2030, 2038, and 2045 goals which would be integrated into a scoping plan addressing natural and working lands.

**Executive Orders Related to GHG Emissions**

California's Executive Branch has taken several actions to reduce GHGs using executive orders. Although not regulatory, they set the tone for the State and guide the actions of state agencies.

**Executive Order S-3-05.** Executive Order S-3-05 was issued on June 1, 2005, which established the following GHG emissions reduction targets:

- By 2010, reduce GHG emissions to 2000 levels.
- By 2020, reduce GHG emissions to 1990 levels.
- By 2050, reduce GHG emissions to 80 percent below 1990 levels.

The 2050 reduction goal represents what some scientists believe is necessary to reach levels that will stabilize the climate. The 2020 goal was established to be a mid-term target. Because this is an executive order, the goals are not legally enforceable for local governments or the private sector.

**Executive Order S-01-07.** Issued on January 18, 2007, Executive Order S 01-07 mandates that a statewide goal shall be established to reduce the carbon intensity of California's transportation fuels by

at least 10 percent by 2020. The executive order established a Low Carbon Fuel Standard (LCFS) and directed the Secretary for Environmental Protection to coordinate the actions of the California Energy Commission (CEC), CARB, the University of California, and other agencies to develop and propose protocols for measuring the “life-cycle carbon intensity” of transportation fuels. CARB adopted the LCFS on April 23, 2009.

**Executive Order S-13-08.** Issued on November 14, 2008, Executive Order S-13-08 facilitated the California Natural Resources Agency development of the 2009 California Climate Adaptation Strategy. Objectives include analyzing risks of climate change in California, identifying and exploring strategies to adapt to climate change, and specifying a direction for future research.

**Executive Order S-14-08.** Issued on November 17, 2008, Executive Order S-14-08 expands the State’s Renewable Energy Standard to 33 percent renewable power by 2020. Additionally, Executive Order S-21-09 (signed on September 15, 2009) directs CARB to adopt regulations requiring 33 percent of electricity sold in the State come from renewable energy by 2020. CARB adopted the Renewable Electricity Standard on September 23, 2010, which requires 33 percent renewable energy by 2020 for most publicly owned electricity retailers.

**Executive Order S-21-09.** Issued on July 17, 2009, Executive Order S-21-09 directs CARB to adopt regulations to increase California’s RPS to 33 percent by 2020. This builds upon SB 1078 (2002), which established the California RPS program, requiring 20 percent renewable energy by 2017, and SB 107 (2006), which advanced the 20 percent deadline to 2010, a goal which was expanded to 33 percent by 2020 in the 2005 Energy Action Plan II.

**Executive Order B-30-15.** Issued on April 29, 2015, Executive Order B-30-15 established a California GHG reduction target of 40 percent below 1990 levels by 2030 and directs CARB to update the Climate Change Scoping Plan to express the 2030 target in terms of MMTCO<sub>2</sub>e. The 2030 target acts as an interim goal on the way to achieving reductions of 80 percent below 1990 levels by 2050, a goal set by Executive Order S-3-05. The executive order also requires the State’s climate adaptation plan to be updated every three years and for the State to continue its climate change research program, among other provisions. With the enactment of SB 32 in 2016, the Legislature codified the goal of reducing GHG emissions by 2030 to 40 percent below 1990 levels.

**Executive Order B-55-18.** Issued on September 10, 2018, Executive Order B-55-18 establishes a goal to achieve carbon neutrality as soon as possible, and no later than 2045, and achieve and maintain net negative emissions thereafter. This goal is in addition to the existing statewide targets of reducing GHG emissions. The executive order requires CARB to work with relevant state agencies to develop a framework for implementing this goal. It also requires CARB to update the Scoping Plan to identify and recommend measures to achieve carbon neutrality. The executive order also requires state agencies to develop sequestration targets in the Natural and Working Lands Climate Change Implementation Plan.

**Executive Order N-79-20.** Signed in September 2020, Executive Order N-79-20 establishes as a goal that where feasible, all new passenger cars and trucks, as well as all drayage/cargo trucks and off-road vehicles and equipment, sold in California, will be zero-emission by 2035. The executive order sets a similar goal requiring that all medium and heavy-duty vehicles will be zero-emission by 2045 where feasible. It also directs CARB to develop and propose rulemaking for passenger vehicles and trucks, medium-and heavy-duty fleets where feasible, drayage trucks, and off-road vehicles and equipment “requiring increasing volumes” of new zero emission vehicles (ZEVs) “towards the target of 100

percent.” The executive order directs the California Environmental Protection Agency, the California Geologic Energy Management Division, and the California Natural Resources Agency to transition and repurpose oil production facilities with a goal toward meeting carbon neutrality by 2045. Executive Order N-79-20 builds upon the CARB Advanced Clean Trucks regulation, which was adopted by CARB in July 2020.

### California Regulations and Building Codes

California has a long history of adopting regulations to improve energy efficiency in new and remodeled buildings. These regulations have kept California’s energy consumption relatively flat even with rapid population growth.

**Title 20 Appliance Efficiency Regulations.** The appliance efficiency regulations (California Code of Regulations [CCR] Title 20, Sections 1601-1608) include standards for new appliances. Twenty-three categories of appliances are included in the scope of these regulations. These standards include minimum levels of operating efficiency, and other cost-effective measures, to promote the use of energy- and water-efficient appliances.

**Title 24 Building Energy Efficiency Standards.** California’s Energy Efficiency Standards for Residential and Nonresidential Buildings (CCR Title 24, Part 6) was first adopted in 1978 in response to a legislative mandate to reduce California’s energy consumption. The standards are updated periodically to allow consideration and possible incorporation of new energy efficient technologies and methods. Energy efficient buildings require less electricity; therefore, increased energy efficiency reduces fossil fuel consumption and decreases GHG emissions. The California Energy Commission (CEC) adopted the 2022 Energy Code on August 11, 2021, which was subsequently approved by the California Building Standards Commission for inclusion into the California Building Standards Code. The 2022 Title 24 standards will result in less energy use, thereby reducing air pollutant emissions associated with energy consumption across California. For example, the 2022 Title 24 standards require efficient electric heat pumps, establishes electric-ready requirements for new homes, expands solar photovoltaic and battery storage standards, and strengthens ventilation standards.

**Title 24 California Green Building Standards Code.** The California Green Building Standards Code (CCR Title 24, Part 11 code) commonly referred to as the CALGreen Code, is a statewide mandatory construction code developed and adopted by the California Building Standards Commission and the Department of Housing and Community Development. The CALGreen standards require new residential and commercial buildings to comply with mandatory measures under the topics of planning and design, energy efficiency, water efficiency/conservation, material conservation and resource efficiency, and environmental quality. CALGreen also provides voluntary tiers and measures that local governments may adopt that encourage or require additional measures in the five green building topics. Updates to the 2019 CALGreen Code took effect on January 1, 2023 (2022 CALGreen). The 2022 CALGreen standards has improved upon the 2019 standards for new construction of, and additions and alterations to, residential and nonresidential buildings.



### 3.3 Regional

#### South Coast Air Quality Management District Thresholds

The South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) formed a GHG California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Significance Threshold Working Group to provide guidance to local lead agencies on determining significance for GHG emissions in their CEQA documents. This working group was formed to assist SCAQMD's efforts to develop a GHG significance threshold and is composed of a wide variety of stakeholders including the State Office of Planning and Research, CARB, the Attorney General's Office, a variety of city and county planning departments in the SCAB, various utilities such as sanitation and power companies throughout the SCAB, industry groups, and environmental and professional organizations. The Working Group has proposed a tiered approach to evaluating GHG emissions for development projects where SCAQMD is not the lead agency, wherein projects are evaluated sequentially through a series of "tiers" to determine whether the project is likely to result in a potentially significant impact due to GHG emissions.

With the tiered approach, a project is compared against the requirements of each tier sequentially and would not result in a significant impact if it complies with any tier. Tier 1 excludes projects that are specifically exempt from SB 97 from resulting in a significant impact. Tier 2 excludes projects that are consistent with a GHG reduction plan that has a certified final CEQA document and complies with AB 32 GHG reduction goals. Tier 3 excludes projects with annual emissions lower than a screening threshold. The SCAQMD has adopted a threshold of 10,000 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e per year for industrial projects and a 3,000 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e threshold was proposed for non-industrial projects but has not been adopted. During Working Group Meeting #7 it was explained that this threshold was derived using a 90 percent capture rate of a large sampling of industrial facilities. During Meeting #8, the Working Group defined industrial uses as production, manufacturing, and fabrication activities or storage and distribution. The Working Group indicated that the 10,000 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e per year threshold applies to both emissions from construction and operational phases plus indirect emissions (electricity, water use, etc.). The SCAQMD concluded that projects with emissions less than the screening threshold would not result in a significant cumulative impact.

Tier 4 consists of three decision tree options. Under the Tier 4 first option, SCAQMD initially outlined that a project would be excluded if design features and/or mitigation measures resulted in emissions 30 percent lower than business as usual emissions. However, the Working Group did not provide a recommendation for this approach. The Working Group folded the Tier 4 second option into the third option. Under the Tier 4 third option, a project would be excluded if it was below an efficiency-based threshold of 4.8 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e per service population per year. Tier 5 would exclude projects that implement offsite mitigation (GHG reduction projects) or purchase offsets to reduce GHG emission impacts to less than the proposed screening level.

#### *Tier 3 Screening Thresholds*

When the tiered approach is applied to a proposed project, and the project is found not to comply with Tier 1 or Tier 2, the project's emissions are compared against a screening threshold, as described above, for Tier 3. The screening threshold formally adopted by SCAQMD is an "interim" screening threshold for stationary source industrial projects where the SCAQMD is the lead agency under CEQA. The threshold was termed "interim" because, at the time, SCAQMD anticipated that CARB would be adopting a statewide significance threshold that would inform and provide guidance to SCAQMD in its adoption of a

final threshold. However, no statewide threshold was ever adopted, and the interim threshold remains in effect.

For projects for which SCAQMD is not a lead agency, no screening thresholds have been formally adopted. However, the SCAQMD Working Group has recommended a threshold of 10,000 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e/year for industrial projects and 3,000 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e/year for residential and commercial projects. SCAQMD determined that these thresholds would “capture” 90 percent of GHG emissions from these sectors, “capture” meaning that 90 percent of total emissions from all new projects would be subject to some type of CEQA analysis (i.e., found potentially significant).<sup>11</sup>

### **Southern California Association of Governments**

On September 3, 2020, SCAG’s Regional Council adopted Connect SoCal (2024 - 2050 Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy [2024 RTP/SCS]). The RTP/SCS charts a course for closely integrating land use and transportation so that the region can grow smartly and sustainably. The strategy was prepared through a collaborative, continuous, and comprehensive process with input from local governments, county transportation commissions, tribal governments, non-profit organizations, businesses and local stakeholders within the counties of Imperial, Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, and Ventura. The RTP/SCS is a long-range vision plan that balances future mobility and housing needs with economic, environmental, and public health goals. The SCAG region strives toward sustainability through integrated land use and transportation planning. The SCAG region must achieve specific federal air quality standards and is required by state law to lower regional GHG emissions.

## **3.4 Local**

### **County of San Bernardino Regional Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan Update**

San Bernardino County first adopted the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan in September 2011 and an update to the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan was adopted in September 2021. The Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan provides an inventory of GHG emissions within unincorporated areas of the County and establishes GHG emissions reduction targets for unincorporated areas of the County that would comply with the mandate of SB 32 (i.e., 40 percent below 2020 levels by the year 2030).

The Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan also provides guidance on the methodology to be used to analyze the GHG emissions of proposed development projects within unincorporated areas of San Bernardino County, establishes the criteria to be used to determine the significance of the GHG emissions during the CEQA review process, and establishes a list of standard conditions of approval that would be applied to all development projects to reduce County-wide GHG emissions. Related to CEQA review, the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan establishes a two-step for development projects. First, a screening threshold of 3,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent (MTCO<sub>2</sub>e) per year is used to determine if further analysis is required. If a development project were to produce GHG emissions of less than 3,000 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e per year, then that Project would be considered to be a “less than significant” emitter of GHGs that would not prevent the County of achieving the GHG reduction mandate of SB 32. If a development project were to produce more than 3,000 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e per year, then the project is required to either

<sup>11</sup> SCAQMD, “Staff Report: Interim CEQA GHG Significance Threshold for Stationary Sources, Rules and Plans,” December 5, 2008, Attachment E: “Draft Guidance Document – Interim CEQA Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Significance Threshold,” October 2008, p. 3-2.

achieve a minimum of 100 points from the applicable screening tables provided in the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan or provide alternative mitigation that would achieve GHG emissions reductions equivalent to those that would be realized by achieving 100 points from the applicable screening table. Upon achieving at least 100 points from the screening table, or equivalent GHG emissions reductions, the development project would be considered to have a less than significant effect from GHG emissions and would be consistent with the County's GHG emissions reduction target to satisfy SB 32.

### **San Bernardino Countywide Plan (General Plan)**

The Countywide Plan sets forth goals and policies related to GHG emissions. The Natural Resources Element contains goals and policies that work to promote health and wellness of residents in San Bernardino County through improvements in locally generated emissions. The following policies are applicable to the Proposed Project:

**Goal NR-1      Air Quality.** Air quality that promotes health and wellness of residents in San Bernardino County through improvements in locally-generated emissions.

**Policy NR-1.7      Greenhouse gas reduction targets.** We strive to meet the 2040 and 2050 greenhouse gas emission reduction targets in accordance with state law.

**Policy NR-1.9      Building design and upgrades.** We use the CALGreen Code to meet energy efficiency standards for new buildings and encourage the upgrading of existing buildings to incorporate design elements, building materials, and fixtures that improve environmental sustainability and reduce emissions.

### **County of San Bernardino Development Code**

The San Bernardino County Development Code implements the goals and policies of the General Plan by regulating land uses within the unincorporated areas of the County. The development Code contains the following standards for greenhouse gas emissions that would apply to the Project:

#### **§ 84.30.030 GHG Performance Standards.**

All new residential, commercial, industrial, and institutional development shall comply with the development standards provided in Appendix F to the GHG Emissions Reduction Plan.

#### **§ 85.03.040 Environmental Review**

- (c) Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions Review.** All land use applications that are subject to CEQA review shall have the potential impacts of the project's GHG emissions evaluated pursuant to the procedures entitled Review of GHG Emissions, Land Use Service Department Standard Policy/Procedures Manual, Section 9 (Environmental Review Guidelines).

**§ 83.07.020 San Bernardino County Light Trespass Ordinance**

- (h) Promote lighting practices and systems which conserve energy, decrease dependence on fossil fuels and limit greenhouse gas emissions consistent with the California Global Warming Solutions Act and other applicable state and federal laws.



## 4 SIGNIFICANCE CRITERIA AND METHODOLOGY

### 4.1 Thresholds and significant criteria

Based upon the criteria derived from State CEQA Guidelines Appendix G, a project normally would have a significant effect on the environment if it would:

- Generate GHG emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment, based on any applicable threshold of significance; or
- Conflict with any applicable plan, policy or regulation of an agency adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of GHGs.

Addressing GHG emissions generation impacts requires an agency to determine what constitutes a significant impact. The State CEQA Guidelines specifically allow lead agencies to determine thresholds of significance that illustrate the extent of an impact and are a basis from which to apply mitigation measures. This means that each agency is left to determine whether a project's GHG emissions will have a "significant" impact on the environment. The guidelines direct that agencies are to use "careful judgment" and "make a good-faith effort, based to the extent possible on scientific and factual data, to describe, calculate or estimate" the project's GHG emissions.<sup>12</sup>

#### GHG Thresholds

A qualified Climate Action Plan (CAP) meets the requirements in CEQA Guidelines Section 15183.5(b) so that future development projects requiring environmental review under State law can streamline GHG impact analyses by demonstrating consistency with the CAP. San Bernardino County and its 25 Partnership Cities developed its qualified CAP, the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan. The San Bernardino County Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan included a GHG Development Review Process that specifies a two-step approach in quantifying GHG emissions. First, a screening threshold of 3,000 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e/yr is used to determine if additional analysis is required. Projects that exceed the 3,000 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e/yr are required to either achieve a minimum 100 points per the Screening Tables or a 31 percent reduction over 2007 emissions levels. Consistent with CEQA guidelines, such projects would be determined to have a less than significant individual and cumulative impact for GHG emissions.

To show the Project does not conflict with applicable plans to reduce GHG emissions, the Project must demonstrate consistency with CARB's 2022 Scoping Plan, SCAG's RTP/SCS, and the San Bernardino County Regional Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan. Consistency with these plans will demonstrate that the proposed Project will have a less than significant impact on GHG emissions.

### 4.2 Methodology

Global climate change is, by definition, a cumulative impact of GHG emissions. Therefore, there is no project-level analysis. The baseline against which to compare potential impacts of the project includes the natural and anthropogenic drivers of global climate change, including world-wide GHG emissions from human activities which almost doubled between 1970 and 2010 from approximately 27 gigatonnes

<sup>12</sup> 14 California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.4a

(Gt) of CO<sub>2</sub>/year to nearly 49 GtCO<sub>2</sub>/year.<sup>13</sup> As such, the geographic extent of climate change and GHG emissions cumulative impact discussion is worldwide.

The Project's construction and operational emissions were calculated using the California Emissions Estimator Model version 2022.1 (CalEEMod). Details of the modeling assumptions and emission factors are provided in **Appendix A: Greenhouse Gas Emissions Data**.

### Construction

The Project's construction and operational emissions were calculated using the California Emissions Estimator Model version 2022.1.1.20 (CalEEMod). Details of the modeling assumptions and emission factors are provided in Appendix A. For construction, CalEEMod calculates emissions from off-road equipment usage and on-road vehicle travel associated with haul, delivery, and construction worker trips. GHG emissions during construction were forecasted based on the proposed construction schedule and applying the mobile-source and fugitive dust emissions factors derived from CalEEMod. The Project's construction-related GHG emissions would be generated from off-road construction equipment, on-road hauling and vendor (material delivery) trucks, and worker vehicles. The Project's construction is anticipated to occur over a duration of approximately two years, beginning in 2025.

### Operations

The Project's operational GHG emissions would be generated by vehicular traffic, off-road equipment, area sources (e.g., landscaping maintenance, consumer products), electrical generation, natural gas consumption, water supply and wastewater treatment, solid waste, air conditioning, and refrigeration. These emissions categories are discussed below.

- **Area Sources.** Area source emissions occur from architectural coatings, landscaping equipment, and consumer products. Landscaping and consumer products (i.e., personal care products, home, lawn, and garden products, disinfectants, sanitizers, polishes, cosmetics, and floor finishes) would be part of the emissions from area sources. Additionally, the primary emissions from architectural coatings are volatile organic compounds, which are relatively insignificant as direct GHG emissions. Area source emissions for the Project are calculated in CalEEMod based on consumer product use, architectural coatings, and landscape maintenance equipment.
- **Energy Consumption.** Energy consumption consists of emissions from project consumption of electricity and natural gas. Primary uses of electricity and natural gas by the Project would be for space heating and cooling, water heating, ventilation, lighting, appliances, and electronics. Energy emissions are calculated based on consumption rates and emissions factors in CalEEMod.
- **Solid Waste.** Solid waste releases GHG emissions in the form of methane when these materials decompose. Solid waste emissions are calculated based on generation rates and emissions factors in CalEEMod.

<sup>13</sup> Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, *Climate Change 2014 Mitigation of Climate Change Working Group III Contribution to the Fifth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change*, 2014.

- **Water and Wastewater.** Project GHG emissions would be generated from energy consumption associated with water and wastewater conveyance and treatment. No changes were made to the default water usage consumption rates or emissions factors.
- **Refrigerants.** Project refrigerants includes fugitive GHG emissions associated with building air conditioning and refrigeration equipment. Different types of refrigeration equipment are used by different types of land uses. For example, an office may use various types of air conditioning equipment, while a supermarket may use both air conditioning equipment and refrigeration equipment. CalEEMod automatically generates a default air conditioning and refrigeration equipment inventory for each project land use subtype based on industry data from the U.S. EPA.<sup>14</sup>
- **Mobile Sources.** Project-generated vehicle emissions are conservatively based on trip generation rates for Project land uses and are incorporated into CalEEMod as recommended by the SCAQMD. The Project would generate 700 trips per week or a daily average of 100 trips per day. Employee and visitor trip lengths use CalEEMod default lengths for projects located in San Bernardino County. Based on these estimates the Project is anticipated to generate 1,320,729 vehicle miles traveled (VMT) per year.

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<sup>14</sup> U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, *Accounting Tool to Support Federal Reporting of Hydrofluorocarbon Emissions: Supporting Documentation*, October 2016.

## 5 POTENTIAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION

### 5.1 Greenhouse Gas Emissions

**Threshold 5.1** Would the Project generate GHG emissions, either directly or indirectly, that could have a significant impact on the environment?

#### Construction-Related Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Project construction activities would generate direct CO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>O, and CH<sub>4</sub> emissions from construction equipment, transport of materials, and construction workers commuting to and from the Project site. Total GHG emissions generated during all construction phases were combined and are presented in **Table 2: Construction-Related Greenhouse Gas Emissions**.

<b>Table 2: Construction-Related Greenhouse Gas Emissions</b>	
<b>Category</b>	<b>MTCO<sub>2</sub>e</b>
2025 Construction	1,523
2026 Construction	791
2027 Construction	389
<i>Total Construction</i>	<i>2,703</i>
<i>30-Year Amortized Construction</i>	<i>90.1</i>
Source: CalEEMod version 2022.1.1.20. Refer to <a href="#">Appendix A</a> for model outputs.	

As indicated in **Table 2**, the Project would result in the generation of approximately 2,703 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e over the course of construction. Construction GHG emissions are typically summed and amortized over a 30-year period, then added to the operational emissions.<sup>15</sup> The amortized Project construction emissions would be 90.1 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e per year. Once construction is complete, construction-related GHG emissions would cease.

#### Operational Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Operational emissions would occur over the Project's lifetime. GHG emissions would result from direct emissions such as Project generated vehicular traffic, on-site combustion of natural gas, and operation of any landscaping equipment. Operational GHG emissions would also result from indirect sources, such as off-site generation of electrical power, the energy required to convey water to, and wastewater from the Project, the emissions associated with solid waste generated from the Project, and any fugitive refrigerants from air conditioning or refrigerators.

The Project's operational GHG emissions are provided in **Table 3: Project Greenhouse Gas Emissions**. As shown in **Table 3**, the Project would generate approximately 1,939.1 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e annually from both construction and operations.

<sup>15</sup> The amortization period is 30 years per the South Coast Air Quality Management District (South Coast Air Quality Management District, *Minutes for the GHG CEQA Significance Threshold Stakeholder Working Group #13*, August 26, 2009).



<b>Table 3: Project Greenhouse Gas Emissions</b>	
<b>Emissions Source</b>	<b>MTCO<sub>2</sub>e per Year</b>
Construction Amortized Over 30 Years	90.1
Area Source	4.26
Energy	1,123
Mobile	464
Waste	172
Water and Wastewater	41.5
Refrigerants	44.6
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,939.1</b>
<i>County of San Bernardino Screening Threshold</i>	<i>3,000</i>
<b>Exceeds Threshold?</b>	<b>No</b>
Source: CalEEMod version 2022.1.1.20. Refer to <a href="#">Appendix A</a> for model outputs.	

The San Bernardino County Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan employs a GHG Development Review Process that specifies a two-step approach in quantifying GHG emissions. First, a screening threshold of 3,000 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e per year is used to determine if additional analysis is required. Projects that exceed the 3,000 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e per year screening threshold will be required to achieve a minimum 100 points per the Screening Tables or a 31 percent reduction over 2007 emissions levels. Consistent with CEQA guidelines, such projects would be determined to have a less than significant individual and cumulative impact for GHG emissions.

As shown in **Table 3**, the Project would result in approximately 1,939.1 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e per year; which would not exceed the screening threshold of 3,000 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e/yr. As a result, the Project's GHG emissions would be considered less than significant and additional GHG emissions analysis would not be required.

**Mitigation Measures:** No mitigation is required.

**Level of Significance:** Less than significant impact.

## 5.2 Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan Compliance

**Threshold 5.2** Would the Project conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation of an agency adopted for the purpose of reducing GHG emissions?

### County of San Bernardino Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan

As discussed above, the County's GHG Reduction Plan includes a review standard of 3,000 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e per year to identify projects that require the use of Screening Tables or a project-specific technical analysis to quantify and mitigate project emissions. The purpose of the Screening Tables is to provide guidance in measuring the reduction of GHG emissions attributable to certain design and construction measures incorporated into development projects. As noted above, projects that exceed 3,000 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e/year of GHG emissions, the applicant may choose to either utilize the Screening Tables or achieve a 31 percent

reduction over 2007 emissions levels. **Table 3** shows that the Project would not exceed the 3,000 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e per year threshold, therefore the Project would be consistent with the County's GHG emissions reduction plan.

CEQA Guidelines require lead agencies to describe, calculate, or estimate the amount of GHG emissions that would result from a project. CEQA Guidelines (Section 15183.5) also allow individual projects to tier off of a qualified GHG reduction plan. Thus, individual projects do not need to each conduct a GHG analysis to comply with CEQA if they can demonstrate consistency with a qualified plan. Projects in jurisdictions with a qualified plan can be considered less than significant under CEQA if they show consistency with their qualified plan. As such, the additional discussion provided for RTP and CARB Scoping Plan is provided optionally and further demonstrates the project consistency with applicable plan, policy, or regulation of an agency adopted for the purpose of reducing GHG emissions.

### **Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy Consistency**

The 2024 RTP/SCS is a long-range visioning plan that balances future mobility and housing needs with economic, environmental, and public health goals. The RTP/SCS embodies a collective vision for the region's future and is developed with input from local governments, county transportation commissions, tribal governments, nonprofit organizations, businesses, and local stakeholders in the counties of Imperial, Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, and Ventura. SCAG's RTP/SCS establishes GHG emissions goals to reduce GHG emissions in the region by eight percent from 2005 levels by 2020 and by 19 percent by 2035. Connect SoCal is a long-range vision plan that balances future mobility and housing needs with economic, environmental, and public health goals. The 2024 Connect SoCal is supported by a combination of transportation and land use strategies that help the region achieve state GHG emissions reduction goals and FCAA requirements, increased housing production, improved equity and resilience, the preservation of natural lands, improvement of public health, increased transportation safety, support for the region's vital goods movement industries and more efficient use of resources. GHG emissions resulting from land development-related mobile sources are the most potent source of emissions, and therefore project comparison to the 2024 Connect SoCal is an appropriate indicator of whether the project would inhibit the post-2020 GHG reduction goals promulgated by the state. The Project's consistency with the RTP/SCS goals is analyzed in detail in **Table 4: Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy Consistency**.

<b>Table 4: Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy Consistency</b>	
<b>SCAG Goals</b>	<b>Compliance</b>
<b>Mobility: Build and maintain an integrated multimodal transportation network.</b>	
Support investments that are well-maintained and operated, coordinated, resilient and result in improved safety, improved air quality and minimized greenhouse gas emissions	<b>Consistent:</b> This measure is to be taken at the regional level. Project implementation would not conflict with the goal. The project would be constructed in accordance with the Title 24 of the California Building Standards Code, Title 20 of the California Code of Regulations, and CALGreen Code standards.
Ensure that reliable, accessible, affordable, and appealing travel options are readily available, while striving to enhance equity in the offerings in high-need communities	<b>Consistent:</b> This measure is to be taken at the regional level. Project implementation would not conflict with the goal. The Project will use buses to transport approximately 50 student passengers per trip, minimizing the number of vehicles accessing the site and reducing GHG emissions.
Support planning for people of all ages, abilities, and backgrounds	<b>Not Applicable:</b> This is not a project-specific policy and is therefore not applicable.
<b>Communities: Develop, connect, and sustain communities that are livable and thriving</b>	
Create human-centered communities in urban, suburban, and rural settings to increase mobility options and reduce travel distances	<b>Consistent:</b> The Project involves the development of a campground in the San Bernardino Mountains, in a rural area near SR-18. The project will use buses to transport students to the camp, reducing VMT.
Produce and preserve diverse housing types in an effort to improve affordability, accessibility, and opportunities for all households	<b>Not Applicable:</b> The Project involves development of a campground but does not include permanent housing. Therefore, this goal is not applicable.
<b>Environment: Create a healthy region for the people of today and tomorrow</b>	
Develop communities that are resilient and can mitigate, adapt to, and respond to chronic and acute stresses and disruptions, such as climate change	<b>Consistent.</b> The project would be developed in a rural area near SR-18 however the Project will use buses to transport students to the camp, reducing VMT. The project would be constructed in accordance with Title 24 of the California Building Standards Code, Title 20 of the California Code of Regulations, and CALGreen Code standards. In addition, the project would comply with all applicable efficiency requirements. The project thus promotes GHG-reduction strategies by educating students about the benefits of environmental preservation and is well suited to maintaining resiliency against the effects of climate change.
Integrate the region's development pattern and transportation network to improve air quality, reduce greenhouse gas emissions and enable more sustainable use of energy and water	<b>Consistent.</b> Although the project does not include transportation improvements, the Project would use buses to transport students to camp, reducing the number of vehicle trips which would reduce GHG and air quality emissions. The reduction of energy use, improvement of air quality, and promotion of more environmentally sustainable development are encouraged through green design techniques for buildings, and other energy-reducing techniques, such as, compliance with the provisions of the California Building Energy Efficiency Standards and the CALGreen Code.
Conserve the region's resources	<b>Consistent.</b> This Project is a campground located in the mountain area of San Bernardino County. The Project will promote the conservation of natural lands by educating

<b>Table 4: Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy Consistency</b>	
<b>SCAG Goals</b>	<b>Compliance</b>
	students about the benefits of environmental preservation.
<b>Economy: Support a sustainable, efficient, and productive regional economic environment that provides opportunities for all people in the region</b>	
Improve access to jobs and educational resources	<b>Consistent.</b> The expansion of the campground and development of the site would contribute to regional economic prosperity. Therefore, the project location would improve access to job opportunities and would educate students about conservation.
Advance a resilient and efficient goods movement system that supports the economic vitality of the region, attainment of clean air and quality of life for our communities	<b>Consistent:</b> This measure is to be taken at the regional level. Project implementation would not conflict with the goal. As stated above, the project would result in less than significant air quality and health risk impacts.
VMT = vehicle miles traveled; CALGreen = California Green Building Standards; SCAG = Southern California Association of Governments; SCAQMD = South Coast Air Quality Management District; TAC = toxic air contaminant	
Source: Southern California Association of Governments, <i>Connect SoCal (2024 – 2050 Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy)</i> , 2024.	

As presented in Table 4, the project would be consistent with the stated goals of the 2024 Connect SoCal. Therefore, the project would not result in any significant impacts or interfere with SCAG's ability to achieve the region's GHG emission reduction targets. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation is required.

### California Air Resource Board Scoping Plan Consistency

Adopted December 15, 2022, CARB's 2022 Scoping Plan for Achieving Carbon Neutrality (2022 Scoping Plan) sets a path to achieve targets for carbon neutrality and reduce anthropogenic GHG emissions by 85 percent below 1990 levels by 2045 in accordance with AB 1279. To achieve the targets of AB 1279, the 2022 Scoping Plan relies on existing and emerging fossil fuel alternatives and clean technologies, as well as carbon capture and storage. Specifically, the 2022 Scoping Plan focuses on zero-emission transportation; phasing out use of fossil gas use for heating homes and buildings; reducing chemical and refrigerants with high GWP; providing communities with sustainable options for walking, biking, and public transit; displacement of fossil-fuel fired electrical generation through use of renewable energy alternatives (e.g., solar arrays and wind turbines); and scaling up new options such as green hydrogen. The 2022 Scoping Plan sets one of the most aggressive approaches to reach carbon neutrality in the world. Unlike the 2017 Scoping Plan, CARB no longer includes a numeric per capita threshold and instead advocates for compliance with a local GHG reduction strategy (i.e., Climate Action Plan) consistent with CEQA Guidelines Section 15183.5.

The key elements of the 2022 CARB Scoping Plan focus on transportation. Specifically, the 2022 Scoping Plan aims to rapidly move towards zero-emission (ZE) transportation (i.e., electrifying cars, buses, trains, and trucks), which constitutes California's single largest source of GHGs. The regulations that impact the transportation sector are adopted and enforced by CARB on vehicle manufacturers and are outside the jurisdiction and control of local governments. The 2022 Scoping Plan accelerates development of new

regulations as well as amendments to strengthen regulations and programs already in place. Statewide strategies to reduce GHG emissions in the latest 2022 Scoping Plan include:

- Implementing SB 100 (achieve 100 percent clean electricity by 2045);
- Achieving 100 percent zero emission vehicle sales in 2035 through Advanced Clean Cars II; and
- Implementing the Advanced Clean Fleets regulation to deploy zero-emission vehicle (ZEV) buses and trucks.
- Implementing VMT reduction initiatives to achieve a 30 percent VMT reduction below 2019 levels by 2045.

The Scoping Plan notes that efforts to support VMT reduction include coordination across state agencies on affordable housing measures. Fostering more compact, transportation-efficient development in infill areas and increasing transportation choices with the goal of reducing VMT not only reduces demand for transportation fuel but also requires less energy for buildings and helps to conserve natural and working lands that sequester carbon. The multiple and often interwoven actions that reduce VMT both reduce emissions from the transportation sector and support reductions needed in other sectors.

Additional transportation policies include the Off-Road Zero-Emission Targeted Manufacturer rule, Clean Off-Road Fleet Recognition Program, In-use Off-Road Diesel-Fueled Fleets Regulation, Clean Off-Road Fleet Recognition Program, and Amendments to the In-use Off-Road Diesel-Fueled Fleets Regulation. The 2022 Scoping Plan would continue to implement SB 375. GHGs would be further reduced through the Cap-and-Trade Program carbon pricing and SB 905. SB 905 requires CARB to create the Carbon Capture, Removal, Utilization, and Storage Program to evaluate, demonstrate, and regulate carbon dioxide removal projects and technology.

As indicated above, GHG reductions are also achieved as a result of State of California energy and water efficiency requirements for new commercial/retail developments. These efficiency improvements correspond to reductions in secondary GHG emissions. For example, in 2021 approximately 38 percent of the total electricity net generation in California was derived from natural gas combustion. Therefore, energy saving measures, such as Title 24, reduces GHG emissions from the power generation facilities by reducing load demand.

As discussed previously, the County of San Bernardino Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan has adopted a 3,000 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e significance threshold to determine if additional analysis is required. As shown in **Table 3**, the Project would not exceed the threshold and is consistent with the San Bernardino GHG reduction plan. As noted in Scoping Plan Appendix D, consistency with a qualified CAP ensures consistency with the Scoping Plan, therefore the Project is consistent with 2022 Scoping Plan.

The Project would be required to comply with applicable regulatory requirements promulgated through the 2022 Scoping Plan and would not conflict with any applicable actions. As such, the Project would be consistent with the 2022 Scoping Plan.

**Mitigation Measures:** No mitigation is required.

**Level of Significance:** Less than significant impact.



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# Appendix A

## Greenhouse Gas Emissions Data

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# Hume Campground Detailed Report

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## 8. User Changes to Default Data

# 1. Basic Project Information

## 1.1. Basic Project Information

Data Field	Value
Project Name	Hume Campground
Construction Start Date	6/2/2025
Operational Year	2027
Lead Agency	—
Land Use Scale	Project/site
Analysis Level for Defaults	County
Windspeed (m/s)	2.50
Precipitation (days)	11.2
Location	34.225431095364584, -117.09470743545103
County	San Bernardino-South Coast
City	Unincorporated
Air District	South Coast AQMD
Air Basin	South Coast
TAZ	5153
EDFZ	10
Electric Utility	Southern California Edison
Gas Utility	Southern California Gas
App Version	2022.1.1.20

## 1.2. Land Use Types

Land Use Subtype	Size	Unit	Lot Acreage	Building Area (sq ft)	Landscape Area (sq ft)	Special Landscape Area (sq ft)	Population	Description
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Hotel	48.0	Room	3.14	136,966	0.00	0.00	159	Dorms
Health Club	9.38	1000sqft	0.22	9,375	0.00	0.00	—	Multipurpose Rec/Gym
Place of Worship	4.66	1000sqft	0.11	4,662	0.00	0.00	—	Chapels
General Office Building	21.9	1000sqft	0.50	21,940	0.00	0.00	—	Misc Buildings, restrooms
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	106	1000sqft	2.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	platforms for seasonal tents
Other Asphalt Surfaces	216	1000sqft	4.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	roads
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	35.3	1000sqft	0.81	35,264	0.00	0.00	—	Kitchen and Dining
Recreational Swimming Pool	0.61	1000sqft	0.01	606	0.00	0.00	—	Pools
Arena	1.15	1000sqft	0.37	1,152	0.00	0.00	—	Outdoor Amphitheater

### 1.3. User-Selected Emission Reduction Measures by Emissions Sector

Sector	#	Measure Title
Construction	C-5	Use Advanced Engine Tiers

## 2. Emissions Summary

### 2.1. Construction Emissions Compared Against Thresholds

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Un/Mit.	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unmit.	18.0	16.2	141	137	0.40	4.74	39.9	44.6	4.39	16.7	21.0	—	53,752	53,752	4.22	5.46	77.6	55,562

Mit.	6.95	7.25	55.9	143	0.40	0.80	39.9	40.7	0.80	16.7	17.5	—	53,752	53,752	4.22	5.46	77.6	55,562
% Reduced	61%	55%	60%	-4%	—	83%	—	9%	82%	—	17%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unmit.	3.12	6.35	20.6	31.7	0.05	0.82	1.84	2.66	0.76	0.44	1.20	—	6,632	6,632	0.32	0.25	0.24	6,715
Mit.	1.20	4.81	7.21	34.0	0.05	0.12	1.84	1.96	0.12	0.44	0.56	—	6,632	6,632	0.32	0.25	0.24	6,715
% Reduced	62%	24%	65%	-7%	—	85%	—	26%	84%	—	53%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Average Daily (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unmit.	3.48	4.44	26.5	28.7	0.07	0.95	6.49	7.44	0.87	2.72	3.60	—	8,957	8,957	0.63	0.74	5.27	9,198
Mit.	1.24	3.41	9.59	29.9	0.07	0.14	6.49	6.64	0.14	2.72	2.86	—	8,957	8,957	0.63	0.74	5.27	9,198
% Reduced	64%	23%	64%	-4%	—	85%	—	11%	84%	—	20%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Annual (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unmit.	0.64	0.81	4.84	5.25	0.01	0.17	1.19	1.36	0.16	0.50	0.66	—	1,483	1,483	0.10	0.12	0.87	1,523
Mit.	0.23	0.62	1.75	5.45	0.01	0.03	1.19	1.21	0.03	0.50	0.52	—	1,483	1,483	0.10	0.12	0.87	1,523
% Reduced	64%	23%	64%	-4%	—	85%	—	11%	84%	—	20%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Exceeds (Daily Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Threshold	—	75.0	100	550	150	—	—	150	—	—	55.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unmit.	—	No	Yes	No	No	—	—	No	—	—	No	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mit.	—	No	No	No	No	—	—	No	—	—	No	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Exceeds (Average Daily)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Threshold	—	75.0	100	550	150	—	—	150	—	—	55.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unmit.	—	No	No	No	No	—	—	No	—	—	No	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mit.	—	No	No	No	No	—	—	No	—	—	No	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

## 2.2. Construction Emissions by Year, Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Year	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily - Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2025	18.0	16.2	141	137	0.40	4.74	39.9	44.6	4.39	16.7	21.0	—	53,752	53,752	4.22	5.46	77.6	55,562
2026	3.00	6.25	19.4	33.2	0.05	0.74	1.84	2.58	0.68	0.44	1.12	—	6,717	6,717	0.31	0.25	8.34	6,807
2027	2.88	6.15	18.7	32.5	0.05	0.67	1.84	2.51	0.62	0.44	1.06	—	6,665	6,665	0.26	0.24	7.48	6,751
Daily - Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2025	3.12	6.35	20.6	31.7	0.05	0.82	1.84	2.66	0.76	0.44	1.20	—	6,632	6,632	0.32	0.25	0.24	6,715
2026	2.97	6.21	19.5	31.1	0.05	0.74	1.84	2.58	0.68	0.44	1.12	—	6,582	6,582	0.26	0.25	0.22	6,664
2027	2.85	6.12	18.8	30.6	0.05	0.67	1.84	2.51	0.62	0.44	1.06	—	6,533	6,533	0.26	0.24	0.19	6,612
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2025	3.48	4.16	26.5	28.7	0.07	0.95	6.49	7.44	0.87	2.72	3.60	—	8,957	8,957	0.63	0.74	5.27	9,198
2026	2.12	4.44	14.0	22.4	0.03	0.53	1.30	1.83	0.49	0.31	0.80	—	4,716	4,716	0.19	0.18	2.57	4,777
2027	1.01	2.17	6.66	10.9	0.02	0.24	0.65	0.88	0.22	0.16	0.37	—	2,321	2,321	0.09	0.09	1.14	2,350
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2025	0.64	0.76	4.84	5.25	0.01	0.17	1.19	1.36	0.16	0.50	0.66	—	1,483	1,483	0.10	0.12	0.87	1,523
2026	0.39	0.81	2.55	4.10	0.01	0.10	0.24	0.33	0.09	0.06	0.15	—	781	781	0.03	0.03	0.43	791
2027	0.18	0.40	1.22	1.99	< 0.005	0.04	0.12	0.16	0.04	0.03	0.07	—	384	384	0.02	0.01	0.19	389

## 2.3. Construction Emissions by Year, Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Year	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily - Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2025	6.95	7.25	55.9	143	0.40	0.80	39.9	40.7	0.80	16.7	17.5	—	53,752	53,752	4.22	5.46	77.6	55,562
2026	1.20	4.81	6.99	35.5	0.05	0.12	1.84	1.96	0.12	0.44	0.56	—	6,717	6,717	0.31	0.25	8.34	6,807
2027	1.17	4.78	6.89	34.9	0.05	0.12	1.84	1.96	0.12	0.44	0.56	—	6,665	6,665	0.26	0.24	7.48	6,751
Daily - Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2025	1.20	4.81	7.21	34.0	0.05	0.12	1.84	1.96	0.12	0.44	0.56	—	6,632	6,632	0.32	0.25	0.24	6,715
2026	1.17	4.77	7.09	33.4	0.05	0.12	1.84	1.96	0.12	0.44	0.56	—	6,582	6,582	0.26	0.25	0.22	6,664
2027	1.14	4.75	6.99	32.9	0.05	0.12	1.84	1.96	0.12	0.44	0.56	—	6,533	6,533	0.26	0.24	0.19	6,612
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2025	1.24	2.35	9.59	29.9	0.07	0.14	6.49	6.64	0.14	2.72	2.86	—	8,957	8,957	0.63	0.74	5.27	9,198
2026	0.84	3.41	5.11	24.1	0.03	0.09	1.30	1.39	0.08	0.31	0.40	—	4,716	4,716	0.19	0.18	2.57	4,777
2027	0.40	1.68	2.49	11.8	0.02	0.04	0.65	0.69	0.04	0.16	0.20	—	2,321	2,321	0.09	0.09	1.14	2,350
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2025	0.23	0.43	1.75	5.45	0.01	0.03	1.19	1.21	0.03	0.50	0.52	—	1,483	1,483	0.10	0.12	0.87	1,523
2026	0.15	0.62	0.93	4.40	0.01	0.02	0.24	0.25	0.02	0.06	0.07	—	781	781	0.03	0.03	0.43	791
2027	0.07	0.31	0.46	2.15	< 0.005	0.01	0.12	0.13	0.01	0.03	0.04	—	384	384	0.02	0.01	0.19	389

## 2.4. Operations Emissions Compared Against Thresholds

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Un/Mit.	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
---------	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-------	-------	-------	--------	--------	--------	------	-------	------	-----	-----	---	------



Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unmit.	2.56	7.24	3.55	21.2	0.04	0.23	2.57	2.79	0.22	0.65	0.87	329	9,817	10,146	33.7	0.25	279	11,340
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unmit.	0.91	5.72	3.55	10.0	0.04	0.21	2.57	2.78	0.21	0.65	0.86	329	9,594	9,923	33.7	0.25	270	11,109
Average Daily (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unmit.	2.02	6.74	3.62	16.6	0.04	0.22	2.55	2.77	0.22	0.65	0.86	329	9,648	9,977	33.7	0.25	273	11,168
Annual (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unmit.	0.37	1.23	0.66	3.04	0.01	0.04	0.47	0.51	0.04	0.12	0.16	54.5	1,597	1,652	5.58	0.04	45.3	1,849
Exceeds (Daily Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Threshold	—	55.0	55.0	550	150	—	—	150	—	—	55.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unmit.	—	No	No	No	No	—	—	No	—	—	No	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Exceeds (Average Daily)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Threshold	—	55.0	55.0	550	150	—	—	150	—	—	55.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unmit.	—	No	No	No	No	—	—	No	—	—	No	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

## 2.5. Operations Emissions by Sector, Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Sector	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
--------	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-------	-------	-------	--------	--------	--------	------	-------	------	-----	-----	---	------

Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile	0.66	0.55	0.96	10.0	0.03	0.02	2.57	2.58	0.02	0.65	0.67	—	2,918	2,918	0.10	0.12	9.19	2,964
Area	1.62	6.56	0.08	9.11	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.01	—	0.01	—	37.4	37.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	37.6
Energy	0.28	0.14	2.52	2.12	0.02	0.19	—	0.19	0.19	—	0.19	—	6,751	6,751	0.62	0.05	—	6,781
Water	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	32.7	110	143	3.36	0.08	—	251
Waste	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	296	0.00	296	29.6	0.00	—	1,037
Refrig.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	269	269
Total	2.56	7.24	3.55	21.2	0.04	0.23	2.57	2.79	0.22	0.65	0.87	329	9,817	10,146	33.7	0.25	279	11,340
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile	0.63	0.52	1.03	7.93	0.03	0.02	2.57	2.58	0.02	0.65	0.67	—	2,733	2,733	0.10	0.12	0.24	2,771
Area	—	5.06	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Energy	0.28	0.14	2.52	2.12	0.02	0.19	—	0.19	0.19	—	0.19	—	6,751	6,751	0.62	0.05	—	6,781
Water	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	32.7	110	143	3.36	0.08	—	251
Waste	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	296	0.00	296	29.6	0.00	—	1,037
Refrig.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	269	269
Total	0.91	5.72	3.55	10.0	0.04	0.21	2.57	2.78	0.21	0.65	0.86	329	9,594	9,923	33.7	0.25	270	11,109
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile	0.63	0.52	1.05	8.28	0.03	0.02	2.55	2.57	0.02	0.65	0.66	—	2,762	2,762	0.10	0.12	3.97	2,804
Area	1.11	6.09	0.05	6.24	< 0.005	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	25.6	25.6	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	25.7
Energy	0.28	0.14	2.52	2.12	0.02	0.19	—	0.19	0.19	—	0.19	—	6,751	6,751	0.62	0.05	—	6,781
Water	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	32.7	110	143	3.36	0.08	—	251
Waste	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	296	0.00	296	29.6	0.00	—	1,037
Refrig.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	269	269
Total	2.02	6.74	3.62	16.6	0.04	0.22	2.55	2.77	0.22	0.65	0.86	329	9,648	9,977	33.7	0.25	273	11,168

Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile	0.12	0.09	0.19	1.51	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.47	0.47	< 0.005	0.12	0.12	—	457	457	0.02	0.02	0.66	464
Area	0.20	1.11	0.01	1.14	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	4.25	4.25	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	4.26
Energy	0.05	0.03	0.46	0.39	< 0.005	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	—	0.03	—	1,118	1,118	0.10	0.01	—	1,123
Water	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5.41	18.2	23.6	0.56	0.01	—	41.5
Waste	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	49.1	0.00	49.1	4.90	0.00	—	172
Refrig.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	44.6	44.6
Total	0.37	1.23	0.66	3.04	0.01	0.04	0.47	0.51	0.04	0.12	0.16	54.5	1,597	1,652	5.58	0.04	45.3	1,849

## 2.6. Operations Emissions by Sector, Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Sector	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile	0.66	0.55	0.96	10.0	0.03	0.02	2.57	2.58	0.02	0.65	0.67	—	2,918	2,918	0.10	0.12	9.19	2,964
Area	1.62	6.56	0.08	9.11	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.01	—	0.01	—	37.4	37.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	37.6
Energy	0.28	0.14	2.52	2.12	0.02	0.19	—	0.19	0.19	—	0.19	—	6,751	6,751	0.62	0.05	—	6,781
Water	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	32.7	110	143	3.36	0.08	—	251
Waste	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	296	0.00	296	29.6	0.00	—	1,037
Refrig.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	269	269
Total	2.56	7.24	3.55	21.2	0.04	0.23	2.57	2.79	0.22	0.65	0.87	329	9,817	10,146	33.7	0.25	279	11,340
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile	0.63	0.52	1.03	7.93	0.03	0.02	2.57	2.58	0.02	0.65	0.67	—	2,733	2,733	0.10	0.12	0.24	2,771
Area	—	5.06	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Energy	0.28	0.14	2.52	2.12	0.02	0.19	—	0.19	0.19	—	0.19	—	6,751	6,751	0.62	0.05	—	6,781
Water	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	32.7	110	143	3.36	0.08	—	251

Waste	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	296	0.00	296	29.6	0.00	—	1,037
Refrig.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	269	269
Total	0.91	5.72	3.55	10.0	0.04	0.21	2.57	2.78	0.21	0.65	0.86	329	9,594	9,923	33.7	0.25	270	11,109
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile	0.63	0.52	1.05	8.28	0.03	0.02	2.55	2.57	0.02	0.65	0.66	—	2,762	2,762	0.10	0.12	3.97	2,804
Area	1.11	6.09	0.05	6.24	< 0.005	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	25.6	25.6	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	25.7
Energy	0.28	0.14	2.52	2.12	0.02	0.19	—	0.19	0.19	—	0.19	—	6,751	6,751	0.62	0.05	—	6,781
Water	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	32.7	110	143	3.36	0.08	—	251
Waste	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	296	0.00	296	29.6	0.00	—	1,037
Refrig.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	269	269
Total	2.02	6.74	3.62	16.6	0.04	0.22	2.55	2.77	0.22	0.65	0.86	329	9,648	9,977	33.7	0.25	273	11,168
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile	0.12	0.09	0.19	1.51	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.47	0.47	< 0.005	0.12	0.12	—	457	457	0.02	0.02	0.66	464
Area	0.20	1.11	0.01	1.14	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	4.25	4.25	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	4.26
Energy	0.05	0.03	0.46	0.39	< 0.005	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	—	0.03	—	1,118	1,118	0.10	0.01	—	1,123
Water	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5.41	18.2	23.6	0.56	0.01	—	41.5
Waste	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	49.1	0.00	49.1	4.90	0.00	—	172
Refrig.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	44.6	44.6
Total	0.37	1.23	0.66	3.04	0.01	0.04	0.47	0.51	0.04	0.12	0.16	54.5	1,597	1,652	5.58	0.04	45.3	1,849

### 3. Construction Emissions Details

#### 3.1. Demolition (2025) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	2.86	2.40	22.2	19.9	0.03	0.92	—	0.92	0.84	—	0.84	—	3,425	3,425	0.14	0.03	—	3,437
Demolition	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.51	0.43	3.95	3.55	0.01	0.16	—	0.16	0.15	—	0.15	—	610	610	0.02	< 0.005	—	612
Demolition	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.09	0.08	0.72	0.65	< 0.005	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	—	0.03	—	101	101	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	101
Demolition	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.08	0.07	0.07	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	211	211	0.01	0.01	0.78	215
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.01	—	35.0	35.0	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.06	35.5
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	5.79	5.79	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	5.88
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### 3.2. Demolition (2025) - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.36	0.36	4.51	18.2	0.03	0.06	—	0.06	0.06	—	0.06	—	3,425	3,425	0.14	0.03	—	3,437
Demolition	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.06	0.06	0.80	3.24	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	610	610	0.02	< 0.005	—	612
Demolition	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.01	0.01	0.15	0.59	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	101	101	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	101
Demolition	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.08	0.07	0.07	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	211	211	0.01	0.01	0.78	215
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.01	—	35.0	35.0	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.06	35.5
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	5.79	5.79	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	5.88



Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### 3.3. Site Preparation (2025) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	3.94	3.31	31.6	30.2	0.05	1.37	—	1.37	1.26	—	1.26	—	5,295	5,295	0.21	0.04	—	5,314
Dust From Material Movement	—	—	—	—	—	—	19.7	19.7	—	10.1	10.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.70	0.59	5.63	5.37	0.01	0.24	—	0.24	0.22	—	0.22	—	943	943	0.04	0.01	—	946
Dust From Material Movement	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.50	3.50	—	1.80	1.80	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Off-Road Equipment	0.13	0.11	1.03	0.98	< 0.005	0.04	—	0.04	0.04	—	0.04	—	156	156	0.01	< 0.005	—	157
Dust From Material Movement	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.64	0.64	—	0.33	0.33	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.09	0.08	0.08	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.23	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	247	247	0.01	0.01	0.91	250
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.04	0.00	0.01	0.01	—	40.8	40.8	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.07	41.4
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	6.76	6.76	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	6.86
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### 3.4. Site Preparation (2025) - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
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Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.50	0.50	2.59	28.3	0.05	0.10	—	0.10	0.10	—	0.10	—	5,295	5,295	0.21	0.04	—	5,314
Dust From Material Movement	—	—	—	—	—	—	19.7	19.7	—	10.1	10.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.09	0.09	0.46	5.04	0.01	0.02	—	0.02	0.02	—	0.02	—	943	943	0.04	0.01	—	946
Dust From Material Movement	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.50	3.50	—	1.80	1.80	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.02	0.02	0.08	0.92	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	156	156	0.01	< 0.005	—	157
Dust From Material Movement	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.64	0.64	—	0.33	0.33	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.09	0.08	0.08	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.23	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	247	247	0.01	0.01	0.91	250
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.04	0.00	0.01	0.01	—	40.8	40.8	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.07	41.4
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	6.76	6.76	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	6.86
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### 3.5. Grading (2025) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	3.80	3.20	29.7	28.3	0.06	1.23	—	1.23	1.14	—	1.14	—	6,599	6,599	0.27	0.05	—	6,622

Dust From Material Movement	—	—	—	—	—	—	9.39	9.39	—	3.68	3.68	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.46	0.39	3.58	3.41	0.01	0.15	—	0.15	0.14	—	0.14	—	795	795	0.03	0.01	—	798
Dust From Material Movement	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.13	1.13	—	0.44	0.44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.08	0.07	0.65	0.62	< 0.005	0.03	—	0.03	0.02	—	0.02	—	132	132	0.01	< 0.005	—	132
Dust From Material Movement	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.21	0.21	—	0.08	0.08	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.10	0.09	0.09	1.56	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.26	0.00	0.06	0.06	—	282	282	0.01	0.01	1.05	286
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	3.94	0.66	37.1	20.8	0.21	0.39	8.29	8.69	0.39	2.27	2.66	—	30,923	30,923	3.25	5.06	65.7	32,577

Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.01	—	31.6	31.6	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.05	32.0
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.47	0.08	4.72	2.52	0.02	0.05	0.99	1.04	0.05	0.27	0.32	—	3,728	3,728	0.39	0.61	3.43	3,924
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	5.23	5.23	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	5.30
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.09	0.01	0.86	0.46	< 0.005	0.01	0.18	0.19	0.01	0.05	0.06	—	617	617	0.06	0.10	0.57	650

### 3.6. Grading (2025) - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.64	0.64	4.43	35.3	0.06	0.12	—	0.12	0.12	—	0.12	—	6,599	6,599	0.27	0.05	—	6,622
Dust From Material Movement	—	—	—	—	—	—	9.39	9.39	—	3.68	3.68	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.08	0.08	0.53	4.26	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	795	795	0.03	0.01	—	798
Dust From Material Movement	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.13	1.13	—	0.44	0.44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.01	0.01	0.10	0.78	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	132	132	0.01	< 0.005	—	132
Dust From Material Movement	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.21	0.21	—	0.08	0.08	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.10	0.09	0.09	1.56	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.26	0.00	0.06	0.06	—	282	282	0.01	0.01	1.05	286
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	3.94	0.66	37.1	20.8	0.21	0.39	8.29	8.69	0.39	2.27	2.66	—	30,923	30,923	3.25	5.06	65.7	32,577
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.01	—	31.6	31.6	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.05	32.0
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00



Hauling	0.47	0.08	4.72	2.52	0.02	0.05	0.99	1.04	0.05	0.27	0.32	—	3,728	3,728	0.39	0.61	3.43	3,924
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	5.23	5.23	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	5.30
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.09	0.01	0.86	0.46	< 0.005	0.01	0.18	0.19	0.01	0.05	0.06	—	617	617	0.06	0.10	0.57	650

### 3.7. Building Construction (2025) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	1.35	1.13	10.4	13.0	0.02	0.43	—	0.43	0.40	—	0.40	—	2,398	2,398	0.10	0.02	—	2,406
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	1.35	1.13	10.4	13.0	0.02	0.43	—	0.43	0.40	—	0.40	—	2,398	2,398	0.10	0.02	—	2,406
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.56	0.47	4.35	5.44	0.01	0.18	—	0.18	0.17	—	0.17	—	999	999	0.04	0.01	—	1,003
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Off-Road Equipment	0.10	0.09	0.79	0.99	< 0.005	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	—	0.03	—	165	165	0.01	< 0.005	—	166
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.44	0.39	0.38	6.70	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.12	0.00	0.26	0.26	—	1,212	1,212	0.05	0.04	4.49	1,230
Vendor	0.11	0.03	1.18	0.64	0.01	0.02	0.29	0.31	0.02	0.08	0.10	—	1,062	1,062	0.08	0.16	2.99	1,115
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.41	0.37	0.42	5.05	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.12	0.00	0.26	0.26	—	1,111	1,111	0.05	0.04	0.12	1,125
Vendor	0.10	0.03	1.23	0.64	0.01	0.02	0.29	0.31	0.02	0.08	0.10	—	1,062	1,062	0.08	0.16	0.08	1,112
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.17	0.15	0.19	2.22	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.47	0.00	0.11	0.11	—	470	470	0.02	0.02	0.81	476
Vendor	0.04	0.01	0.52	0.26	< 0.005	0.01	0.12	0.13	0.01	0.03	0.04	—	443	443	0.03	0.07	0.54	464
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.41	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.00	0.02	0.02	—	77.7	77.7	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.13	78.8
Vendor	0.01	< 0.005	0.09	0.05	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	0.02	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	—	73.3	73.3	0.01	0.01	0.09	76.8
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### 3.8. Building Construction (2025) - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
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Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.35	0.33	2.82	14.8	0.02	0.08	—	0.08	0.07	—	0.07	—	2,398	2,398	0.10	0.02	—	2,406
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.35	0.33	2.82	14.8	0.02	0.08	—	0.08	0.07	—	0.07	—	2,398	2,398	0.10	0.02	—	2,406
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.15	0.14	1.18	6.18	0.01	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	—	0.03	—	999	999	0.04	0.01	—	1,003
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.03	0.03	0.21	1.13	< 0.005	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	165	165	0.01	< 0.005	—	166
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.44	0.39	0.38	6.70	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.12	0.00	0.26	0.26	—	1,212	1,212	0.05	0.04	4.49	1,230
Vendor	0.11	0.03	1.18	0.64	0.01	0.02	0.29	0.31	0.02	0.08	0.10	—	1,062	1,062	0.08	0.16	2.99	1,115
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.41	0.37	0.42	5.05	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.12	0.00	0.26	0.26	—	1,111	1,111	0.05	0.04	0.12	1,125
Vendor	0.10	0.03	1.23	0.64	0.01	0.02	0.29	0.31	0.02	0.08	0.10	—	1,062	1,062	0.08	0.16	0.08	1,112
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.17	0.15	0.19	2.22	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.47	0.00	0.11	0.11	—	470	470	0.02	0.02	0.81	476
Vendor	0.04	0.01	0.52	0.26	< 0.005	0.01	0.12	0.13	0.01	0.03	0.04	—	443	443	0.03	0.07	0.54	464
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.41	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.00	0.02	0.02	—	77.7	77.7	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.13	78.8
Vendor	0.01	< 0.005	0.09	0.05	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	0.02	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	—	73.3	73.3	0.01	0.01	0.09	76.8
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### 3.9. Building Construction (2026) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	1.28	1.07	9.85	13.0	0.02	0.38	—	0.38	0.35	—	0.35	—	2,397	2,397	0.10	0.02	—	2,405
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Off-Road Equipment	1.28	1.07	9.85	13.0	0.02	0.38	—	0.38	0.35	—	0.35	—	2,397	2,397	0.10	0.02	—	2,405
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.91	0.77	7.04	9.26	0.02	0.27	—	0.27	0.25	—	0.25	—	1,712	1,712	0.07	0.01	—	1,718
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.17	0.14	1.28	1.69	< 0.005	0.05	—	0.05	0.05	—	0.05	—	283	283	0.01	< 0.005	—	284
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.41	0.37	0.34	6.19	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.12	0.00	0.26	0.26	—	1,187	1,187	0.05	0.04	4.06	1,204
Vendor	0.10	0.02	1.13	0.61	0.01	0.02	0.29	0.31	0.02	0.08	0.10	—	1,044	1,044	0.07	0.16	2.76	1,096
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.39	0.35	0.38	4.68	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.12	0.00	0.26	0.26	—	1,088	1,088	0.02	0.04	0.11	1,102
Vendor	0.10	0.02	1.17	0.62	0.01	0.02	0.29	0.31	0.02	0.08	0.10	—	1,044	1,044	0.07	0.16	0.07	1,094
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.28	0.25	0.30	3.51	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.80	0.00	0.19	0.19	—	788	788	0.01	0.03	1.25	799
Vendor	0.07	0.01	0.84	0.44	0.01	0.01	0.21	0.22	0.01	0.06	0.07	—	746	746	0.05	0.11	0.85	782

Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.03	0.03	—	131	131	< 0.005	0.01	0.21	132
Vendor	0.01	< 0.005	0.15	0.08	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.04	0.04	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	—	123	123	0.01	0.02	0.14	130
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### 3.10. Building Construction (2026) - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.35	0.33	2.82	14.8	0.02	0.07	—	0.07	0.07	—	0.07	—	2,397	2,397	0.10	0.02	—	2,405
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.35	0.33	2.82	14.8	0.02	0.07	—	0.07	0.07	—	0.07	—	2,397	2,397	0.10	0.02	—	2,405
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.25	0.23	2.01	10.6	0.02	0.05	—	0.05	0.05	—	0.05	—	1,712	1,712	0.07	0.01	—	1,718
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Off-Road Equipment	0.05	0.04	0.37	1.93	< 0.005	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	283	283	0.01	< 0.005	—	284
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.41	0.37	0.34	6.19	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.12	0.00	0.26	0.26	—	1,187	1,187	0.05	0.04	4.06	1,204
Vendor	0.10	0.02	1.13	0.61	0.01	0.02	0.29	0.31	0.02	0.08	0.10	—	1,044	1,044	0.07	0.16	2.76	1,096
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.39	0.35	0.38	4.68	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.12	0.00	0.26	0.26	—	1,088	1,088	0.02	0.04	0.11	1,102
Vendor	0.10	0.02	1.17	0.62	0.01	0.02	0.29	0.31	0.02	0.08	0.10	—	1,044	1,044	0.07	0.16	0.07	1,094
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.28	0.25	0.30	3.51	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.80	0.00	0.19	0.19	—	788	788	0.01	0.03	1.25	799
Vendor	0.07	0.01	0.84	0.44	0.01	0.01	0.21	0.22	0.01	0.06	0.07	—	746	746	0.05	0.11	0.85	782
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.03	0.03	—	131	131	< 0.005	0.01	0.21	132
Vendor	0.01	< 0.005	0.15	0.08	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.04	0.04	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	—	123	123	0.01	0.02	0.14	130
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### 3.11. Building Construction (2027) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
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Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	1.23	1.03	9.39	12.9	0.02	0.34	—	0.34	0.31	—	0.31	—	2,397	2,397	0.10	0.02	—	2,405
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	1.23	1.03	9.39	12.9	0.02	0.34	—	0.34	0.31	—	0.31	—	2,397	2,397	0.10	0.02	—	2,405
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.44	0.36	3.33	4.58	0.01	0.12	—	0.12	0.11	—	0.11	—	849	849	0.03	0.01	—	852
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.08	0.07	0.61	0.84	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.02	—	0.02	—	141	141	0.01	< 0.005	—	141
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.40	0.35	0.30	5.76	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.12	0.00	0.26	0.26	—	1,163	1,163	0.01	0.04	3.66	1,179
Vendor	0.10	0.02	1.08	0.59	0.01	0.02	0.29	0.31	0.02	0.08	0.10	—	1,024	1,024	0.07	0.15	2.46	1,074
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.37	0.33	0.34	4.34	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.12	0.00	0.26	0.26	—	1,067	1,067	0.02	0.04	0.09	1,079
Vendor	0.09	0.02	1.13	0.59	0.01	0.02	0.29	0.31	0.02	0.08	0.10	—	1,025	1,025	0.07	0.15	0.06	1,072
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.13	0.12	0.13	1.61	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.40	0.00	0.09	0.09	—	383	383	0.01	0.01	0.56	388
Vendor	0.03	0.01	0.40	0.21	< 0.005	0.01	0.10	0.11	0.01	0.03	0.03	—	363	363	0.03	0.05	0.38	380
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.00	0.02	0.02	—	63.4	63.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.09	64.3
Vendor	0.01	< 0.005	0.07	0.04	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	0.02	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	—	60.1	60.1	< 0.005	0.01	0.06	62.9
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### 3.12. Building Construction (2027) - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.35	0.33	2.82	14.8	0.02	0.07	—	0.07	0.07	—	0.07	—	2,397	2,397	0.10	0.02	—	2,405
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Off-Road Equipment	0.35	0.33	2.82	14.8	0.02	0.07	—	0.07	0.07	—	0.07	—	2,397	2,397	0.10	0.02	—	2,405
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.12	0.12	1.00	5.25	0.01	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	—	0.03	—	849	849	0.03	0.01	—	852
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.02	0.02	0.18	0.96	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	141	141	0.01	< 0.005	—	141
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.40	0.35	0.30	5.76	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.12	0.00	0.26	0.26	—	1,163	1,163	0.01	0.04	3.66	1,179
Vendor	0.10	0.02	1.08	0.59	0.01	0.02	0.29	0.31	0.02	0.08	0.10	—	1,024	1,024	0.07	0.15	2.46	1,074
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.37	0.33	0.34	4.34	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.12	0.00	0.26	0.26	—	1,067	1,067	0.02	0.04	0.09	1,079
Vendor	0.09	0.02	1.13	0.59	0.01	0.02	0.29	0.31	0.02	0.08	0.10	—	1,025	1,025	0.07	0.15	0.06	1,072
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.13	0.12	0.13	1.61	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.40	0.00	0.09	0.09	—	383	383	0.01	0.01	0.56	388
Vendor	0.03	0.01	0.40	0.21	< 0.005	0.01	0.10	0.11	0.01	0.03	0.03	—	363	363	0.03	0.05	0.38	380

Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.00	0.02	0.02	—	63.4	63.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.09	64.3
Vendor	0.01	< 0.005	0.07	0.04	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	0.02	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	—	60.1	60.1	< 0.005	0.01	0.06	62.9
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### 3.13. Paving (2025) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.95	0.80	7.45	9.98	0.01	0.35	—	0.35	0.32	—	0.32	—	1,511	1,511	0.06	0.01	—	1,517
Paving	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.95	0.80	7.45	9.98	0.01	0.35	—	0.35	0.32	—	0.32	—	1,511	1,511	0.06	0.01	—	1,517
Paving	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.40	0.33	3.11	4.16	0.01	0.15	—	0.15	0.13	—	0.13	—	630	630	0.03	0.01	—	632
Paving	—	0.01	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.07	0.06	0.57	0.76	< 0.005	0.03	—	0.03	0.02	—	0.02	—	104	104	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	105
Paving	—	< 0.005	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.08	0.07	0.07	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	211	211	0.01	0.01	0.78	215
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	194	194	0.01	0.01	0.02	196
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.00	0.02	0.02	—	81.9	81.9	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.14	83.1
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.01	< 0.005	0.01	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	13.6	13.6	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	13.8
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

## 3.14. Paving (2025) - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.16	0.16	1.93	10.6	0.01	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	—	0.03	—	1,511	1,511	0.06	0.01	—	1,517
Paving	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.16	0.16	1.93	10.6	0.01	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	—	0.03	—	1,511	1,511	0.06	0.01	—	1,517
Paving	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.07	0.07	0.81	4.42	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	630	630	0.03	0.01	—	632
Paving	—	0.01	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.01	0.01	0.15	0.81	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	104	104	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	105
Paving	—	< 0.005	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.08	0.07	0.07	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	211	211	0.01	0.01	0.78	215
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	194	194	0.01	0.01	0.02	196
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.00	0.02	0.02	—	81.9	81.9	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.14	83.1
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.01	< 0.005	0.01	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	13.6	13.6	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	13.8
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### 3.15. Paving (2026) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.91	0.76	7.12	9.94	0.01	0.32	—	0.32	0.29	—	0.29	—	1,511	1,511	0.06	0.01	—	1,516
Paving	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.91	0.76	7.12	9.94	0.01	0.32	—	0.32	0.29	—	0.29	—	1,511	1,511	0.06	0.01	—	1,516
Paving	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.65	0.54	5.08	7.10	0.01	0.23	—	0.23	0.21	—	0.21	—	1,079	1,079	0.04	0.01	—	1,083
Paving	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.12	0.10	0.93	1.30	< 0.005	0.04	—	0.04	0.04	—	0.04	—	179	179	0.01	< 0.005	—	179
Paving	—	< 0.005	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—



Worker	0.07	0.06	0.06	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	207	207	0.01	0.01	0.71	210
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	190	190	< 0.005	0.01	0.02	192
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.03	0.03	—	138	138	< 0.005	0.01	0.22	139
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.01	—	22.8	22.8	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.04	23.1
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### 3.16. Paving (2026) - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.16	0.16	1.93	10.6	0.01	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	—	0.03	—	1,511	1,511	0.06	0.01	—	1,516
Paving	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.16	0.16	1.93	10.6	0.01	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	—	0.03	—	1,511	1,511	0.06	0.01	—	1,516
Paving	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.11	0.11	1.38	7.57	0.01	0.02	—	0.02	0.02	—	0.02	—	1,079	1,079	0.04	0.01	—	1,083
Paving	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.02	0.02	0.25	1.38	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	179	179	0.01	< 0.005	—	179
Paving	—	< 0.005	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.07	0.06	0.06	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	207	207	0.01	0.01	0.71	210
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Worker	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	190	190	< 0.005	0.01	0.02	192
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.03	0.03	—	138	138	< 0.005	0.01	0.22	139
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.01	—	22.8	22.8	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.04	23.1
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### 3.17. Paving (2027) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.88	0.74	6.94	9.95	0.01	0.30	—	0.30	0.27	—	0.27	—	1,511	1,511	0.06	0.01	—	1,516
Paving	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.88	0.74	6.94	9.95	0.01	0.30	—	0.30	0.27	—	0.27	—	1,511	1,511	0.06	0.01	—	1,516

Paving	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.31	0.26	2.46	3.53	< 0.005	0.11	—	0.11	0.10	—	0.10	—	535	535	0.02	< 0.005	—	537
Paving	—	0.01	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.06	0.05	0.45	0.64	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.02	—	0.02	—	88.6	88.6	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	88.9
Paving	—	< 0.005	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.07	0.06	0.05	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	203	203	< 0.005	0.01	0.64	206
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	186	186	< 0.005	0.01	0.02	188
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.00	0.02	0.02	—	66.8	66.8	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.10	67.7

Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	11.1	11.1	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	11.2
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### 3.18. Paving (2027) - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.16	0.16	1.93	10.6	0.01	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	—	0.03	—	1,511	1,511	0.06	0.01	—	1,516
Paving	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.16	0.16	1.93	10.6	0.01	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	—	0.03	—	1,511	1,511	0.06	0.01	—	1,516
Paving	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.06	0.06	0.68	3.75	< 0.005	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	535	535	0.02	< 0.005	—	537

Paving	—	0.01	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.01	0.01	0.12	0.69	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	88.6	88.6	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	88.9
Paving	—	< 0.005	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.07	0.06	0.05	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	203	203	< 0.005	0.01	0.64	206
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	186	186	< 0.005	0.01	0.02	188
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.00	0.02	0.02	—	66.8	66.8	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.10	67.7
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	11.1	11.1	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	11.2
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
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### 3.19. Architectural Coating (2025) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.15	0.13	0.88	1.14	< 0.005	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	—	0.03	—	134	134	0.01	< 0.005	—	134
Architect ural Coatings	—	3.74	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.15	0.13	0.88	1.14	< 0.005	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	—	0.03	—	134	134	0.01	< 0.005	—	134
Architect ural Coatings	—	3.74	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.06	0.05	0.37	0.48	< 0.005	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	55.7	55.7	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	55.8
Architect ural Coatings	—	1.56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.01	0.01	0.07	0.09	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	9.21	9.21	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	9.25
Architectural Coatings	—	0.28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.09	0.08	0.08	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	242	242	0.01	0.01	0.90	246
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.08	0.07	0.08	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	222	222	0.01	0.01	0.02	225
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.09	0.00	0.02	0.02	—	93.9	93.9	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.16	95.2
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	15.5	15.5	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.03	15.8
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00



Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
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### 3.20. Architectural Coating (2025) - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.02	0.02	0.65	0.96	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	134	134	0.01	< 0.005	—	134
Architect ural Coatings	—	3.74	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.02	0.02	0.65	0.96	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	134	134	0.01	< 0.005	—	134
Architect ural Coatings	—	3.74	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.01	0.01	0.27	0.40	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	55.7	55.7	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	55.8
Architect ural Coatings	—	1.56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.05	0.07	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	9.21	9.21	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	9.25
Architectural Coatings	—	0.28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.09	0.08	0.08	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	242	242	0.01	0.01	0.90	246
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.08	0.07	0.08	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	222	222	0.01	0.01	0.02	225
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.09	0.00	0.02	0.02	—	93.9	93.9	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.16	95.2
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	15.5	15.5	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.03	15.8
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
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### 3.21. Architectural Coating (2026) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.15	0.12	0.86	1.13	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.02	—	0.02	—	134	134	0.01	< 0.005	—	134
Architect ural Coatings	—	3.74	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.15	0.12	0.86	1.13	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.02	—	0.02	—	134	134	0.01	< 0.005	—	134
Architect ural Coatings	—	3.74	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.10	0.09	0.61	0.81	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.02	—	0.02	—	95.4	95.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	95.7
Architect ural Coatings	—	2.67	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.02	0.02	0.11	0.15	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	15.8	15.8	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	15.8
Architectural Coatings	—	0.49	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.08	0.07	0.07	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	237	237	0.01	0.01	0.81	241
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.08	0.07	0.08	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	218	218	< 0.005	0.01	0.02	220
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.04	0.04	—	158	158	< 0.005	0.01	0.25	160
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.01	—	26.1	26.1	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.04	26.5
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
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### 3.22. Architectural Coating (2026) - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.02	0.02	0.65	0.96	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	134	134	0.01	< 0.005	—	134
Architect ural Coatings	—	3.74	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.02	0.02	0.65	0.96	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	134	134	0.01	< 0.005	—	134
Architect ural Coatings	—	3.74	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.02	0.02	0.46	0.69	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	95.4	95.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	95.7
Architect ural Coatings	—	2.67	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.08	0.13	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	15.8	15.8	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	15.8
Architectural Coatings	—	0.49	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.08	0.07	0.07	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	237	237	0.01	0.01	0.81	241
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.08	0.07	0.08	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	218	218	< 0.005	0.01	0.02	220
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.04	0.04	—	158	158	< 0.005	0.01	0.25	160
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.01	—	26.1	26.1	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.04	26.5
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
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### 3.23. Architectural Coating (2027) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.14	0.11	0.83	1.13	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.02	—	0.02	—	134	134	0.01	< 0.005	—	134
Architect ural Coatings	—	3.74	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.14	0.11	0.83	1.13	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.02	—	0.02	—	134	134	0.01	< 0.005	—	134
Architect ural Coatings	—	3.74	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.05	0.04	0.29	0.40	< 0.005	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	47.3	47.3	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	47.5
Architect ural Coatings	—	1.32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.07	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	7.83	7.83	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	7.86
Architectural Coatings	—	0.24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.08	0.07	0.06	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	233	233	< 0.005	0.01	0.73	236
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	213	213	< 0.005	0.01	0.02	216
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.00	0.02	0.02	—	76.6	76.6	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.11	77.6
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	12.7	12.7	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	12.9
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00



Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
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### 3.24. Architectural Coating (2027) - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Location	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.02	0.02	0.65	0.96	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	134	134	0.01	< 0.005	—	134
Architect ural Coatings	—	3.74	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.02	0.02	0.65	0.96	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	134	134	0.01	< 0.005	—	134
Architect ural Coatings	—	3.74	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	0.01	0.01	0.23	0.34	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	47.3	47.3	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	47.5
Architect ural Coatings	—	1.32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Off-Road Equipment	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.04	0.06	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	7.83	7.83	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	7.86
Architectural Coatings	—	0.24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.08	0.07	0.06	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	233	233	< 0.005	0.01	0.73	236
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.05	0.05	—	213	213	< 0.005	0.01	0.02	216
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.00	0.02	0.02	—	76.6	76.6	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.11	77.6
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	12.7	12.7	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	12.9
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
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## 4. Operations Emissions Details

### 4.1. Mobile Emissions by Land Use

#### 4.1.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Land Use	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	0.66	0.55	0.96	10.0	0.03	0.02	2.57	2.58	0.02	0.65	0.67	—	2,918	2,918	0.10	0.12	9.19	2,964
Health Club	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Place of Worship	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
General Office Building	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Recreati onal Swimmin Pool	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Arena	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	0.66	0.55	0.96	10.0	0.03	0.02	2.57	2.58	0.02	0.65	0.67	—	2,918	2,918	0.10	0.12	9.19	2,964
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	0.63	0.52	1.03	7.93	0.03	0.02	2.57	2.58	0.02	0.65	0.67	—	2,733	2,733	0.10	0.12	0.24	2,771
Health Club	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Place of Worship	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
General Office Building	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurart)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Recreati onal Swimmin g Pool	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Arena	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	0.63	0.52	1.03	7.93	0.03	0.02	2.57	2.58	0.02	0.65	0.67	—	2,733	2,733	0.10	0.12	0.24	2,771
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Hotel	0.12	0.09	0.19	1.51	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.47	0.47	< 0.005	0.12	0.12	—	457	457	0.02	0.02	0.66	464
Health Club	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Place of Worship	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
General Office Building	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Recreational Swimming Pool	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Arena	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	0.12	0.09	0.19	1.51	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.47	0.47	< 0.005	0.12	0.12	—	457	457	0.02	0.02	0.66	464

#### 4.1.2. Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Land Use	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	0.66	0.55	0.96	10.0	0.03	0.02	2.57	2.58	0.02	0.65	0.67	—	2,918	2,918	0.10	0.12	9.19	2,964

Health Club	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Place of Worship	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
General Office Building	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Recreational Swimming Pool	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Arena	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	0.66	0.55	0.96	10.0	0.03	0.02	2.57	2.58	0.02	0.65	0.67	—	2,918	2,918	0.10	0.12	9.19	2,964
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	0.63	0.52	1.03	7.93	0.03	0.02	2.57	2.58	0.02	0.65	0.67	—	2,733	2,733	0.10	0.12	0.24	2,771
Health Club	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Place of Worship	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
General Office Building	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Recreational Swimming Pool	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Arena	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	0.63	0.52	1.03	7.93	0.03	0.02	2.57	2.58	0.02	0.65	0.67	—	2,733	2,733	0.10	0.12	0.24	2,771
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	0.12	0.09	0.19	1.51	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.47	0.47	< 0.005	0.12	0.12	—	457	457	0.02	0.02	0.66	464
Health Club	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Place of Worship	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
General Office Building	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Recreational Swimming Pool	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Arena	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	0.12	0.09	0.19	1.51	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.47	0.47	< 0.005	0.12	0.12	—	457	457	0.02	0.02	0.66	464

## 4.2. Energy

### 4.2.1. Electricity Emissions By Land Use - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Land Use	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,073	2,073	0.20	0.02	—	2,085
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	84.8	84.8	0.01	< 0.005	—	85.3
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	42.2	42.2	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	42.4
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	363	363	0.03	< 0.005	—	365
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,173	1,173	0.11	0.01	—	1,180



Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10.4	10.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	10.5
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,746	3,746	0.36	0.04	—	3,768
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,073	2,073	0.20	0.02	—	2,085
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	84.8	84.8	0.01	< 0.005	—	85.3
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	42.2	42.2	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	42.4
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	363	363	0.03	< 0.005	—	365
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,173	1,173	0.11	0.01	—	1,180
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10.4	10.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	10.5
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,746	3,746	0.36	0.04	—	3,768
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	343	343	0.03	< 0.005	—	345

Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14.0	14.0	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	14.1
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6.98	6.98	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	7.02
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	60.1	60.1	0.01	< 0.005	—	60.5
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	194	194	0.02	< 0.005	—	195
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.73	1.73	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	1.74
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	620	620	0.06	0.01	—	624

#### 4.2.2. Electricity Emissions By Land Use - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Land Use	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,073	2,073	0.20	0.02	—	2,085

Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	84.8	84.8	0.01	< 0.005	—	85.3
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	42.2	42.2	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	42.4
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	363	363	0.03	< 0.005	—	365
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,173	1,173	0.11	0.01	—	1,180
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10.4	10.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	10.5
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,746	3,746	0.36	0.04	—	3,768
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,073	2,073	0.20	0.02	—	2,085
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	84.8	84.8	0.01	< 0.005	—	85.3
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	42.2	42.2	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	42.4
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	363	363	0.03	< 0.005	—	365

Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,173	1,173	0.11	0.01	—	1,180
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10.4	10.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	10.5
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,746	3,746	0.36	0.04	—	3,768
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	343	343	0.03	< 0.005	—	345
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14.0	14.0	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	14.1
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6.98	6.98	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	7.02
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	60.1	60.1	0.01	< 0.005	—	60.5
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	194	194	0.02	< 0.005	—	195

Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.73	1.73	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	1.74
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	620	620	0.06	0.01	—	624

#### 4.2.3. Natural Gas Emissions By Land Use - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Land Use	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	0.12	0.06	1.10	0.92	0.01	0.08	—	0.08	0.08	—	0.08	—	1,311	1,311	0.12	< 0.005	—	1,315
Health Club	0.01	0.01	0.11	0.09	< 0.005	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	129	129	0.01	< 0.005	—	129
Place of Worship	0.01	< 0.005	0.05	0.05	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	64.1	64.1	0.01	< 0.005	—	64.3
General Office Building	0.02	0.01	0.16	0.14	< 0.005	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	193	193	0.02	< 0.005	—	193
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.12	0.06	1.08	0.91	0.01	0.08	—	0.08	0.08	—	0.08	—	1,291	1,291	0.11	< 0.005	—	1,295

Recreational Swimming	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Arena	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	15.8	15.8	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	15.9
Total	0.28	0.14	2.52	2.12	0.02	0.19	—	0.19	0.19	—	0.19	—	3,004	3,004	0.27	0.01	—	3,013
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	0.12	0.06	1.10	0.92	0.01	0.08	—	0.08	0.08	—	0.08	—	1,311	1,311	0.12	< 0.005	—	1,315
Health Club	0.01	0.01	0.11	0.09	< 0.005	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	129	129	0.01	< 0.005	—	129
Place of Worship	0.01	< 0.005	0.05	0.05	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	64.1	64.1	0.01	< 0.005	—	64.3
General Office Building	0.02	0.01	0.16	0.14	< 0.005	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	193	193	0.02	< 0.005	—	193
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.12	0.06	1.08	0.91	0.01	0.08	—	0.08	0.08	—	0.08	—	1,291	1,291	0.11	< 0.005	—	1,295
Recreational Swimming Pool	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Arena	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	15.8	15.8	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	15.9
Total	0.28	0.14	2.52	2.12	0.02	0.19	—	0.19	0.19	—	0.19	—	3,004	3,004	0.27	0.01	—	3,013
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Hotel	0.02	0.01	0.20	0.17	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.02	—	0.02	—	217	217	0.02	< 0.005	—	218
Health Club	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	0.02	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	21.3	21.3	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	21.4
Place of Worship	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	10.6	10.6	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	10.6
General Office Building	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.03	0.02	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	31.9	31.9	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	32.0
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.02	0.01	0.20	0.17	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.02	—	0.02	—	214	214	0.02	< 0.005	—	214
Recreational Swimming Pool	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Arena	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	2.62	2.62	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	2.63
Total	0.05	0.03	0.46	0.39	< 0.005	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	—	0.03	—	497	497	0.04	< 0.005	—	499

#### 4.2.4. Natural Gas Emissions By Land Use - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Land Use	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	0.12	0.06	1.10	0.92	0.01	0.08	—	0.08	0.08	—	0.08	—	1,311	1,311	0.12	< 0.005	—	1,315

Health Club	0.01	0.01	0.11	0.09	< 0.005	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	129	129	0.01	< 0.005	—	129
Place of Worship	0.01	< 0.005	0.05	0.05	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	64.1	64.1	0.01	< 0.005	—	64.3
General Office Building	0.02	0.01	0.16	0.14	< 0.005	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	193	193	0.02	< 0.005	—	193
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.12	0.06	1.08	0.91	0.01	0.08	—	0.08	0.08	—	0.08	—	1,291	1,291	0.11	< 0.005	—	1,295
Recreational Swimming Pool	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Arena	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	15.8	15.8	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	15.9
Total	0.28	0.14	2.52	2.12	0.02	0.19	—	0.19	0.19	—	0.19	—	3,004	3,004	0.27	0.01	—	3,013
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	0.12	0.06	1.10	0.92	0.01	0.08	—	0.08	0.08	—	0.08	—	1,311	1,311	0.12	< 0.005	—	1,315
Health Club	0.01	0.01	0.11	0.09	< 0.005	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	129	129	0.01	< 0.005	—	129
Place of Worship	0.01	< 0.005	0.05	0.05	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	64.1	64.1	0.01	< 0.005	—	64.3
General Office Building	0.02	0.01	0.16	0.14	< 0.005	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	—	193	193	0.02	< 0.005	—	193



Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.12	0.06	1.08	0.91	0.01	0.08	—	0.08	0.08	—	0.08	—	1,291	1,291	0.11	< 0.005	—	1,295
Recreational Swimming Pool	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Arena	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	15.8	15.8	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	15.9
Total	0.28	0.14	2.52	2.12	0.02	0.19	—	0.19	0.19	—	0.19	—	3,004	3,004	0.27	0.01	—	3,013
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	0.02	0.01	0.20	0.17	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.02	—	0.02	—	217	217	0.02	< 0.005	—	218
Health Club	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	0.02	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	21.3	21.3	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	21.4
Place of Worship	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	10.6	10.6	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	10.6
General Office Building	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.03	0.02	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	31.9	31.9	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	32.0
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.02	0.01	0.20	0.17	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.02	—	0.02	—	214	214	0.02	< 0.005	—	214

Recreational Swimming Pool	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Arena	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	2.62	2.62	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	2.63
Total	0.05	0.03	0.46	0.39	< 0.005	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	—	0.03	—	497	497	0.04	< 0.005	—	499

### 4.3. Area Emissions by Source

#### 4.3.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Source	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Consumer Products	—	4.51	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Architectural Coatings	—	0.56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Landscape Equipment	1.62	1.50	0.08	9.11	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.01	—	0.01	—	37.4	37.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	37.6
Total	1.62	6.56	0.08	9.11	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.01	—	0.01	—	37.4	37.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	37.6
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Consumer Products	—	4.51	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Architectural Coatings	—	0.56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Total	—	5.06	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Consumer Products	—	0.82	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Architectural Coatings	—	0.10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Landscape Equipment	0.20	0.19	0.01	1.14	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	4.25	4.25	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	4.26
Total	0.20	1.11	0.01	1.14	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	4.25	4.25	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	4.26

#### 4.3.2. Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Source	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Consumer Products	—	4.51	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Architectural Coatings	—	0.56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Landscape Equipment	1.62	1.50	0.08	9.11	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.01	—	0.01	—	37.4	37.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	37.6
Total	1.62	6.56	0.08	9.11	< 0.005	0.02	—	0.02	0.01	—	0.01	—	37.4	37.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	37.6
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Consum Products	—	4.51	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Architect ural Coatings	—	0.56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	5.06	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Consum er Products	—	0.82	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Architect ural Coatings	—	0.10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Landsca pe Equipme nt	0.20	0.19	0.01	1.14	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	4.25	4.25	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	4.26
Total	0.20	1.11	0.01	1.14	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	< 0.005	—	4.25	4.25	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	4.26

## 4.4. Water Emissions by Land Use

### 4.4.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Land Use	TOG	ROG	NO <sub>x</sub>	CO	SO <sub>2</sub>	PM <sub>10</sub> E	PM <sub>10</sub> D	PM <sub>10</sub> T	PM <sub>2.5</sub> E	PM <sub>2.5</sub> D	PM <sub>2.5</sub> T	BCO <sub>2</sub>	NBCO <sub>2</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> T	CH <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O	R	CO <sub>2</sub> e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.33	7.86	10.2	0.24	0.01	—	17.9
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.06	3.58	4.64	0.11	< 0.005	—	8.16
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.28	0.94	1.22	0.03	< 0.005	—	2.15

General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7.47	25.2	32.6	0.77	0.02	—	57.4
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20.5	69.1	89.6	2.11	0.05	—	157
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.07	0.23	0.30	0.01	< 0.005	—	0.53
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.95	3.20	4.16	0.10	< 0.005	—	7.30
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	32.7	110	143	3.36	0.08	—	251
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.33	7.86	10.2	0.24	0.01	—	17.9
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.06	3.58	4.64	0.11	< 0.005	—	8.16
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.28	0.94	1.22	0.03	< 0.005	—	2.15
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7.47	25.2	32.6	0.77	0.02	—	57.4
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00

Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurart)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20.5	69.1	89.6	2.11	0.05	—	157
Recreati onal Swimm ing Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.07	0.23	0.30	0.01	< 0.005	—	0.53
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.95	3.20	4.16	0.10	< 0.005	—	7.30
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	32.7	110	143	3.36	0.08	—	251
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.39	1.30	1.69	0.04	< 0.005	—	2.97
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.18	0.59	0.77	0.02	< 0.005	—	1.35
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.05	0.16	0.20	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	0.36
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.24	4.17	5.41	0.13	< 0.005	—	9.50
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurart)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.40	11.4	14.8	0.35	0.01	—	26.1

Recreational Swimming	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.04	0.05	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	0.09
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.16	0.53	0.69	0.02	< 0.005	—	1.21
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5.41	18.2	23.6	0.56	0.01	—	41.5

#### 4.4.2. Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Land Use	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.33	7.86	10.2	0.24	0.01	—	17.9
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.06	3.58	4.64	0.11	< 0.005	—	8.16
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.28	0.94	1.22	0.03	< 0.005	—	2.15
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7.47	25.2	32.6	0.77	0.02	—	57.4
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20.5	69.1	89.6	2.11	0.05	—	157

Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.07	0.23	0.30	0.01	< 0.005	—	0.53
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.95	3.20	4.16	0.10	< 0.005	—	7.30
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	32.7	110	143	3.36	0.08	—	251
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.33	7.86	10.2	0.24	0.01	—	17.9
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.06	3.58	4.64	0.11	< 0.005	—	8.16
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.28	0.94	1.22	0.03	< 0.005	—	2.15
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7.47	25.2	32.6	0.77	0.02	—	57.4
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20.5	69.1	89.6	2.11	0.05	—	157
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.07	0.23	0.30	0.01	< 0.005	—	0.53
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.95	3.20	4.16	0.10	< 0.005	—	7.30
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	32.7	110	143	3.36	0.08	—	251
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—



Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.39	1.30	1.69	0.04	< 0.005	—	2.97
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.18	0.59	0.77	0.02	< 0.005	—	1.35
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.05	0.16	0.20	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	0.36
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.24	4.17	5.41	0.13	< 0.005	—	9.50
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.40	11.4	14.8	0.35	0.01	—	26.1
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.04	0.05	< 0.005	< 0.005	—	0.09
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.16	0.53	0.69	0.02	< 0.005	—	1.21
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5.41	18.2	23.6	0.56	0.01	—	41.5

## 4.5. Waste Emissions by Land Use

### 4.5.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Land Use	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
----------	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-------	-------	-------	--------	--------	--------	------	-------	------	-----	-----	---	------

Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14.2	0.00	14.2	1.42	0.00	—	49.6
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	28.8	0.00	28.8	2.88	0.00	—	101
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14.3	0.00	14.3	1.43	0.00	—	50.1
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11.0	0.00	11.0	1.10	0.00	—	38.5
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	226	0.00	226	22.6	0.00	—	791
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.86	0.00	1.86	0.19	0.00	—	6.51
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.00	0.02	< 0.005	0.00	—	0.06
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	296	0.00	296	29.6	0.00	—	1,037
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14.2	0.00	14.2	1.42	0.00	—	49.6
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	28.8	0.00	28.8	2.88	0.00	—	101

Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14.3	0.00	14.3	1.43	0.00	—	50.1
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11.0	0.00	11.0	1.10	0.00	—	38.5
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	226	0.00	226	22.6	0.00	—	791
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.86	0.00	1.86	0.19	0.00	—	6.51
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.00	0.02	< 0.005	0.00	—	0.06
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	296	0.00	296	29.6	0.00	—	1,037
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.34	0.00	2.34	0.23	0.00	—	8.20
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.77	0.00	4.77	0.48	0.00	—	16.7
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.37	0.00	2.37	0.24	0.00	—	8.30
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.82	0.00	1.82	0.18	0.00	—	6.37
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00

Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	37.4	0.00	37.4	3.74	0.00	—	131
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.31	0.00	0.31	0.03	0.00	—	1.08
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	< 0.005	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.00	—	0.01
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	49.1	0.00	49.1	4.90	0.00	—	172

#### 4.5.2. Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Land Use	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14.2	0.00	14.2	1.42	0.00	—	49.6
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	28.8	0.00	28.8	2.88	0.00	—	101
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14.3	0.00	14.3	1.43	0.00	—	50.1
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11.0	0.00	11.0	1.10	0.00	—	38.5
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00

Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	226	0.00	226	22.6	0.00	—	791
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.86	0.00	1.86	0.19	0.00	—	6.51
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.00	0.02	< 0.005	0.00	—	0.06
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	296	0.00	296	29.6	0.00	—	1,037
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14.2	0.00	14.2	1.42	0.00	—	49.6
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	28.8	0.00	28.8	2.88	0.00	—	101
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14.3	0.00	14.3	1.43	0.00	—	50.1
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11.0	0.00	11.0	1.10	0.00	—	38.5
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	226	0.00	226	22.6	0.00	—	791

Recreational	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.86	0.00	1.86	0.19	0.00	—	6.51
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.00	0.02	< 0.005	0.00	—	0.06
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	296	0.00	296	29.6	0.00	—	1,037
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.34	0.00	2.34	0.23	0.00	—	8.20
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.77	0.00	4.77	0.48	0.00	—	16.7
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.37	0.00	2.37	0.24	0.00	—	8.30
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.82	0.00	1.82	0.18	0.00	—	6.37
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	37.4	0.00	37.4	3.74	0.00	—	131
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.31	0.00	0.31	0.03	0.00	—	1.08
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	< 0.005	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.00	—	0.01
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	49.1	0.00	49.1	4.90	0.00	—	172

## 4.6. Refrigerant Emissions by Land Use

## 4.6.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Land Use	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	214	214
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.05	0.05
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.02
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.05	0.05
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	55.1	55.1
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	< 0.005	< 0.005
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.01
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	269	269
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	214	214
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.05	0.05
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.02

General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.05	0.05
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	55.1	55.1
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	< 0.005	< 0.005
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.01
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	269	269
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	35.4	35.4
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.01
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	< 0.005	< 0.005
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.01
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9.13	9.13
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	< 0.005	< 0.005
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	< 0.005	< 0.005
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	44.6	44.6



## 4.6.2. Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Land Use	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	214	214
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.05	0.05
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.02
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.05	0.05
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	55.1	55.1
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	< 0.005	< 0.005
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.01
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	269	269
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	214	214
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.05	0.05
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.02

General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.05	0.05
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	55.1	55.1
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	< 0.005	< 0.005
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.01
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	269	269
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hotel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	35.4	35.4
Health Club	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.01
Place of Worship	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	< 0.005	< 0.005
General Office Building	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.01
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9.13	9.13
Recreational Swimming Pool	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	< 0.005	< 0.005
Arena	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	< 0.005	< 0.005
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	44.6	44.6

## 4.7. Offroad Emissions By Equipment Type

### 4.7.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Equipment Type	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

### 4.7.2. Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Equipment Type	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

## 4.8. Stationary Emissions By Equipment Type

### 4.8.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Equipment Type	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

### 4.8.2. Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Equipment Type	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

## 4.9. User Defined Emissions By Equipment Type

### 4.9.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Equipment Type	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

### 4.9.2. Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Equipment Type	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
----------------	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-------	-------	-------	--------	--------	--------	------	-------	------	-----	-----	---	------

Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

## 4.10. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type

### 4.10.1. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Vegetation	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

### 4.10.2. Above and Belowground Carbon Accumulation by Land Use Type - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Land Use	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

#### 4.10.3. Avoided and Sequestered Emissions by Species - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Species	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Avoided	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sequestered	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Removed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Avoided	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sequestered	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Removed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Avoided	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sequestered	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Removed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

#### 4.10.4. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Vegetation	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—



Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

#### 4.10.5. Above and Belowground Carbon Accumulation by Land Use Type - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Land Use	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

#### 4.10.6. Avoided and Sequestered Emissions by Species - Mitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Species	TOG	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Avoided	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sequestered	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Remove	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Daily, Winter (Max)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Avoided	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sequest ered	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remove d	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Annual	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Avoided	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sequest ered	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remove d	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

## 5. Activity Data

### 5.1. Construction Schedule

Phase Name	Phase Type	Start Date	End Date	Days Per Week	Work Days per Phase	Phase Description
Demolition	Demolition	6/2/2025	8/29/2025	5.00	65.0	—
Site Preparation	Site Preparation	6/2/2025	8/29/2025	5.00	65.0	—
Grading	Grading	6/2/2025	7/31/2025	5.00	44.0	—
Building Construction	Building Construction	6/2/2025	6/30/2027	5.00	543	—
Paving	Paving	6/2/2025	6/30/2027	5.00	543	—
Architectural Coating	Architectural Coating	6/2/2025	6/30/2027	5.00	543	—

## 5.2. Off-Road Equipment

### 5.2.1. Unmitigated

Phase Name	Equipment Type	Fuel Type	Engine Tier	Number per Day	Hours Per Day	Horsepower	Load Factor
Demolition	Rubber Tired Dozers	Diesel	Average	2.00	8.00	367	0.40
Demolition	Excavators	Diesel	Average	3.00	8.00	36.0	0.38
Demolition	Concrete/Industrial Saws	Diesel	Average	1.00	8.00	33.0	0.73
Site Preparation	Rubber Tired Dozers	Diesel	Average	3.00	8.00	367	0.40
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	Diesel	Average	4.00	8.00	84.0	0.37
Grading	Graders	Diesel	Average	1.00	8.00	148	0.41
Grading	Excavators	Diesel	Average	2.00	8.00	36.0	0.38
Grading	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	Diesel	Average	2.00	8.00	84.0	0.37
Grading	Scrapers	Diesel	Average	2.00	8.00	423	0.48
Grading	Rubber Tired Dozers	Diesel	Average	1.00	8.00	367	0.40
Building Construction	Forklifts	Diesel	Average	3.00	8.00	82.0	0.20
Building Construction	Generator Sets	Diesel	Average	1.00	8.00	14.0	0.74
Building Construction	Cranes	Diesel	Average	1.00	7.00	367	0.29

Building Construction	Welders	Diesel	Average	1.00	8.00	46.0	0.45
Building Construction	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	Diesel	Average	3.00	7.00	84.0	0.37
Paving	Pavers	Diesel	Average	2.00	8.00	81.0	0.42
Paving	Paving Equipment	Diesel	Average	2.00	8.00	89.0	0.36
Paving	Rollers	Diesel	Average	2.00	8.00	36.0	0.38
Architectural Coating	Air Compressors	Diesel	Average	1.00	6.00	37.0	0.48

### 5.2.2. Mitigated

Phase Name	Equipment Type	Fuel Type	Engine Tier	Number per Day	Hours Per Day	Horsepower	Load Factor
Demolition	Rubber Tired Dozers	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	2.00	8.00	367	0.40
Demolition	Excavators	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	3.00	8.00	36.0	0.38
Demolition	Concrete/Industrial Saws	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	1.00	8.00	33.0	0.73
Site Preparation	Rubber Tired Dozers	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	3.00	8.00	367	0.40
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	4.00	8.00	84.0	0.37
Grading	Graders	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	1.00	8.00	148	0.41
Grading	Excavators	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	2.00	8.00	36.0	0.38
Grading	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	2.00	8.00	84.0	0.37
Grading	Scrapers	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	2.00	8.00	423	0.48
Grading	Rubber Tired Dozers	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	1.00	8.00	367	0.40
Building Construction	Forklifts	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	3.00	8.00	82.0	0.20
Building Construction	Generator Sets	Diesel	Average	1.00	8.00	14.0	0.74
Building Construction	Cranes	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	1.00	7.00	367	0.29
Building Construction	Welders	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	1.00	8.00	46.0	0.45
Building Construction	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	3.00	7.00	84.0	0.37

Paving	Pavers	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	2.00	8.00	81.0	0.42
Paving	Paving Equipment	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	2.00	8.00	89.0	0.36
Paving	Rollers	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	2.00	8.00	36.0	0.38
Architectural Coating	Air Compressors	Diesel	Tier 4 Final	1.00	6.00	37.0	0.48

## 5.3. Construction Vehicles

### 5.3.1. Unmitigated

Phase Name	Trip Type	One-Way Trips per Day	Miles per Trip	Vehicle Mix
Demolition	—	—	—	—
Demolition	Worker	15.0	18.5	LDA,LDT1,LDT2
Demolition	Vendor	—	10.2	HHDT,MHDT
Demolition	Hauling	0.00	20.0	HHDT
Demolition	Onsite truck	—	—	HHDT
Site Preparation	—	—	—	—
Site Preparation	Worker	17.5	18.5	LDA,LDT1,LDT2
Site Preparation	Vendor	—	10.2	HHDT,MHDT
Site Preparation	Hauling	0.00	20.0	HHDT
Site Preparation	Onsite truck	—	—	HHDT
Grading	—	—	—	—
Grading	Worker	20.0	18.5	LDA,LDT1,LDT2
Grading	Vendor	—	10.2	HHDT,MHDT
Grading	Hauling	447	20.0	HHDT
Grading	Onsite truck	—	—	HHDT
Building Construction	—	—	—	—
Building Construction	Worker	86.0	18.5	LDA,LDT1,LDT2
Building Construction	Vendor	34.4	10.2	HHDT,MHDT

Building Construction	Hauling	0.00	20.0	HHDT
Building Construction	Onsite truck	—	—	HHDT
Paving	—	—	—	—
Paving	Worker	15.0	18.5	LDA,LDT1,LDT2
Paving	Vendor	—	10.2	HHDT,MHDT
Paving	Hauling	0.00	20.0	HHDT
Paving	Onsite truck	—	—	HHDT
Architectural Coating	—	—	—	—
Architectural Coating	Worker	17.2	18.5	LDA,LDT1,LDT2
Architectural Coating	Vendor	—	10.2	HHDT,MHDT
Architectural Coating	Hauling	0.00	20.0	HHDT
Architectural Coating	Onsite truck	—	—	HHDT

### 5.3.2. Mitigated

Phase Name	Trip Type	One-Way Trips per Day	Miles per Trip	Vehicle Mix
Demolition	—	—	—	—
Demolition	Worker	15.0	18.5	LDA,LDT1,LDT2
Demolition	Vendor	—	10.2	HHDT,MHDT
Demolition	Hauling	0.00	20.0	HHDT
Demolition	Onsite truck	—	—	HHDT
Site Preparation	—	—	—	—
Site Preparation	Worker	17.5	18.5	LDA,LDT1,LDT2
Site Preparation	Vendor	—	10.2	HHDT,MHDT
Site Preparation	Hauling	0.00	20.0	HHDT
Site Preparation	Onsite truck	—	—	HHDT
Grading	—	—	—	—
Grading	Worker	20.0	18.5	LDA,LDT1,LDT2

Grading	Vendor	—	10.2	HHDT,MHDT
Grading	Hauling	447	20.0	HHDT
Grading	Onsite truck	—	—	HHDT
Building Construction	—	—	—	—
Building Construction	Worker	86.0	18.5	LDA,LDT1,LDT2
Building Construction	Vendor	34.4	10.2	HHDT,MHDT
Building Construction	Hauling	0.00	20.0	HHDT
Building Construction	Onsite truck	—	—	HHDT
Paving	—	—	—	—
Paving	Worker	15.0	18.5	LDA,LDT1,LDT2
Paving	Vendor	—	10.2	HHDT,MHDT
Paving	Hauling	0.00	20.0	HHDT
Paving	Onsite truck	—	—	HHDT
Architectural Coating	—	—	—	—
Architectural Coating	Worker	17.2	18.5	LDA,LDT1,LDT2
Architectural Coating	Vendor	—	10.2	HHDT,MHDT
Architectural Coating	Hauling	0.00	20.0	HHDT
Architectural Coating	Onsite truck	—	—	HHDT

## 5.4. Vehicles

### 5.4.1. Construction Vehicle Control Strategies

Non-applicable. No control strategies activated by user.

## 5.5. Architectural Coatings

Phase Name	Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft)	Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft)	Non-Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft)	Non-Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft)	Parking Area Coated (sq ft)
Architectural Coating	0.00	0.00	314,039	104,680	19,282

## 5.6. Dust Mitigation

### 5.6.1. Construction Earthmoving Activities

Phase Name	Material Imported (cy)	Material Exported (cy)	Acres Graded (acres)	Material Demolished (sq. ft.)	Acres Paved (acres)
Demolition	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	—
Site Preparation	—	—	97.5	0.00	—
Grading	—	157,414	132	0.00	—
Paving	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.38

### 5.6.2. Construction Earthmoving Control Strategies

Non-applicable. No control strategies activated by user.

## 5.7. Construction Paving

Land Use	Area Paved (acres)	% Asphalt
Hotel	0.00	0%
Health Club	0.00	0%
Place of Worship	0.00	0%
General Office Building	0.00	0%
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	2.43	0%
Other Asphalt Surfaces	4.95	100%
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.00	0%
Recreational Swimming Pool	0.00	0%
Arena	0.00	0%

## 5.8. Construction Electricity Consumption and Emissions Factors

kWh per Year and Emission Factor (lb/MWh)

Year	kWh per Year	CO2	CH4	N2O
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2025	0.00	532	0.03	< 0.005
2026	0.00	532	0.03	< 0.005
2027	0.00	532	0.03	< 0.005

## 5.9. Operational Mobile Sources

### 5.9.1. Unmitigated

Land Use Type	Trips/Weekday	Trips/Saturday	Trips/Sunday	Trips/Year	VMT/Weekday	VMT/Saturday	VMT/Sunday	VMT/Year
Hotel	100	100	100	36,500	3,618	3,618	3,618	1,320,729
Health Club	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Place of Worship	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
General Office Building	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Recreational Swimming Pool	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Arena	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### 5.9.2. Mitigated

Land Use Type	Trips/Weekday	Trips/Saturday	Trips/Sunday	Trips/Year	VMT/Weekday	VMT/Saturday	VMT/Sunday	VMT/Year
Hotel	100	100	100	36,500	3,618	3,618	3,618	1,320,729
Health Club	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Place of Worship	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

General Office Building	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Recreational Swimming Pool	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Arena	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

## 5.10. Operational Area Sources

### 5.10.1. Hearths

#### 5.10.1.1. Unmitigated

#### 5.10.1.2. Mitigated

### 5.10.2. Architectural Coatings

Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft)	Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft)	Non-Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft)	Non-Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft)	Parking Area Coated (sq ft)
0	0.00	314,039	104,680	19,282

### 5.10.3. Landscape Equipment

Season	Unit	Value
Snow Days	day/yr	0.00
Summer Days	day/yr	250

## 5.10.4. Landscape Equipment - Mitigated

Season	Unit	Value
Snow Days	day/yr	0.00
Summer Days	day/yr	250

## 5.11. Operational Energy Consumption

## 5.11.1. Unmitigated

## Electricity (kWh/yr) and CO2 and CH4 and N2O and Natural Gas (kBTU/yr)

Land Use	Electricity (kWh/yr)	CO2	CH4	N2O	Natural Gas (kBTU/yr)
Hotel	2,185,629	346	0.0330	0.0040	4,091,242
Health Club	89,416	346	0.0330	0.0040	402,057
Place of Worship	44,465	346	0.0330	0.0040	199,935
General Office Building	382,894	346	0.0330	0.0040	602,034
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	346	0.0330	0.0040	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	346	0.0330	0.0040	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	1,236,591	346	0.0330	0.0040	4,029,648
Recreational Swimming Pool	0.00	346	0.0330	0.0040	0.00
Arena	10,987	346	0.0330	0.0040	49,405

## 5.11.2. Mitigated

## Electricity (kWh/yr) and CO2 and CH4 and N2O and Natural Gas (kBTU/yr)

Land Use	Electricity (kWh/yr)	CO2	CH4	N2O	Natural Gas (kBTU/yr)
Hotel	2,185,629	346	0.0330	0.0040	4,091,242
Health Club	89,416	346	0.0330	0.0040	402,057
Place of Worship	44,465	346	0.0330	0.0040	199,935

General Office Building	382,894	346	0.0330	0.0040	602,034
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	346	0.0330	0.0040	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	346	0.0330	0.0040	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	1,236,591	346	0.0330	0.0040	4,029,648
Recreational Swimming Pool	0.00	346	0.0330	0.0040	0.00
Arena	10,987	346	0.0330	0.0040	49,405

## 5.12. Operational Water and Wastewater Consumption

### 5.12.1. Unmitigated

Land Use	Indoor Water (gal/year)	Outdoor Water (gal/year)
Hotel	1,217,605	0.00
Health Club	554,467	0.00
Place of Worship	145,869	0.00
General Office Building	3,899,478	0.00
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	10,703,813	0.00
Recreational Swimming Pool	35,841	0.00
Arena	496,247	0.00

### 5.12.2. Mitigated

Land Use	Indoor Water (gal/year)	Outdoor Water (gal/year)
Hotel	1,217,605	0.00
Health Club	554,467	0.00
Place of Worship	145,869	0.00

General Office Building	3,899,478	0.00
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	0.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	10,703,813	0.00
Recreational Swimming Pool	35,841	0.00
Arena	496,247	0.00

## 5.13. Operational Waste Generation

### 5.13.1. Unmitigated

Land Use	Waste (ton/year)	Cogeneration (kWh/year)
Hotel	26.3	—
Health Club	53.4	—
Place of Worship	26.6	—
General Office Building	20.4	—
Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	—
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	—
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	420	—
Recreational Swimming Pool	3.45	—
Arena	0.03	—

### 5.13.2. Mitigated

Land Use	Waste (ton/year)	Cogeneration (kWh/year)
Hotel	26.3	—
Health Club	53.4	—
Place of Worship	26.6	—
General Office Building	20.4	—

Other Non-Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	—
Other Asphalt Surfaces	0.00	—
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	420	—
Recreational Swimming Pool	3.45	—
Arena	0.03	—

## 5.14. Operational Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Equipment

### 5.14.1. Unmitigated

Land Use Type	Equipment Type	Refrigerant	GWP	Quantity (kg)	Operations Leak Rate	Service Leak Rate	Times Serviced
Hotel	Household refrigerators and/or freezers	R-134a	1,430	0.00	0.60	0.00	1.00
Hotel	Other commercial A/C and heat pumps	R-410A	2,088	1.80	4.00	4.00	18.0
Hotel	Walk-in refrigerators and freezers	R-404A	3,922	< 0.005	7.50	7.50	20.0
Health Club	Other commercial A/C and heat pumps	R-410A	2,088	< 0.005	4.00	4.00	18.0
Health Club	Stand-alone retail refrigerators and freezers	R-134a	1,430	0.04	1.00	0.00	1.00
Place of Worship	Household refrigerators and/or freezers	R-134a	1,430	0.02	0.60	0.00	1.00
Place of Worship	Other commercial A/C and heat pumps	R-410A	2,088	< 0.005	4.00	4.00	18.0
Place of Worship	Stand-alone retail refrigerators and freezers	R-134a	1,430	< 0.005	1.00	0.00	1.00
Place of Worship	Walk-in refrigerators and freezers	R-404A	3,922	< 0.005	7.50	7.50	20.0
General Office Building	Household refrigerators and/or freezers	R-134a	1,430	0.02	0.60	0.00	1.00

General Office Building	Other commercial A/C and heat pumps	R-410A	2,088	< 0.005	4.00	4.00	18.0
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	Household refrigerators and/or freezers	R-134a	1,430	0.00	0.60	0.00	1.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	Other commercial A/C and heat pumps	R-410A	2,088	1.80	4.00	4.00	18.0
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	Walk-in refrigerators and freezers	R-404A	3,922	< 0.005	7.50	7.50	20.0
Recreational Swimming Pool	Other commercial A/C and heat pumps	R-410A	2,088	< 0.005	4.00	4.00	18.0
Recreational Swimming Pool	Stand-alone retail refrigerators and freezers	R-134a	1,430	0.04	1.00	0.00	1.00
Arena	Other commercial A/C and heat pumps	R-410A	2,088	< 0.005	4.00	4.00	18.0
Arena	Stand-alone retail refrigerators and freezers	R-134a	1,430	0.04	1.00	0.00	1.00
Arena	Walk-in refrigerators and freezers	R-404A	3,922	< 0.005	7.50	7.50	20.0

## 5.14.2. Mitigated

Land Use Type	Equipment Type	Refrigerant	GWP	Quantity (kg)	Operations Leak Rate	Service Leak Rate	Times Serviced
Hotel	Household refrigerators and/or freezers	R-134a	1,430	0.00	0.60	0.00	1.00
Hotel	Other commercial A/C and heat pumps	R-410A	2,088	1.80	4.00	4.00	18.0
Hotel	Walk-in refrigerators and freezers	R-404A	3,922	< 0.005	7.50	7.50	20.0
Health Club	Other commercial A/C and heat pumps	R-410A	2,088	< 0.005	4.00	4.00	18.0

Health Club	Stand-alone retail refrigerators and freezers	R-134a	1,430	0.04	1.00	0.00	1.00
Place of Worship	Household refrigerators and/or freezers	R-134a	1,430	0.02	0.60	0.00	1.00
Place of Worship	Other commercial A/C and heat pumps	R-410A	2,088	< 0.005	4.00	4.00	18.0
Place of Worship	Stand-alone retail refrigerators and freezers	R-134a	1,430	< 0.005	1.00	0.00	1.00
Place of Worship	Walk-in refrigerators and freezers	R-404A	3,922	< 0.005	7.50	7.50	20.0
General Office Building	Household refrigerators and/or freezers	R-134a	1,430	0.02	0.60	0.00	1.00
General Office Building	Other commercial A/C and heat pumps	R-410A	2,088	< 0.005	4.00	4.00	18.0
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	Household refrigerators and/or freezers	R-134a	1,430	0.00	0.60	0.00	1.00
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	Other commercial A/C and heat pumps	R-410A	2,088	1.80	4.00	4.00	18.0
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	Walk-in refrigerators and freezers	R-404A	3,922	< 0.005	7.50	7.50	20.0
Recreational Swimming Pool	Other commercial A/C and heat pumps	R-410A	2,088	< 0.005	4.00	4.00	18.0
Recreational Swimming Pool	Stand-alone retail refrigerators and freezers	R-134a	1,430	0.04	1.00	0.00	1.00
Arena	Other commercial A/C and heat pumps	R-410A	2,088	< 0.005	4.00	4.00	18.0
Arena	Stand-alone retail refrigerators and freezers	R-134a	1,430	0.04	1.00	0.00	1.00
Arena	Walk-in refrigerators and freezers	R-404A	3,922	< 0.005	7.50	7.50	20.0



## 5.15. Operational Off-Road Equipment

### 5.15.1. Unmitigated

Equipment Type	Fuel Type	Engine Tier	Number per Day	Hours Per Day	Horsepower	Load Factor
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### 5.15.2. Mitigated

Equipment Type	Fuel Type	Engine Tier	Number per Day	Hours Per Day	Horsepower	Load Factor
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## 5.16. Stationary Sources

### 5.16.1. Emergency Generators and Fire Pumps

Equipment Type	Fuel Type	Number per Day	Hours per Day	Hours per Year	Horsepower	Load Factor
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### 5.16.2. Process Boilers

Equipment Type	Fuel Type	Number	Boiler Rating (MMBtu/hr)	Daily Heat Input (MMBtu/day)	Annual Heat Input (MMBtu/yr)
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## 5.17. User Defined

Equipment Type	Fuel Type
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## 5.18. Vegetation

### 5.18.1. Land Use Change

#### 5.18.1.1. Unmitigated

Vegetation Land Use Type	Vegetation Soil Type	Initial Acres	Final Acres
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## 5.18.1.2. Mitigated

Vegetation Land Use Type	Vegetation Soil Type	Initial Acres	Final Acres
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## 5.18.1. Biomass Cover Type

## 5.18.1.1. Unmitigated

Biomass Cover Type	Initial Acres	Final Acres
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## 5.18.1.2. Mitigated

Biomass Cover Type	Initial Acres	Final Acres
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## 5.18.2. Sequestration

## 5.18.2.1. Unmitigated

Tree Type	Number	Electricity Saved (kWh/year)	Natural Gas Saved (btu/year)
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## 5.18.2.2. Mitigated

Tree Type	Number	Electricity Saved (kWh/year)	Natural Gas Saved (btu/year)
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## 6. Climate Risk Detailed Report

### 6.1. Climate Risk Summary

Cal-Adapt midcentury 2040–2059 average projections for four hazards are reported below for your project location. These are under Representation Concentration Pathway (RCP) 8.5 which assumes GHG emissions will continue to rise strongly through 2050 and then plateau around 2100.

Climate Hazard	Result for Project Location	Unit
Temperature and Extreme Heat	29.8	annual days of extreme heat

Extreme Precipitation	13.3	annual days with precipitation above 20 mm
Sea Level Rise	—	meters of inundation depth
Wildfire	30.1	annual hectares burned

Temperature and Extreme Heat data are for grid cell in which your project are located. The projection is based on the 98th historical percentile of daily maximum/minimum temperatures from observed historical data (32 climate model ensemble from Cal-Adapt, 2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5). Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

Extreme Precipitation data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The threshold of 20 mm is equivalent to about  $\frac{3}{4}$  an inch of rain, which would be light to moderate rainfall if received over a full day or heavy rain if received over a period of 2 to 4 hours. Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

Sea Level Rise data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The projections are from Radke et al. (2017), as reported in Cal-Adapt (Radke et al., 2017, CEC-500-2017-008), and consider inundation location and depth for the San Francisco Bay, the Sacramento-San Joaquin River Delta and California coast resulting different increments of sea level rise coupled with extreme storm events.

Users may select from four scenarios to view the range in potential inundation depth for the grid cell. The four scenarios are: No rise, 0.5 meter, 1.0 meter, 1.41 meters

Wildfire data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The projections are from UC Davis, as reported in Cal-Adapt (2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5), and consider historical data of climate, vegetation, population density, and large (> 400 ha) fire history. Users may select from four model simulations to view the range in potential wildfire probabilities for the grid cell. The four simulations make different assumptions about expected rainfall and temperature are: Warmer/drier (HadGEM2-ES), Cooler/wetter (CNRM-CM5), Average conditions (CanESM2), Range of different rainfall and temperature possibilities (MIROC5). Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

## 6.2. Initial Climate Risk Scores

Climate Hazard	Exposure Score	Sensitivity Score	Adaptive Capacity Score	Vulnerability Score
Temperature and Extreme Heat	4	0	0	N/A
Extreme Precipitation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sea Level Rise	1	0	0	N/A
Wildfire	1	0	0	N/A
Flooding	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Drought	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Snowpack Reduction	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Air Quality Degradation	0	0	0	N/A

The sensitivity score reflects the extent to which a project would be adversely affected by exposure to a climate hazard. Exposure is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest exposure.

The adaptive capacity of a project refers to its ability to manage and reduce vulnerabilities from projected climate hazards. Adaptive capacity is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest ability to adapt.

The overall vulnerability scores are calculated based on the potential impacts and adaptive capacity assessments for each hazard. Scores do not include implementation of climate risk reduction measures.

## 6.3. Adjusted Climate Risk Scores

Climate Hazard	Exposure Score	Sensitivity Score	Adaptive Capacity Score	Vulnerability Score
Temperature and Extreme Heat	4	1	1	4
Extreme Precipitation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sea Level Rise	1	1	1	2
Wildfire	1	1	1	2
Flooding	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Drought	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Snowpack Reduction	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Air Quality Degradation	1	1	1	2

The sensitivity score reflects the extent to which a project would be adversely affected by exposure to a climate hazard. Exposure is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest exposure.

The adaptive capacity of a project refers to its ability to manage and reduce vulnerabilities from projected climate hazards. Adaptive capacity is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest ability to adapt.

The overall vulnerability scores are calculated based on the potential impacts and adaptive capacity assessments for each hazard. Scores include implementation of climate risk reduction measures.

## 6.4. Climate Risk Reduction Measures

# 7. Health and Equity Details

## 7.1. CalEnviroScreen 4.0 Scores

The maximum CalEnviroScreen score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects a higher pollution burden compared to other census tracts in the state.

Indicator	Result for Project Census Tract
Exposure Indicators	—
AQ-Ozone	99.1
AQ-PM	15.3
AQ-DPM	2.59
Drinking Water	42.0
Lead Risk Housing	36.7
Pesticides	0.00

Toxic Releases	35.8
Traffic	3.75
Effect Indicators	—
CleanUp Sites	5.64
Groundwater	35.0
Haz Waste Facilities/Generators	0.00
Impaired Water Bodies	58.7
Solid Waste	87.2
Sensitive Population	—
Asthma	45.6
Cardio-vascular	75.6
Low Birth Weights	10.6
Socioeconomic Factor Indicators	—
Education	15.8
Housing	72.6
Linguistic	—
Poverty	53.9
Unemployment	—

## 7.2. Healthy Places Index Scores

The maximum Health Places Index score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects healthier community conditions compared to other census tracts in the state.

Indicator	Result for Project Census Tract
Economic	—
Above Poverty	42.38419094
Employed	31.70794303
Median HI	23.4826126
Education	—

Bachelor's or higher	43.17977672
High school enrollment	100
Preschool enrollment	60.00256641
Transportation	—
Auto Access	40.33106634
Active commuting	1.039394328
Social	—
2-parent households	59.01450019
Voting	84.80687797
Neighborhood	—
Alcohol availability	79.49441807
Park access	81.35506224
Retail density	0.757089696
Supermarket access	2.399589375
Tree canopy	94.6875401
Housing	—
Homeownership	69.85756448
Housing habitability	33.99204414
Low-inc homeowner severe housing cost burden	18.91441037
Low-inc renter severe housing cost burden	42.409855
Uncrowded housing	86.21840113
Health Outcomes	—
Insured adults	85.29449506
Arthritis	0.0
Asthma ER Admissions	72.4
High Blood Pressure	0.0
Cancer (excluding skin)	0.0

Asthma	0.0
Coronary Heart Disease	0.0
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	0.0
Diagnosed Diabetes	0.0
Life Expectancy at Birth	57.5
Cognitively Disabled	35.0
Physically Disabled	41.1
Heart Attack ER Admissions	74.1
Mental Health Not Good	0.0
Chronic Kidney Disease	0.0
Obesity	0.0
Pedestrian Injuries	77.9
Physical Health Not Good	0.0
Stroke	0.0
Health Risk Behaviors	—
Binge Drinking	0.0
Current Smoker	0.0
No Leisure Time for Physical Activity	0.0
Climate Change Exposures	—
Wildfire Risk	95.4
SLR Inundation Area	0.0
Children	3.5
Elderly	53.1
English Speaking	84.3
Foreign-born	0.6
Outdoor Workers	23.8
Climate Change Adaptive Capacity	—

Impervious Surface Cover	92.5
Traffic Density	7.9
Traffic Access	23.0
Other Indices	—
Hardship	40.2
Other Decision Support	—
2016 Voting	86.2

### 7.3. Overall Health & Equity Scores

Metric	Result for Project Census Tract
CalEnviroScreen 4.0 Score for Project Location (a)	34.0
Healthy Places Index Score for Project Location (b)	48.0
Project Located in a Designated Disadvantaged Community (Senate Bill 535)	No
Project Located in a Low-Income Community (Assembly Bill 1550)	Yes
Project Located in a Community Air Protection Program Community (Assembly Bill 617)	No

a: The maximum CalEnviroScreen score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects a higher pollution burden compared to other census tracts in the state.

b: The maximum Health Places Index score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects healthier community conditions compared to other census tracts in the state.

### 7.4. Health & Equity Measures

No Health & Equity Measures selected.

### 7.5. Evaluation Scorecard

Health & Equity Evaluation Scorecard not completed.

### 7.6. Health & Equity Custom Measures

No Health & Equity Custom Measures created.

## 8. User Changes to Default Data

Screen	Justification
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Characteristics: Project Details	changed locational context from NA to Rural
Land Use	Land uses entered to match project description, hotel rooms = dorm buildings
Construction: Construction Phases	Construction phases updated to match applicant construction schedule
Operations: Vehicle Data	Updated vehicle trip data to match traffic study, 7-day average ADT: employee trips 50 per day, bus trips with 50 student campers per bus = 29, adults 21 trips per day. total ADT =100