

HYDROLOGY STUDY

For

LCM DEVELOPMENT, LLC. 841 EAST WASHINGTON AVENUE SANTA ANA, CA 92701

RAIL LOOP LOADING FACILITY HINKLEY, CA

December 16, 2024

Prepared by:

Merrell-Johnson Companies

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Job No. 3104.006

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SECTION 1

DISCUSSION

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this study was to determine the impact, if any, of the 100-year storm runoff flow from the watershed tributary to the proposed expanded project site as delineated on the map contained in this study. This study also examines measures to intercept the runoff flows and to convey them through the project site to their historical flow locations. The development of the site is 120 car rail loop and rock ballast loading operation.

PROJECT LOCATION

The project site is located southeast of Harper Dry Lake approximately four miles northwest of Hinkley and 13 miles west of Barstow, California in the unincorporated area of Hinkley in northwesterly San Bernardino County. The project site is the Lynx Cat Mountain Quarry, Mine I.D. # 91-36-0049. It encompasses APN's 0496-011-07 located in Section 1, Township 10 North, Range 4 West (T10N, R4W). The project site is highlighted on the attached vicinity map.

METHODOLOGY

The method in determining these peak runoff flows was the rational method as specified in the 1986 San Bernardino County Hydrology Manual and the 2010 San Bernardino County Hydrology Manual Addendum for Arid Regions. The existing offsite flow was examined and delineated from U.S.G.S. Maps: Twelve Gage Lake and Hinkley and an examination of the project site.

Point rainfalls for the 100-year storms were obtained from the NOAA Atlas 14 per the 2010 Addendum to the County Hydrology Manual. The original hydrology analysis of the project, performed in 2009 incorporated a point rainfall of 1.2" and AMC II. Per the aforementioned 2010 addendum, the off-site unit hydrograph analysis was performed using a 100-year 1-hour point rainfall of 1.11" and AMC II. The soil type was determined to be Soil Type C in the off-site tributaries per the county hydrology manual. Rainfall and soils maps are included as exhibits in Section 3 of this report.

The parameters of the off-site tributary sub-areas examined in this study are shown in Table A and are outlined on the attached U.S.G.S. map.

Table A

Sub-area	Elevation Difference (ft.)	Length (ft)	Area (Acres)	Avg. Slope (ft/ft)	
Node 31 – Node 34	27	3,882	109.4	0.0069	
Node 41 – Node 43	23	1,063	12.9	0.0216	

EXISTING CONDITIONS

The project site is located south of Harper Dry Lake in an unincorporated area of San Bernardino County. The tributary watershed area south of the project site is bounded on the south by the BNSF railroad main line. The raised rail bed serves to divert storm runoff flows to the east and west towards existing drainage culverts beneath the railroad. The proposed site is located north of the railroad and between two existing drainage culverts. Runoff flows from areas south of the BNSF railroad are diverted to the east and west of the project site. These two flowlines are mapped as blueline streams on the U.S.G.S maps and flow around and past the project site. Both blueline streams and the tributary watershed between the railroad and the project site are shown on the attached map exhibit. Runoff flows from this tributary area enter the site along the southern property line as sheet flows across the project site. Existing vegetation on the site consists of desert brush and vegetation in sandy surface soils.

The results of the offsite and onsite flow analysis are summarized in Table B.

<u>Table B</u>

Sub-Area	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)		
Node 31 – Node 34	83.2		
Node 41 – Node 43	27.3		

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

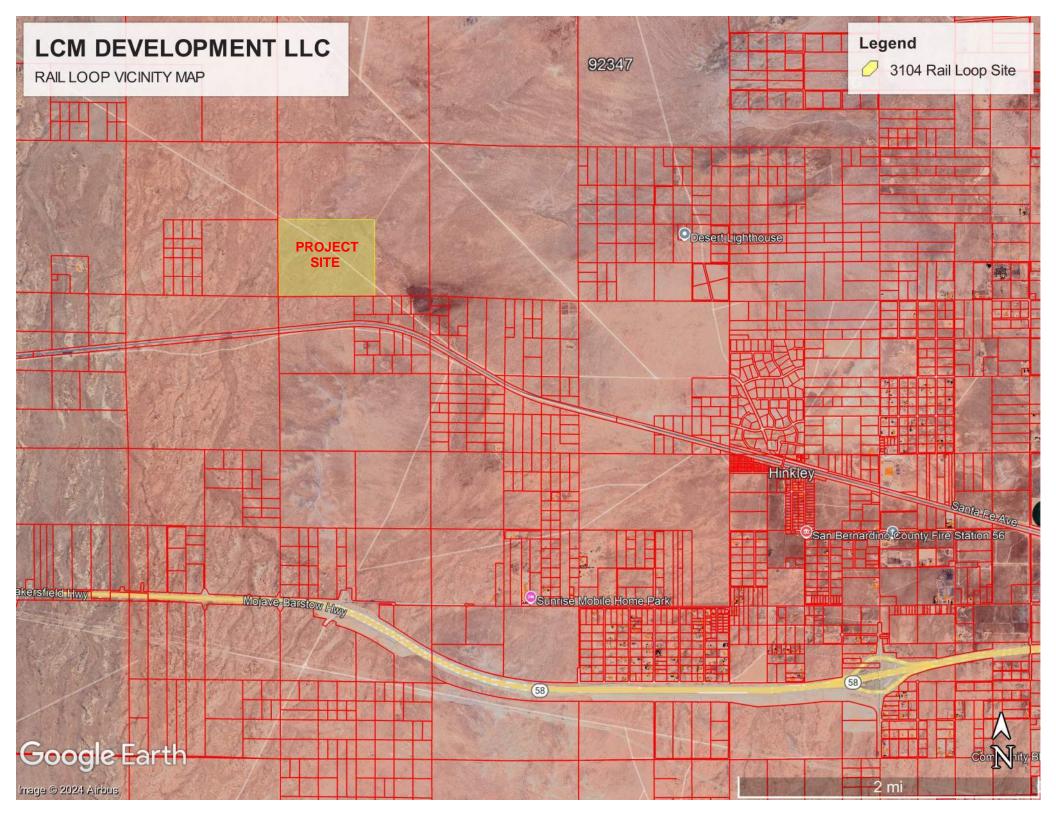
During our field investigation of the site, we observed the existing conditions as stated previously. The calculated 100-year storm runoff flows enter the site along the southern and southwestern boundaries of the project as indicated on the attached exhibits.

The existing drainage flows are captured as they enter the project site along the southern and southwestern project boundaries. Storm runoff crossing the southern project boundary will be directed towards a proposed drainage culvert beneath the loop railbed. This flow will be retained within the rail loop and infiltrated into the ground. The runoff will infiltrate within the area of the crushed ballast and will not flow across the loading areas or equipment storage areas. The blue line streams which flow beneath the BNSF railroad improvements do not enter the project site and will not be disturbed by this project.

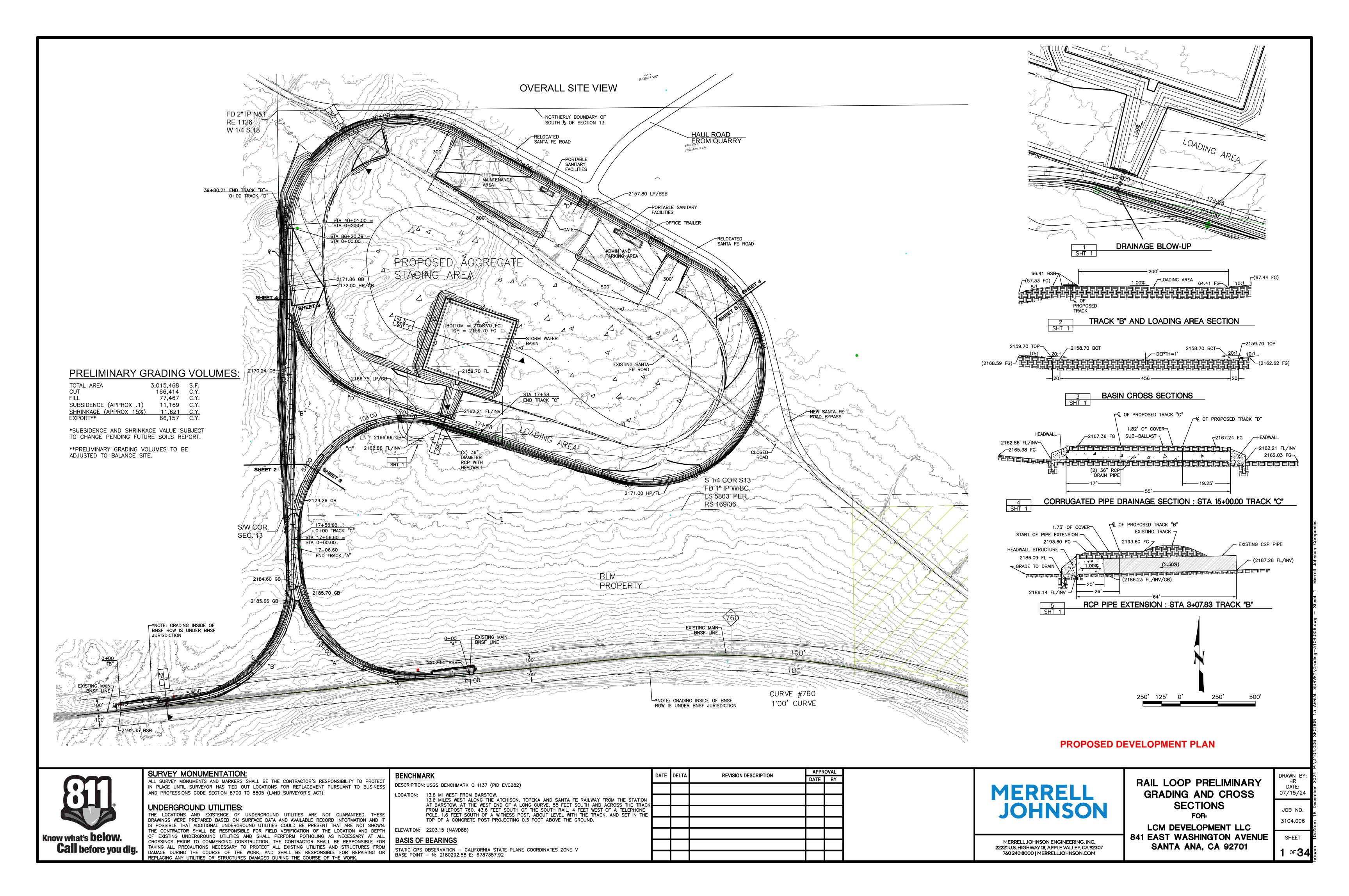
SECTION 2

EXHIBITS

VICINITY MAP



PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT PLAN



SECTION 3

HYDROLOGY CALCULATIONS

OFF-SITE HYDROLOGY CALCULATIONS

RATIONAL CALCULATIONS - Q₁₀₀

San Bernardino County Rational Hydrology Program

(Hydrology Manual Date - August 1986)

```
CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1989-2004 Version 7.0
    Rational Hydrology Study Date: 04/05/24
______
LYNX CAT MINE - RAIL LOOP - MATCON
OFF-SITE TRIBUTARY RUNOFF FLOWS
NODE 31 - NODE 32
100-YEAR STORM EVENT - AMC I
_____
MERRELL JOHNSON ENGINEERING
22221 HIGHWAY 18
APPLE VALLEY, CA 92307
(760) 240-8000 * FAX (760) 240-1400
______
******* Hydrology Study Control Information ********
_____
Rational hydrology study storm event year is 100.0
Computed rainfall intensity:
Storm year = 100.00 1 hour rainfall =
                                   1.110 (In.)
Slope used for rainfall intensity curve b = 0.7000
Soil antecedent moisture condition (AMC) = 1
Process from Point/Station 31.000 to Point/Station
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
UNDEVELOPED (poor cover) subarea
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
SCS curve number for soil(AMC 2) = 86.00
Adjusted SCS curve number for AMC 1 = 71.60
Pervious ratio(Ap) = 1.0000 Max loss rate(Fm) = 0.507(In/Hr)
Initial subarea data:
Initial area flow distance = 915.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 2200.000(Ft.)
Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 2181.000(Ft.)
Difference in elevation = 19.000(Ft.)
Slope = 0.02077 \text{ s(%)} =
                      2.08
TC = k(0.525)*[(length^3)/(elevation change)]^0.2
Initial area time of concentration = 17.429 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.637(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.727
Subarea runoff = 16.868(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                            8.800(Ac.)
Pervious area fraction = 1.000
Initial area Fm value =
                    0.507(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station 32.000 to Point/Station 33.000
**** IRREGULAR CHANNEL FLOW TRAVEL TIME ****
Depth of flow = 0.739(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.667(Ft/s)
    ****** Irregular Channel Data *******
```

```
Information entered for subchannel number 1:
Point number 'X' coordinate 'Y' coordinate
     1
                0.00
                               2.00
     2
                10.00
                                0.00
     3
                20.00
                                0.00
                30.00
                                2.00
Manning's 'N' friction factor = 0.035
______
Sub-Channel flow = 16.868(CFS)
 flow top width = 17.390(Ft.)
velocity= 1.667(Ft/s)
area = 10.121(Sq.Ft)
      ' Froude number = 0.385
Upstream point elevation = 2181.000(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 2176.000(Ft.)
Flow length = 1559.000(Ft.)
Travel time = 15.59 min.
Time of concentration = 33.02 min.
Depth of flow = 0.739(Ft.)
Average velocity = 1.667(Ft/s)
Total irregular channel flow = 16.868(CFS)
Irregular channel normal depth above invert elev. = 0.739(Ft.)
Average velocity of channel(s) = 1.667(Ft/s)
Process from Point/Station 32.000 to Point/Station
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
UNDEVELOPED (poor cover) subarea
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
SCS curve number for soil(AMC 2) = 86.00
Adjusted SCS curve number for AMC 1 = 71.60
Pervious ratio(Ap) = 1.0000 Max loss rate(Fm) = 0.507(In/Hr)
Time of concentration = 33.02 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.686(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area, (total area with modified
rational method)(Q=KCIA) is C = 0.629
Subarea runoff = 28.218(CFS) for 33.700(Ac.)
Total runoff =
              45.086(CFS)
Effective area this stream =
                            42.50(Ac.)
Total Study Area (Main Stream No. 1) = 42.50(Ac.)
Area averaged Fm value = 0.507(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station 33.000 to Point/Station 34.000
**** IRREGULAR CHANNEL FLOW TRAVEL TIME ****
Depth of flow = 1.385(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.923(Ft/s)
   ****** Irregular Channel Data *******
_____
Information entered for subchannel number 1:
              'X' coordinate
Point number
                              'Y' coordinate
     1
                0.00
                                2.00
                10.00
                                0.00
                20.00
                                0.00
                30.00
                                2.00
```

```
Manning's 'N' friction factor = 0.035
Sub-Channel flow = 45.086(CFS)
 ' ' flow top width = 23.853(Ft.)
          velocity= 1.923(Ft/s)
         area = 23.448(Sq.Ft)
      ' Froude number = 0.342
Upstream point elevation = 2176.000(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 2173.000(Ft.)
Flow length = 1408.000(Ft.)
Travel time = 12.20 min.
Time of concentration = 45.22 \text{ min.}
Depth of flow = 1.385(Ft.)
Average velocity = 1.923(Ft/s)
Total irregular channel flow = 45.086(CFS)
Irregular channel normal depth above invert elev. = 1.385(Ft.)
Average velocity of channel(s) = 1.923(Ft/s)
Process from Point/Station 33.000 to Point/Station
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
UNDEVELOPED (poor cover) subarea
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
SCS curve number for soil(AMC 2) = 86.00
Adjusted SCS curve number for AMC 1 = 71.60
                                                  0.507(In/Hr)
Pervious ratio(Ap) = 1.0000 Max loss rate(Fm)=
Time of concentration = 45.22 min.

Rainfall intensity = 1.353(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area, (total area with modified
rational method)(Q=KCIA) is C = 0.562
<u>Subarea runoff = 38.162(CFS) for 66.900(Ac.)</u>
Total runoff = 83.248(CFS)
Effective area this stream =
                               109.40(Ac.)
Total Study Area (Main Stream No. 1) = 109.40(Ac.)
Area averaged Fm value = 0.507(In/Hr)
End of computations, Total Study Area =
                                              109.40 (Ac.)
The following figures may
be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.
Note: These figures do not consider reduced effective area
effects caused by confluences in the rational equation.
Area averaged pervious area fraction(Ap) = 1.000
Area averaged SCS curve number = 86.0
```

San Bernardino County Rational Hydrology Program

(Hydrology Manual Date - August 1986)

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CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1989-2004 Version 7.0
    Rational Hydrology Study Date: 04/05/24
______
LYNX CAT MINE - RAIL LOOP - MATCON
OFF-SITE TRIBUTARY RUNOFF FLOW
NODE 41 - NODE 43
100-YEAR STORM EVENT - AMC I
______
MERRELL JOHNSON ENGINEERING
22221 HIGHWAY 18
APPLE VALLEY, CA 92307
(760) 240-8000 * FAX (760) 240-1400
______
******* Hydrology Study Control Information ********
Rational hydrology study storm event year is 100.0
Computed rainfall intensity:
Storm year = 100.00 1 hour rainfall = 1.110 (In.)
Slope used for rainfall intensity curve b = 0.7000
Soil antecedent moisture condition (AMC) = 1
Process from Point/Station 41.000 to Point/Station
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
UNDEVELOPED (poor cover) subarea
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
SCS curve number for soil(AMC 2) = 86.00
Adjusted SCS curve number for AMC 1 = 71.60
Pervious ratio(Ap) = 1.0000 Max loss rate(Fm) = 0.507(In/Hr)
Initial subarea data:
Initial area flow distance = 360.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 2200.000(Ft.)
Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 2191.000(Ft.)
Difference in elevation = 9.000(Ft.)
Slope = 0.02500 s(%) =
                       2.50
TC = k(0.525)*[(length^3)/(elevation change)]^0.2
Initial area time of concentration = 11.564 min.
Rainfall intensity = 3.515(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.770
Subarea runoff = 9.743(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                           3.600(Ac.)
Pervious area fraction = 1.000
Initial area Fm value = 0.507(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station 42.000 to Point/Station
**** IRREGULAR CHANNEL FLOW TRAVEL TIME ****
```

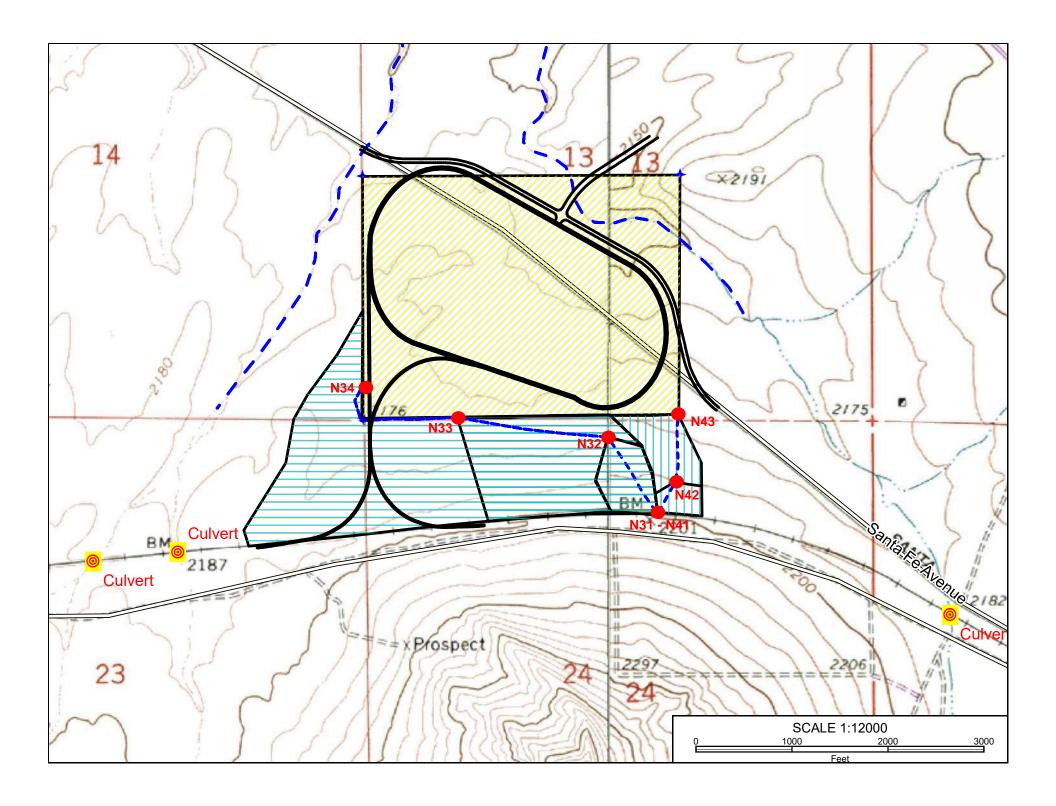
Depth of flow = 0.455(Ft.), Average velocity = 2.940(Ft/s)

****** Irregular Channel Data *********

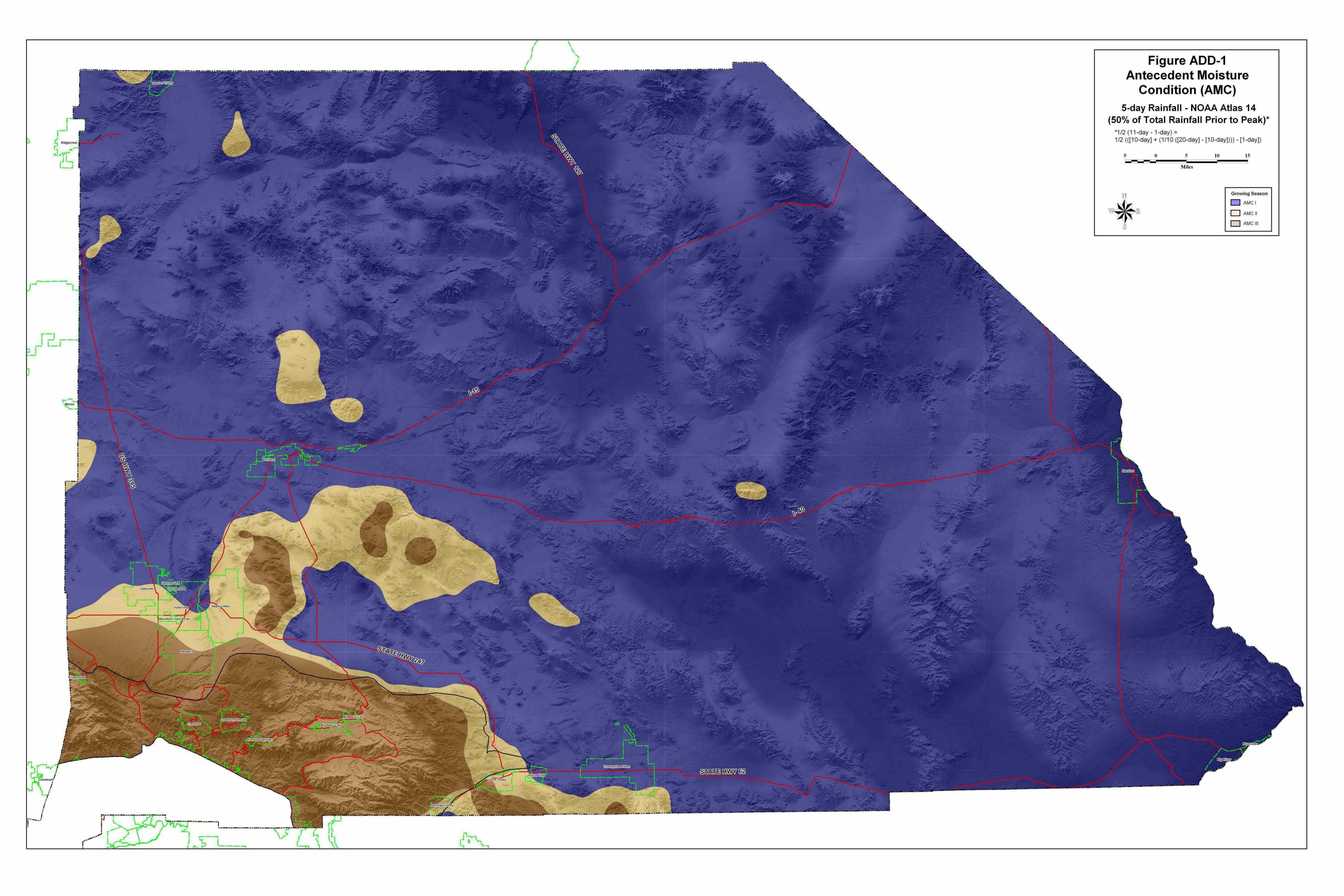
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Information entered for subchannel number 1:
Point number 'X' coordinate 'Y' coordinate
     1
                  0.00
                                   1.00
     2.
                  5.00
                                   0.00
     3
                  10.00
                                   0.00
                  15.00
                                   1.00
Manning's 'N' friction factor = 0.035
______
Sub-Channel flow = 9.743(CFS)
 flow top width = 9.554(Ft.)
          velocity= 2.940(Ft/s)
area = 3.314(Sq.Ft)
          Froude number =
Upstream point elevation = 2191.000(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 2177.000(Ft.)
Flow length = 703.000(Ft.)
Travel time = 3.99 min.
Time of concentration = 15.55 min.
Depth of flow = 0.455(Ft.)
Average velocity = 2.940(Ft/s)
Total irregular channel flow =
                               9.743(CFS)
Irregular channel normal depth above invert elev. = 0.455(Ft.)
Average velocity of channel(s) = 2.940(Ft/s)
Process from Point/Station 42.000 to Point/Station 43.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
UNDEVELOPED (poor cover) subarea
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
SCS curve number for soil(AMC 2) = 86.00
Adjusted SCS curve number for AMC 1 = 71.60
Pervious ratio(Ap) = 1.0000 Max loss rate(Fm) = 0.507(In/Hr)
Time of concentration = 15.55 min.

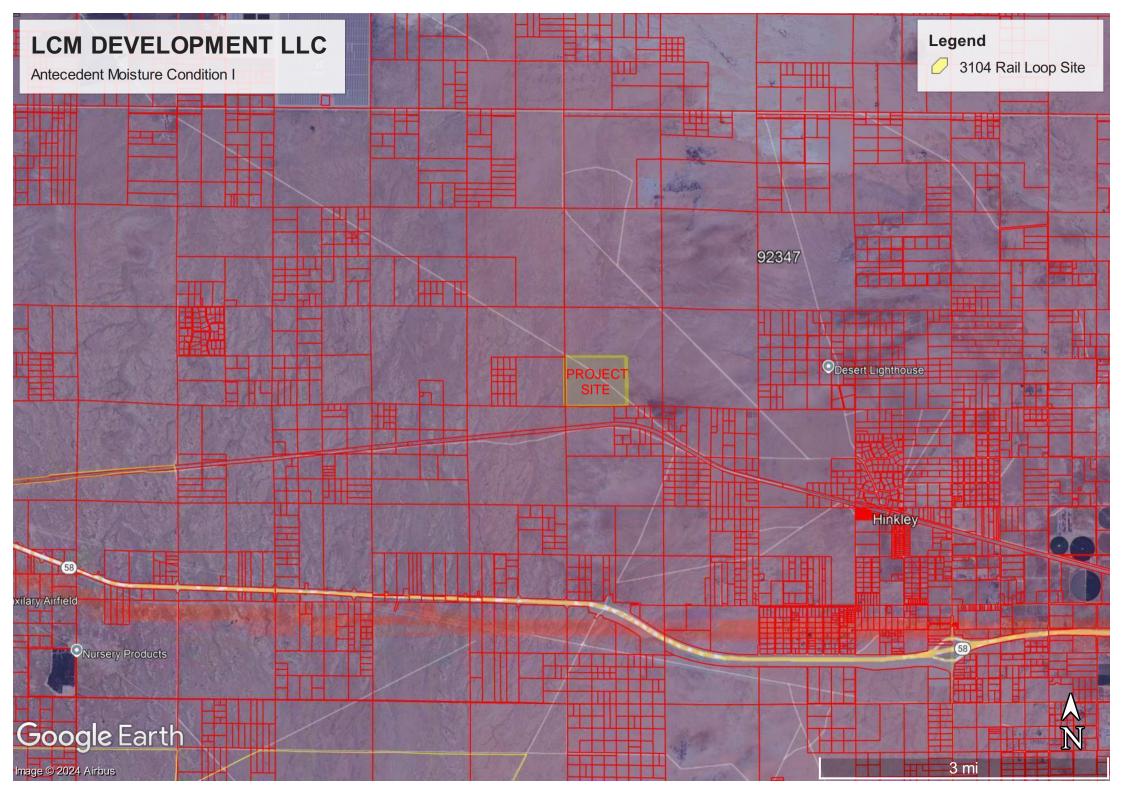
Rainfall intensity = 2.856(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area, (total area with modified
rational method)(Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 17.529(CFS) for
                                   9.300(Ac.)
Total runoff = 27.272(CFS)
Effective area this stream =
                               12.90(Ac.)
Total Study Area (Main Stream No. 1) = 12.90(Ac.)
Area averaged Fm value = 0.507(In/Hr)
End of computations, Total Study Area =
                                              12.90 (Ac.)
The following figures may
be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.
Note: These figures do not consider reduced effective area
effects caused by confluences in the rational equation.
Area averaged pervious area fraction(Ap) = 1.000
Area averaged SCS curve number = 86.0
```

TRIBUTARY DRAINAGE MAP



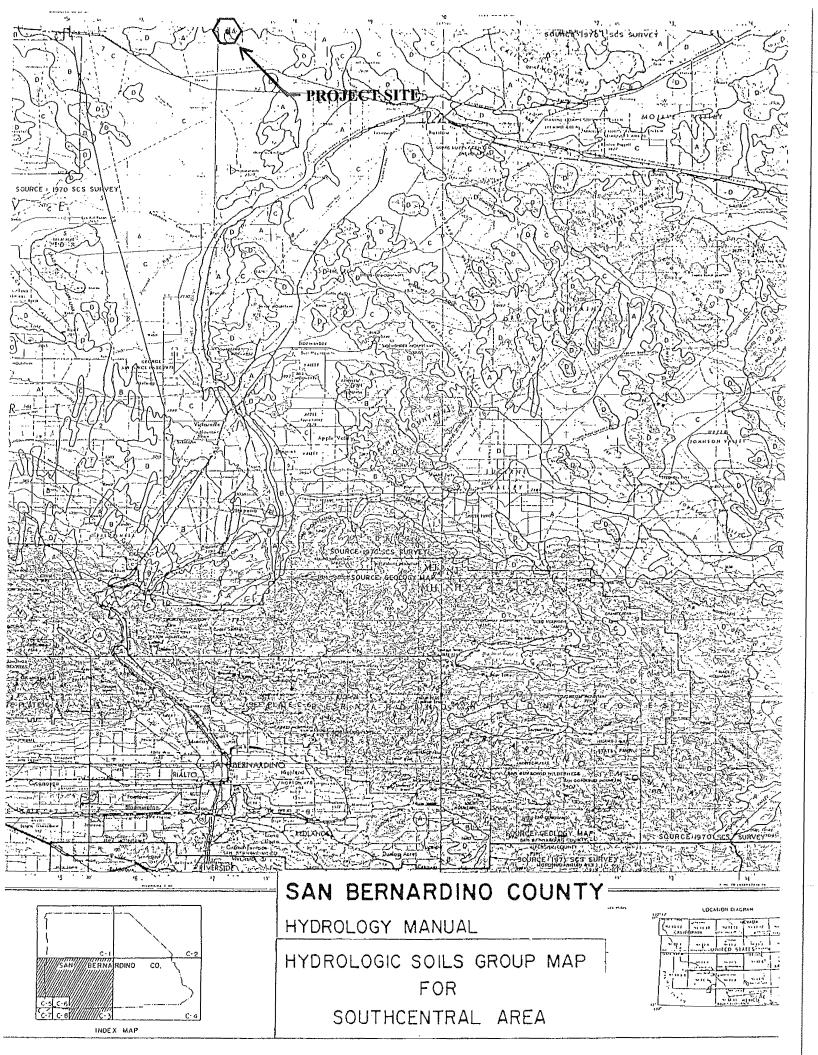






EXHIBITS

SOILS MAP



NOAA ATLAS 14 POINT RAINFALLS



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 6, Version 2 Location name: Hinkley, California, USA* Latitude: 34.9455°, Longitude: -117.2462° Elevation: 2233 ft**

* source: ESRI Maps ** source: USGS



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Sarah Dietz, Sarah Heim, Lillian Hiner, Kazungu Maitaria, Deborah Martin, Sandra Pavlovic, Ishani Roy, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Fenglin Yan, Michael Yekta, Tan Zhao, Geoffrey Bonnin, Daniel Brewer, Li-Chuan Chen, Tye Parzybok, John Yarchoan

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

PF_tabular | PF_graphical | Maps_&_aerials

PF tabular

PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches) ¹									hes) ¹		
Duration		Average recurrence interval (years)									
Duration	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000	
5-min	0.080 (0.065-0.098)	0.113 (0.092-0.139)	0.158 (0.129-0.195)	0.196 (0.159-0.245)	0.251 (0.197-0.324)	0.296 (0.227-0.389)	0.343 (0.257-0.461)	0.393 (0.288-0.544)	0.466 (0.327-0.669)	0.524 (0.356-0.779)	
10-min	0.114 (0.094-0.141)	0.161 (0.132-0.199)	0.226 (0.185-0.280)	0.282 (0.228-0.351)	0.360 (0.283-0.464)	0.424 (0.326-0.557)	0.491 (0.369-0.661)	0.564 (0.412-0.779)	0.667 (0.469-0.959)	0.752 (0.511-1.12)	
15-min	0.138 (0.113-0.170)	0.195 (0.160-0.241)	0.274 (0.223-0.339)	0.340 (0.276-0.425)	0.436 (0.342-0.561)	0.513 (0.394-0.674)	0.594 (0.446-0.799)	0.682 (0.499-0.942)	0.807 (0.567-1.16)	0.909 (0.618-1.35)	
30-min	0.191 (0.157-0.236)	0.270 (0.221-0.334)	0.379 (0.309-0.469)	0.472 (0.382-0.589)	0.604 (0.473-0.778)	0.710 (0.546-0.933)	0.823 (0.618-1.11)	0.945 (0.691-1.30)	1.12 (0.785-1.61)	1.26 (0.856-1.87)	
60-min	0.258 (0.211-0.318)	0.364 (0.298-0.450)	0.510 (0.416-0.632)	0.635 (0.514-0.792)	0.813 (0.637-1.05)	0.956 (0.735-1.26)	1.11 (0.832-1.49)	1.27 (0.930-1.76)	1.50 (1.06-2.16)	1.70 (1.15-2.52)	
2-hr	0.351 (0.287-0.433)	0.478 (0.391-0.590)	0.652 (0.532-0.808)	0.800 (0.648-0.999)	1.01 (0.793-1.30)	1.18 (0.907-1.55)	1.36 (1.02-1.83)	1.55 (1.13-2.14)	1.82 (1.28-2.62)	2.04 (1.39-3.03)	
3-hr	0.412 (0.338-0.509)	0.556 (0.455-0.687)	0.752 (0.614-0.931)	0.919 (0.743-1.15)	1.16 (0.905-1.49)	1.34 (1.03-1.77)	1.54 (1.16-2.08)	1.76 (1.28-2.43)	2.06 (1.44-2.96)	2.30 (1.56-3.42)	
6-hr	0.521 (0.427-0.643)	0.699 (0.571-0.863)	0.940 (0.767-1.16)	1.14 (0.926-1.43)	1.43 (1.12-1.84)	1.66 (1.28-2.18)	1.90 (1.43-2.56)	2.16 (1.58-2.98)	2.51 (1.77-3.61)	2.80 (1.90-4.16)	
12-hr	0.616 (0.504-0.760)	0.837 (0.685-1.03)	1.14 (0.927-1.41)	1.39 (1.12-1.73)	1.74 (1.36-2.24)	2.01 (1.55-2.65)	2.30 (1.73-3.10)	2.61 (1.91-3.60)	3.03 (2.13-4.36)	3.37 (2.29-5.00)	
24-hr	0.772 (0.685-0.888)	1.07 (0.949-1.23)	1.47 (1.30-1.70)	1.80 (1.58-2.10)	2.26 (1.92-2.72)	2.62 (2.17-3.22)	2.99 (2.42-3.76)	3.38 (2.66-4.37)	3.91 (2.95-5.28)	4.33 (3.16-6.06)	
2-day	0.902 (0.801-1.04)	1.26 (1.12-1.45)	1.74 (1.54-2.01)	2.13 (1.87-2.48)	2.67 (2.26-3.21)	3.09 (2.56-3.79)	3.51 (2.85-4.43)	3.96 (3.12-5.13)	4.56 (3.45-6.16)	5.04 (3.68-7.04)	
3-day	0.972 (0.863-1.12)	1.37 (1.21-1.57)	1.88 (1.67-2.18)	2.31 (2.02-2.69)	2.89 (2.45-3.47)	3.33 (2.76-4.09)	3.78 (3.07-4.77)	4.25 (3.35-5.51)	4.89 (3.70-6.61)	5.39 (3.94-7.54)	
4-day	1.02 (0.906-1.17)	1.44 (1.27-1.65)	1.98 (1.75-2.29)	2.43 (2.13-2.82)	3.03 (2.57-3.64)	3.49 (2.90-4.29)	3.96 (3.21-4.98)	4.44 (3.50-5.75)	5.09 (3.85-6.88)	5.60 (4.09-7.83)	
7-day	1.10 (0.981-1.27)	1.55 (1.37-1.78)	2.13 (1.88-2.46)	2.60 (2.28-3.02)	3.22 (2.73-3.88)	3.70 (3.07-4.55)	4.18 (3.39-5.27)	4.68 (3.68-6.06)	5.34 (4.03-7.21)	5.84 (4.26-8.17)	
10-day	1.16 (1.03-1.34)	1.63 (1.45-1.88)	2.24 (1.98-2.58)	2.73 (2.39-3.17)	3.38 (2.87-4.07)	3.88 (3.22-4.76)	4.38 (3.54-5.51)	4.88 (3.84-6.32)	5.56 (4.20-7.51)	6.08 (4.43-8.49)	
20-day	1.34 (1.19-1.54)	1.90 (1.68-2.18)	2.62 (2.32-3.02)	3.20 (2.81-3.72)	3.98 (3.38-4.79)	4.58 (3.80-5.62)	5.17 (4.19-6.52)	5.78 (4.55-7.49)	6.58 (4.98-8.89)	7.20 (5.25-10.1)	
30-day	1.51 (1.34-1.74)	2.15 (1.91-2.48)	2.99 (2.64-3.45)	3.67 (3.22-4.27)	4.59 (3.90-5.53)	5.30 (4.40-6.51)	6.00 (4.86-7.56)	6.73 (5.30-8.71)	7.69 (5.81-10.4)	8.42 (6.15-11.8)	
45-day	1.74 (1.54-2.00)	2.49 (2.20-2.86)	3.48 (3.08-4.02)	4.30 (3.77-5.00)	5.41 (4.59-6.51)	6.27 (5.21-7.71)	7.14 (5.79-9.00)	8.04 (6.33-10.4)	9.24 (6.98-12.5)	10.2 (7.42-14.2)	
60-day	1.91 (1.69-2.19)	2.74 (2.43-3.16)	3.85 (3.41-4.45)	4.77 (4.18-5.55)	6.04 (5.12-7.27)	7.02 (5.83-8.63)	8.04 (6.51-10.1)	9.08 (7.15-11.8)	10.5 (7.93-14.2)	11.6 (8.46-16.2)	

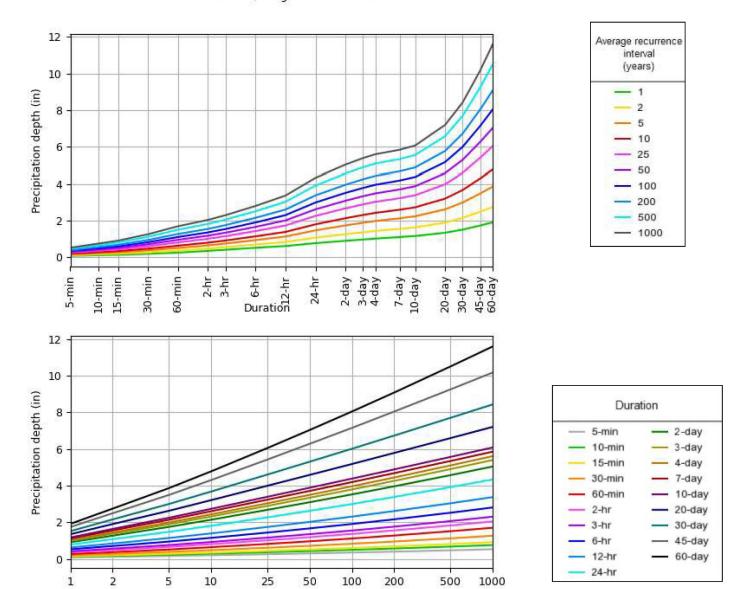
Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

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PDS-based depth-duration-frequency (DDF) curves Latitude: 34.9455°, Longitude: -117.2462°



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 6, Version 2

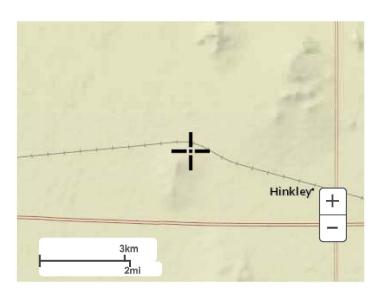
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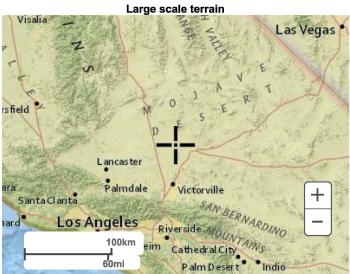
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Average recurrence interval (years)

Maps & aerials

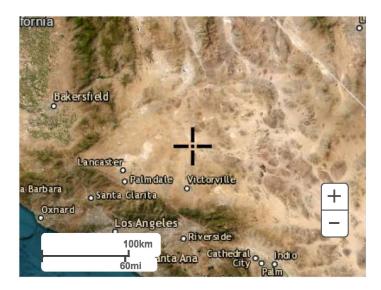
Small scale terrain







Large scale aerial



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